

Converting Colors

HunterLab(86.6475, -0.0520,
-1.2612)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(86.6475, -0.0520,
-1.2612) contains.

HunterLab(86.5164, 0.0391, -1.5953)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(86.5164, 0.0391,
-1.5953)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E4DEED
RGB	228, 222, 237
RGB Percent	89%, 87%, 93%
CMY	0.1059, 0.1294, 0.0706
CMYK	0.04, 0.06, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	264°, 29%, 90%
HSV	264°, 6%, 93%
XYZ	73.4022, 74.8509, 90.6996
YIQ	225.5040, -1.2390, 5.9370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

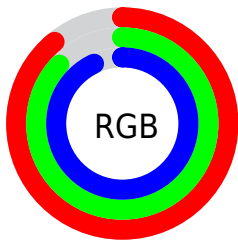
Format	Color
R _Y B	228, 222, 237
Decimal	14999277
CIE Lab	89.32, 4.75, -6.59
CIE LCh	89, 8.124, 305.801
Yxy	74.8541, 0.3072, 0.3132
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293189357 (0xFFE4DEED)
YUV	225.5040, 5.6675, 2.1890
Hunter-Lab	86.5164, 0.0391, -1.5953

Details

The HunterLab color $86.5164, 0.0391, -1.5953$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $91.0127, -9.3792, 10.8953$, and the grayscale version is $86.9699, -4.6405, 4.7252$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $63.1331, 0.8947, -2.1370$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $78.0417, 8.0194, -12.6410$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $95.2701, -7.7505, 8.7067$.

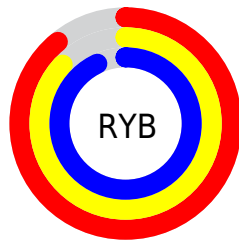
Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (87%)

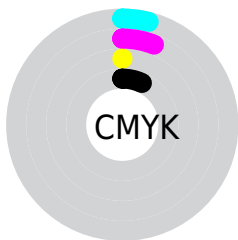
Blue (93%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (93%)

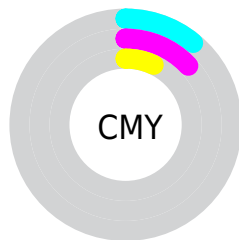


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 86.5164, 0.0391, -1.5953 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 86.5164, 0.0391, -1.5953 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

86.5164, 0.0391,
-1.5953

86.5164, 0.0391,
-1.5953

218.4985, -5.3572,
3.4507

74.4939, 0.4576,
-1.9642

112.2968, -0.9251,
-0.7238

63.0847, 0.8335,
-2.2872

126.0022, -1.4621,
-0.2295

52.3261, 1.1609,
-2.5587

140.2238, -2.0335,
0.3016

42.2599, 1.4348,
-2.7735

154.9435, -2.6379,
0.8675

32.9375, 1.6487,
-2.9250

170.1450, -3.2737,
1.4667

24.4238, 1.7936,
-3.0047

185.8135, -3.9395,

16.8046, 1.8563,

2.0978

-3.0010

201.9355, -4.6344,
2.7595

■ 10.2006, 1.8154,
-2.8986

0.0000, INF, -NF

■ 86.5164, 0.0391,
-1.5953

■ 86.5164, 0.0391,
-1.5953

■ 78.0417, 8.0194,
-12.6410

■ 95.2701, -7.7505,
8.7067

■ 69.8849, 16.2415,
-24.6278

■ 99.4457, -8.3809,
13.3623

■ 62.1069, 24.7426,
-37.7847

■ 54.7871, 33.5338,
-52.3604

■ 48.0335, 42.5470,
-68.5552

■ 41.9913, 51.5327,
-86.3518

■ 36.8459, 59.8955,
-105.1739

■ 32.8043, 66.5524,
-123.4318

■ 30.0205, 70.1605,
-138.5128

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.5182, -3.8231, -3.0854



86.5164, 0.0391, -1.5953



86.5182, 2.6848, 1.5799

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.5182, 0.0371, -1.5938



86.5182, -1.3670, 11.2718



86.5182, -12.3222, 3.9483

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86.5164, 0.0391, -1.5953



91.0127, -9.3792, 10.8953

Split Complementary

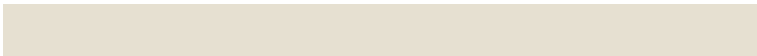
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86.5182, -11.6922, 7.7262



