

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(86.6716, -1.2303,  
4.6584)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(86.6716, -1.2303, 4.6584)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(86.8144, -1.3007,  
4.8224)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E8DFE1
RGB	232, 223, 225
RGB Percent	91%, 87%, 88%
CMY	0.0902, 0.1255, 0.1176
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.03, 0.09
HSL	347°, 16%, 89%
HSV	347°, 4%, 91%
XYZ	73.2570, 75.3674, 81.9205
YIQ	225.9190, 4.7220, 2.5300

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

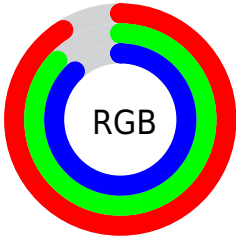
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	232, 223, 225
Decimal	15261665
CIE Lab	89.57, 3.41, 0.11
CIE LCh	90, 3.409, 1.787
Yxy	75.3707, 0.3178, 0.3269
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293451745 (0xFFE8DFE1)
YUV	225.9190, -0.4531, 5.3330
Hunter-Lab	86.8144, -1.3007, 4.8224

# Details

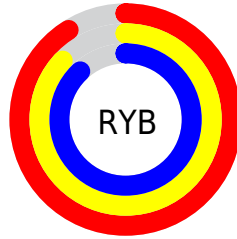
The HunterLab color  $86.8144, -1.3007, 4.8224$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $88.9474, -8.0096, 4.7644$ , and the grayscale version is  $87.1749, -4.6514, 4.7364$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $63.3543, -0.5292, 3.4388$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $79.2950, 7.8800, 4.8849$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $94.6927, -10.2274, 5.0513$ .

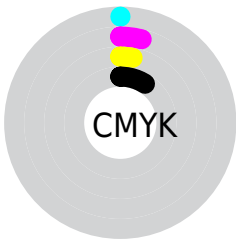
# Distribution



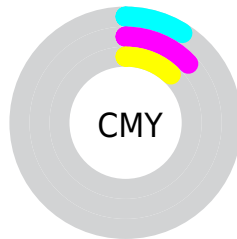
- Red (91%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (12%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 86.8144, -1.3007, 4.8224 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 86.8144, -1.3007, 4.8224 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 86.8144, -1.3007,  
4.8224

■ 86.8144, -1.3007,  
4.8224

218.9042, -7.1695,  
12.0492

■ 74.7774, -0.8192,  
4.1637

112.6219, -2.3834,  
6.2374

■ 63.3530, -0.3768,  
3.5368

126.3400, -2.9760,  
6.9883

■ 52.5782, 0.0210,  
2.9450

140.5738, -3.6011,  
7.7671

■ 42.4947, 0.3699,  
2.3904

155.3054, -4.2574,  
8.5729

■ 33.1536, 0.6644,  
1.8758

170.5183, -4.9434,  
9.4047

■ 24.6195, 0.8971,  
1.4046

186.1979, -5.6582,

■ 16.9774, 1.0570,

10.2619

0.9810

202.3307, -6.4005,  
11.1436

■ 10.3470, 1.1268,  
0.6114

0.0000, INF, NaN

■ 86.8144, -1.3007,  
4.8224

■ 86.8144, -1.3007,  
4.8224

■ 79.2950, 7.8800,  
4.8849

■ 94.6927, -10.2274,  
5.0513

■ 72.1902, 17.3212,  
5.2939

■ 97.9265, -12.6257,  
2.8402

■ 65.5787, 26.9749,  
6.1184

■ 59.5558, 36.7103,  
7.4278

■ 54.2350, 46.2569,  
9.2761

■ 49.7428, 55.1497,  
11.6718

■ 46.2010, 62.7239,  
14.5356

■ 43.6948, 68.2426,  
17.6673

■ 42.2247, 71.2034,  
20.7583

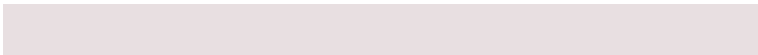
# Harmonies

## Analogous

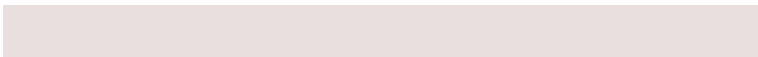
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.8163, -1.7001, 3.2235



