

Converting Colors

HunterLab(86.5938, -16.2211,
-11.7024)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(86.5938, -16.2211,
-11.7024) contains.

HunterLab(86.6496, -16.1300, -11.6247)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(86.6496,
-16.1300, -11.6247)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B3E9FF
RGB	179, 233, 255
RGB Percent	70%, 91%, 100%
CMY	0.2980, 0.0863, 0.0000
CMYK	0.30, 0.09, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	197°, 100%, 85%
HSV	197°, 30%, 100%
XYZ	65.7793, 75.0815, 105.6330
YIQ	219.3620, -39.2460, -4.6060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

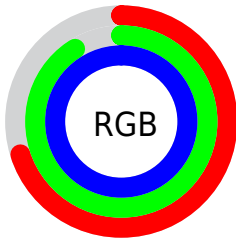
Format	Color
RYB	179, 211, 255
Decimal	11790847
CIELab	89.43, -12.18, -16.21
CIELCh	89, 20.274, 233.087
Yxy	75.0844, 0.2669, 0.3046
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289980927 (0xFFB3E9FF)
YUV	219.3620, 17.5695, -35.3975
Hunter-Lab	86.6496, -16.1300, -11.6247

Details

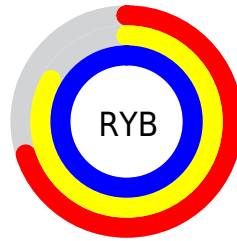
The HunterLab color **86.6496, -16.1300, -11.6247** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **81.4172, 11.5662, 19.3129**, and the grayscale version is **84.2620, -4.4960, 4.5781**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98.2715, -11.4019, 3.2753**, and **63.0925, -13.5764, -11.5666** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **82.6013, -18.4022, -17.3316**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90.9261, -13.1352, -5.8923**.

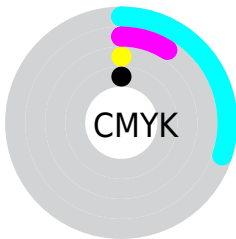
Distribution



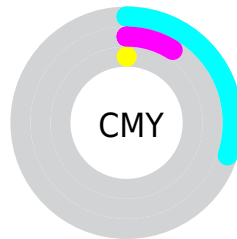
- Red (70%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 86.6496, -16.1300, -11.6247 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 86.6496, -16.1300, -11.6247 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

86.6496, -16.1300,
-11.6247

86.6496, -16.1300,
-11.6247

218.6796,
-27.5371, -9.4670

74.6204, -14.8987,
-11.6245

112.4419,
-18.6067, -11.4562

63.2045, -13.6653,
-11.5674

126.1530,
-19.8537, -11.2987

52.4386, -12.4265,
-11.4469

140.3800,
-21.1088, -11.0954

42.3646, -11.1759,
-11.2583

155.1050,
-22.3731, -10.8486

33.0339, -9.9036,
-10.9973

170.3117,
-23.6475, -10.5605

24.5111, -8.5940,
-10.6625

185.9851,

16.8817, -7.2205,

-24.9327, -10.2331

-10.2620

202.1119,
-26.2291, -9.8681

■ 10.2659, -5.8762,
-9.8430

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 86.6496, -16.1300,
-11.6247

■ 86.6496, -16.1300,
-11.6247

■ 82.6013, -18.4022,
-17.3316

■ 90.9261, -13.1352,
-5.8923

■ 78.7900, -19.8781,
-22.9909

■ 95.4118, -9.4844,
-0.1641

■ 75.2295, -20.4960,
-28.5652

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 71.9292, -20.2069,
-34.0149

■ 68.8933, -18.9880,
-39.3007

■ 66.1175, -16.8577,
-44.3921

■ 63.5688, -13.9499,
-49.3131

■ 63.5195, -13.8893,
-49.4109

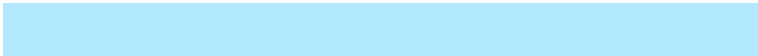
Harmonies

Analogous

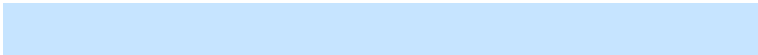
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.6513, -21.9951, -2.9484