86.5164, 0.0391, -1.5953



86.5182, -5.4160, 11.8403

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



86.5182, 0.0371, -1.5938



86.5182, 1.8636, 8.9808



86.5182, -9.1827, 10.5714



86.5182, -10.9201, 0.2086

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86.5164, 0.0391, -1.5953



86.5182, 3.3792, 4.1587



86.5182, -9.1827, 10.5714



86.5182, -12.3408, 5.2565

Sweetspot

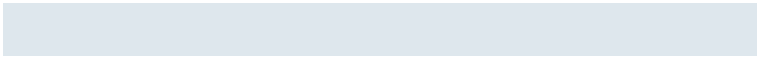
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.5182, 0.0371, -1.5938



98.0883, -3.6382, 3.1917



88.8473, -6.6938, 1.1628



45.4239, -1.7222, 1.5283

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.5182, 0.0371, -1.5938



92.4226, 1.5023, -3.7151



87.2152, 2.4144, -0.6840



38.5264, 1.1558, -2.2824



21.7513, 52.5967, -104.9113



6.5277, 15.1944, -26.9101

Inverse Universe

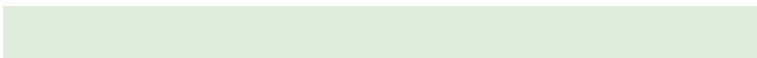
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.1894, 1.9313, 2.3470



93.3561, 4.1176, 1.7927



90.3612, -11.6863, 10.1288



38.9947, 2.4596, 0.4924



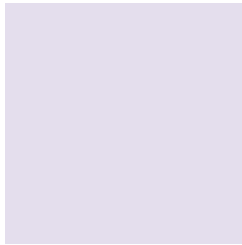
33.0553, 59.9259, -4.3589



9.3643, 17.1583, -2.6434

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.5164, 0.0391, -1.5953 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

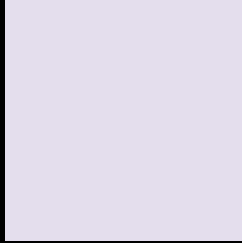
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.5164, 0.0391, -1.5953 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

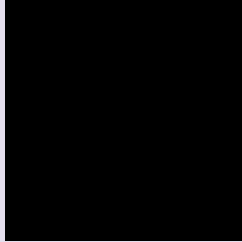
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

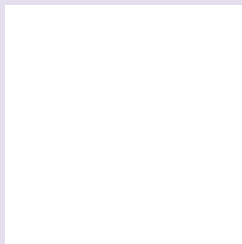
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 86.5164, 0.0391, -1.5953 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.5164, 0.0391, -1.5953.



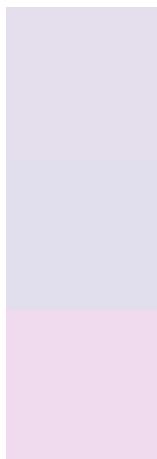
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.5164, 0.0391, -1.5953.

-1.5953.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

86.5164, 0.0391, -1.5953

Protanopia

86.5771, -1.2671, -2.0684

Deuteranopia

86.5108, 6.3252, -2.0188



Tritanopia

86.5844, 0.4074, -2.5589

Trichromacy



Original Color

86.5164, 0.0391, -1.5953

Protanomaly

86.6702, -0.9473, -1.9460

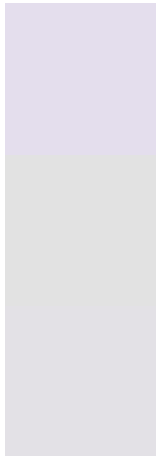
Deuteranomaly

86.4112, 4.4441, -2.1770

Tritanomaly

86.5503, 0.2228, -2.0759

Monochromacy



Original Color

86.5164, 0.0391, -1.5953

Achromatopsia

87.2081, -4.6532, 4.7382

Achromatomaly

87.1174, -3.1137, 2.6770

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 86.5164, 0.0391, -1.5953 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 222, 237)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 222, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 222, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 222, 237) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 86.5164, 0.0391, -1.5953 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 222, 237) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 222, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(228, 222, 237)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 222, 237); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 222, 237);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 222,  
237) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 86.5164, 0.0391, -1.5953 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 222, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228,  
222, 237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor