

Converting Colors

HunterLab(86.6544, -3.2567,
-2.0606)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(86.6544, -3.2567,
-2.0606) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(86.5197, -3.0569,
-2.1719)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DDE0EE
RGB	221, 224, 238
RGB Percent	87%, 88%, 93%
CMY	0.1333, 0.1215, 0.0667
CMYK	0.07, 0.06, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	229°, 33%, 90%
HSV	229°, 7%, 93%
XYZ	71.9071, 74.8566, 91.5479
YIQ	224.6990, -6.2820, 3.7180

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

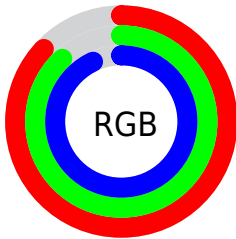
Format	Color
R _Y B	221, 224, 238
Decimal	14541038
CIE Lab	89.33, 1.61, -7.17
CIE LCh	89, 7.347, 282.620
Yxy	74.8598, 0.3017, 0.3141
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292731118 (0xFFDDE0EE)
YUV	224.6990, 6.5574, -3.2440
Hunter-Lab	86.5197, -3.0569, -2.1719

Details

The HunterLab color $86.5197, -3.0569, -2.1719$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $91.0020, -6.2183, 11.3967$, and the grayscale version is $86.6171, -4.6217, 4.7061$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $63.1350, -2.0396, -2.6929$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $78.3911, -0.1015, -12.8777$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $94.8743, -5.6363, 7.8115$.

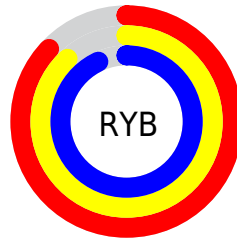
Distribution



Red (87%)

Green (88%)

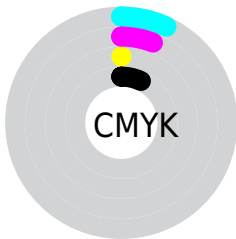
Blue (93%)



Red (87%)

Yellow (88%)

Blue (93%)

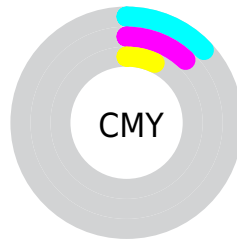


Cyan (7%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (13%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 86.5197, -3.0569, -2.1719 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 86.5197, -3.0569, -2.1719 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 86.5197, -3.0569,
-2.1719

■ 86.5197, -3.0569,
-2.1719

218.5029, -9.5462,
2.6917

■ 74.4970, -2.4920,
-2.5170

112.3004, -4.2947,
-1.3455

■ 63.0877, -1.9621,
-2.8151

126.0059, -4.9604,
-0.8725

■ 52.3289, -1.4717,
-3.0606

140.2276, -5.6562,
-0.3622

■ 42.2625, -1.0241,
-3.2482

154.9475, -6.3806,
0.1836

■ 32.9399, -0.6233,
-3.3710

170.1491, -7.1328,
0.7633

■ 24.4260, -0.2748,
-3.4205

185.8177, -7.9117,

■ 16.8065, 0.0136,

1.3754

-3.3851

201.9398, -8.7164,
2.0186

■ 10.2022, 0.2299,
-3.2504

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 86.5197, -3.0569,
-2.1719

■ 86.5197, -3.0569,
-2.1719

■ 78.3911, -0.1015,
-12.8777

■ 94.8743, -5.6363,
7.8115

■ 70.5150, 3.3335,
-24.5041

■ 99.4752, -8.2185,
12.9395

■ 62.9357, 7.3735,
-37.2947

■ 55.7098, 12.1806,
-51.5473

■ 48.9154, 17.9505,
-67.5908

■ 42.6603, 24.8872,
-85.6996

■ 37.0929, 33.1172,
-105.8602

■ 32.4061, 42.4791,
-127.2837

■ 28.8136, 52.1687,
-147.7801

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.5215, -6.7397, -2.0131



86.5197, -3.0569, -2.1719



86.5215, 0.2574, -0.4290

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.5215, -3.0587, -2.1704



86.5215, 0.6856, 9.1754



86.5215, -11.3178, 6.7103

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86.5197, -3.0569, -2.1719



91.0020, -6.2183, 11.3967

Split Complementary

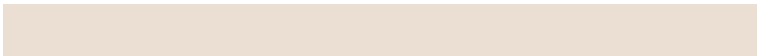
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86.5215, -9.3940, 9.5511



86.5197, -3.0569, -2.1719



86.5215, -2.4821, 10.9327

Square

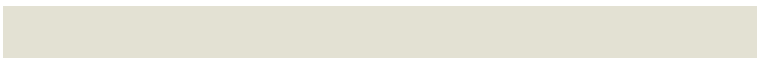
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



86.5215, -3.0587, -2.1704



86.5215, 2.4435, 6.1776



86.5215, -6.1727, 11.0673



86.5215, -11.4662, 3.2154

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86.5197, -3.0569, -2.1719



86.5215, 1.7982, 1.5335



86.5215, -6.1727, 11.0673



86.5215, -10.8588, 7.7697

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.5215, -3.0587, -2.1704



98.1813, -4.7851, 3.2831



90.8372, -10.8528, 4.5394



45.4648, -2.2266, 1.5685

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.5215, -3.0587, -2.1704



91.8887, -2.7375, -4.4709



86.0919, 0.2279, -2.6543



39.5982, -1.1256, -2.1538



21.2148, 39.7623, -112.3521



7.0828, 8.3673, -26.9155

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86.7603, 1.5949, 5.2941



92.2299, 3.6202, 5.8292



91.4495, -9.5331, 11.8325



39.7548, 1.7612, 2.5342



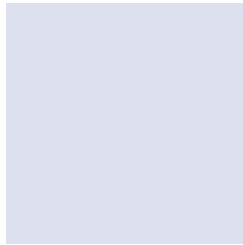
32.0120, 55.1548, 18.1022



9.3025, 16.1642, 4.2011

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.5197, -3.0569, -2.1719 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

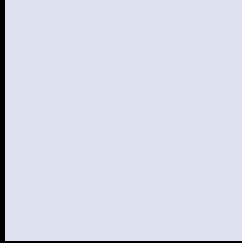
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.5197, -3.0569, -2.1719 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

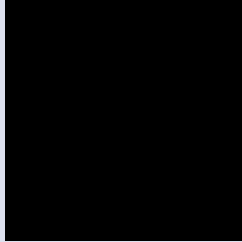
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

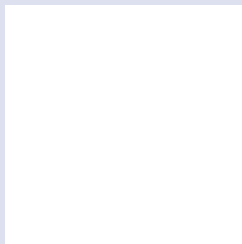
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 86.5197, -3.0569, -2.1719 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.5197, -3.0569, -2.1719.



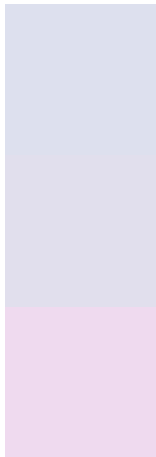
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.5197, -3.0569,

-2.1719.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

86.5197, -3.0569, -2.1719

Protanopia

86.5432, -1.4514, -1.5879

Deuteranopia

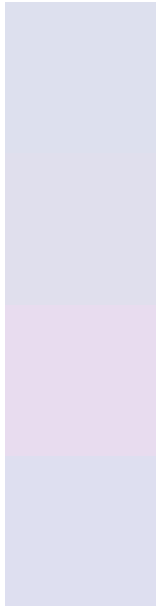
86.4439, 6.1693, -2.6354



Tritanopia

86.4036, -1.6587, -3.8923

Trichromacy



Original Color

86.5197, -3.0569, -2.1719

Protanomaly

86.4506, -1.7704, -1.7094

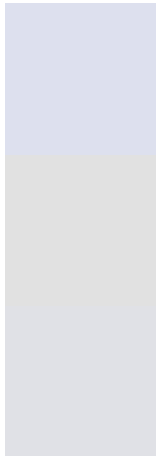
Deuteranomaly

86.3564, 2.7697, -2.8057

Tritanomaly

86.3691, -1.8466, -3.4036

Monochromacy



Original Color

86.5197, -3.0569, -2.1719

Achromatopsia

86.7722, -4.6299, 4.7145

Achromatomaly

86.8394, -4.0774, 2.3257

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 86.5197, -3.0569, -2.1719 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(221, 224, 238)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(221, 224, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(221, 224, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(221, 224, 238) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 86.5197, -3.0569, -2.1719 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(221, 224, 238) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(221, 224, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(221, 224, 238)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(221, 224, 238); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 224, 238);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(221, 224,  
238) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 86.5197, -3.0569, -2.1719 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(221, 224, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(221,  
224, 238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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