86.8144, -1.3007, 4.8224



86.8163, -1.8047, 6.3684

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.8163, -1.3029, 4.8238



86.8163, -6.3741, 7.3604



86.8163, -6.1966, 1.9042

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86.8144, -1.3007, 4.8224



88.9474, -8.0096, 4.7644

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86.8163, -7.4333, 3.0502



86.8144, -1.3007, 4.8224



86.8163, -7.5352, 6.2014

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



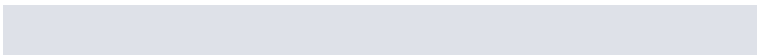
86.8163, -1.3029, 4.8238



86.8163, -4.7402, 7.8151



86.8163, -7.9215, 4.6274



86.8163, -4.5337, 1.5184

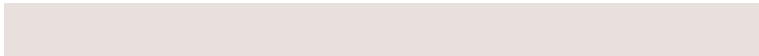


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86.8144, -1.3007, 4.8224



86.8163, -2.5794, 7.1640



86.8163, -7.9215, 4.6274



86.8163, -6.6755, 2.2144

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.8163, -1.3029, 4.8238



99.1245, -4.3327, 5.4123



86.8397, -0.7731, 1.3720



45.8796, -2.0275, 2.5044

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

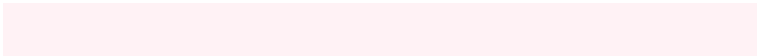


# Same Dimension

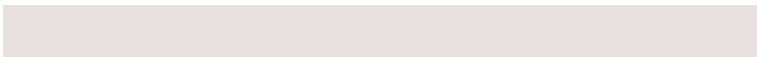
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.8163, -1.3029, 4.8238



95.6612, -0.2914, 5.3602



87.4948, -2.8939, 6.5531



39.2902, 0.1488, 2.2128



31.1043, 53.7510, 16.3473



8.5364, 14.9106, 3.2549



# Inverse Universe

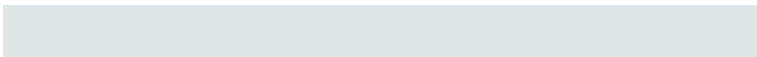
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86.8163, -1.3029, 4.8238



95.6612, -0.2914, 5.3602



88.2540, -6.4225, 2.9799



39.2902, 0.1488, 2.2128



31.1043, 53.7510, 16.3473

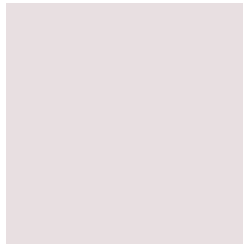


8.5364, 14.9106, 3.2549



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.8144, -1.3007, 4.8224 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

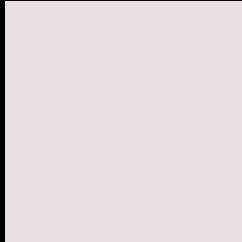
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.8144, -1.3007, 4.8224 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

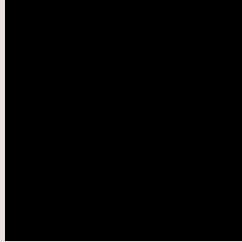
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

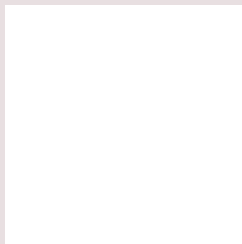
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 86.8144, -1.3007, 4.8224 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.8144, -1.3007, 4.8224.



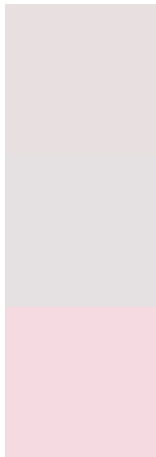
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.8144, -1.3007,

4.8224.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

86.8144, -1.3007, 4.8224

### Protanopia

86.8679, -2.6394, 4.3723

### Deuteranopia

86.7333, 6.2838, 4.3693



## Tritanopia

86.8207, 2.7147, -1.6931

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

86.8144, -1.3007, 4.8224

## Protanomaly

86.9628, -2.3116, 4.4901

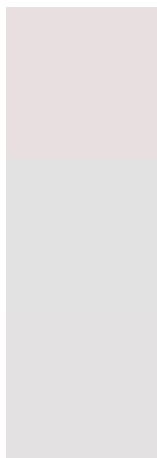
## Deuteranomaly

86.8206, 3.4872, 4.4236

## Tritanomaly

86.8616, 0.9526, 0.9198

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

86.8144, -1.3007, 4.8224

## Achromatopsia

87.2081, -4.6532, 4.7382

## Achromatomaly

87.0835, -3.4863, 4.6119

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 86.8144, -1.3007, 4.8224 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(232, 223, 225)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(232, 223, 225)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 223, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(232, 223, 225) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 86.8144, -1.3007, 4.8224 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(232, 223, 225) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(232, 223, 225) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 223, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(232, 223, 225); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 223, 225);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 223,  
225) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 86.8144, -1.3007, 4.8224 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(232, 223, 225) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(232,  
223, 225) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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