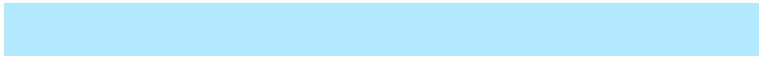
86.6496, -16.1300, -11.6247



86.6513, -6.9835, -15.9971

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.6513, -16.1313, -11.6224



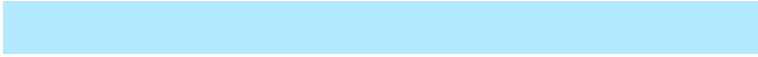
86.6513, 15.7820, 2.4336



86.6513, -12.2093, 20.2282

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86.6496, -16.1300, -11.6247



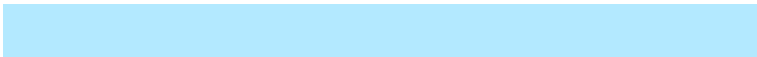
81.4172, 11.5662, 19.3129

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86.6513, -2.2473, 21.3160



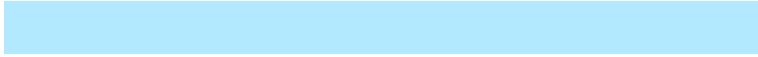
86.6496, -16.1300, -11.6247



86.6513, 14.2244, 11.7398

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



86.6513, -16.1313, -11.6224



86.6513, 11.6712, -7.2943



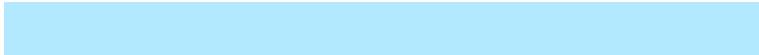
86.6513, 7.5083, 18.3868



86.6513, -19.8052, 15.2217

Rectangle

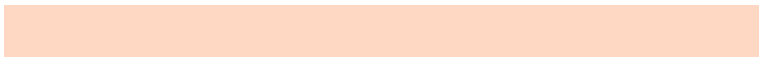
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



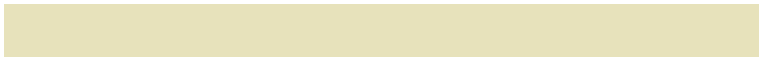
86.6496, -16.1300, -11.6247



86.6513, -0.1278, -15.5660



86.6513, 7.5083, 18.3868



86.6513, -9.0385, 21.0385

Sweetspot

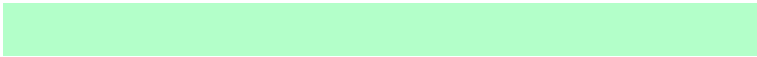
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.6513, -16.1313, -11.6224



95.7805, -9.1651, 0.2950



92.3576, -36.3107, 20.9845



44.0036, -4.5067, -0.2486

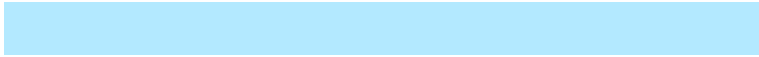
0.0000, NaN, NaN



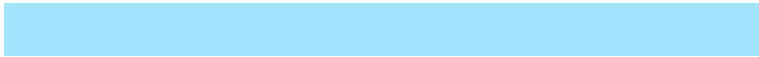
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.6513, -16.1313, -11.6224



84.1140, -17.6286, -15.1648



74.8632, 3.1368, -28.7419



44.2052, -4.3333, 0.0030



46.2080, -10.4765, -35.1403



15.0565, -4.2014, -9.7496

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.0617, 32.0783, -11.2683



72.9046, 39.9763, -14.3236



92.7229, -8.0512, 29.7229



42.6679, 2.9573, -0.0663



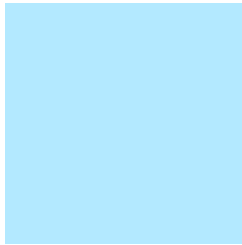
35.8935, 66.4128, -15.1317



11.2845, 21.0244, -5.8815

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.6496, -16.1300, -11.6247 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

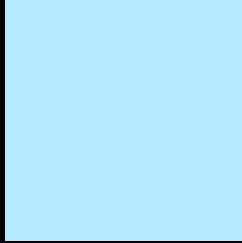
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.6496, -16.1300, -11.6247 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 86.6496, -16.1300, -11.6247 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.6496, -16.1300, -11.6247.



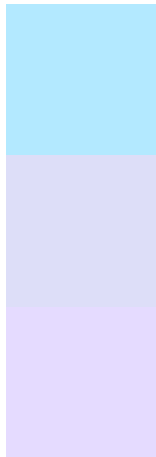
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.6496,

-16.1300, -11.6247.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

86.6496, -16.1300, -11.6247

Protanopia

86.2508, -0.1035, -7.9016

Deuteranopia

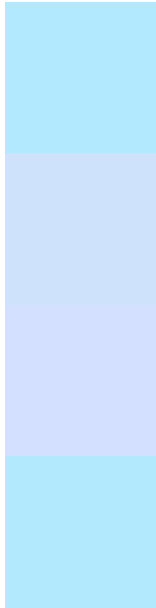
86.3372, 5.4068, -11.6744



Tritanopia

86.4703, -17.0000, -10.1621

Trichromacy



Original Color

86.6496, -16.1300, -11.6247

Protanomaly

86.3015, -6.1153, -9.6296

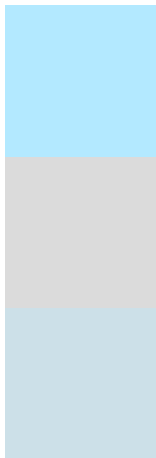
Deuteranomaly

86.2440, -2.7985, -11.9457

Tritanomaly

86.5070, -16.7935, -10.6799

Monochromacy



Original Color

86.6496, -16.1300, -11.6247

Achromatopsia

84.1651, -4.4908, 4.5728

Achromatomaly

84.8380, -9.3431, -1.2406

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 86.6496, -16.1300, -11.6247 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 233, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 233, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 233, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 233, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 86.6496, -16.1300, -11.6247 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 233, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 233, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 233, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 233, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 233, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 233,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 86.6496, -16.1300, -11.6247 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 233, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
233, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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