

Converting Colors

HunterLab(86.7086, -2.8413,
-0.7089)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(86.7086, -2.8413,
-0.7089) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(86.6345, -2.7946,
-0.9745)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DFE0EC
RGB	223, 224, 236
RGB Percent	87%, 88%, 93%
CMY	0.1255, 0.1215, 0.0745
CMYK	0.06, 0.05, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	235°, 25%, 90%
HSV	235°, 6%, 93%
XYZ	72.2273, 75.0554, 90.0371
YIQ	225.0690, -4.4480, 3.5200

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

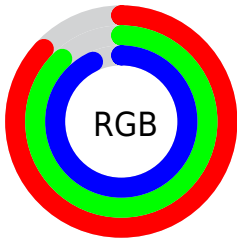
Format	Color
R _Y B	223, 224, 236
Decimal	14672108
CIE Lab	89.42, 1.88, -5.96
CIE LCh	89, 6.254, 287.484
Yxy	75.0586, 0.3043, 0.3163
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292862188 (0xFFDFE0EC)
YUV	225.0690, 5.3890, -1.8145
Hunter-Lab	86.6345, -2.7946, -0.9745

Details

The HunterLab color $86.6345, -2.7946, -0.9745$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $90.8715, -6.5558, 10.3295$, and the grayscale version is $86.7826, -4.6305, 4.7151$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $63.2424, -1.7984, -1.5432$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $77.8466, 1.2876, -12.4498$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $95.6755, -6.5208, 9.6626$.

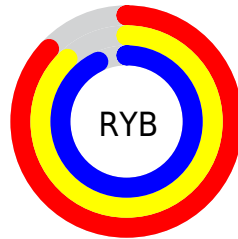
Distribution



Red (87%)

Green (88%)

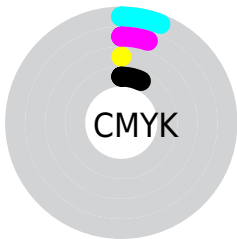
Blue (93%)



Red (87%)

Yellow (88%)

Blue (93%)

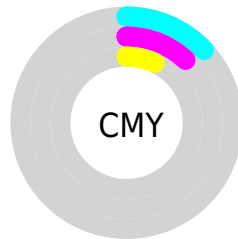


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (13%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 86.6345, -2.7946, -0.9745 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 86.6345, -2.7946, -0.9745 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 86.6345, -2.7946,
-0.9745

■ 86.6345, -2.7946,
-0.9745

218.6593, -9.1908,
4.2719

■ 74.6062, -2.2422,
-1.3698

112.4256, -4.0091,
-0.0534

■ 63.1910, -1.7255,
-1.7202

126.1360, -4.6639,
0.4645

■ 52.4260, -1.2490,
-2.0205

140.3625, -5.3490,
1.0182

■ 42.3529, -0.8162,
-2.2656

155.0869, -6.0633,
1.6062

■ 33.0231, -0.4314,
-2.4492

170.2930, -6.8055,
2.2269

■ 24.5013, -0.1003,
-2.5628

185.9659, -7.5748,

■ 16.8730, 0.1687,

2.8788

-2.5951

202.0921, -8.3702,
3.5609

■ 10.2586, 0.3629,
-2.5301

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 86.6345, -2.7946,
-0.9745

■ 86.6345, -2.7946,
-0.9745

■ 77.8466, 1.2876,
-12.4498

■ 95.6755, -6.5208,
9.6626

■ 69.3449, 5.8378,
-25.0190

■ 99.4164, -8.5424,
13.7829

■ 61.1834, 10.9947,
-39.0088

■ 53.4348, 16.9388,
-54.8309

■ 46.2027, 23.8824,
-72.9487

■ 39.6371, 32.0154,
-93.7206

■ 33.9521, 41.3301,
-116.9369

■ 29.4313, 51.2236,
-140.8360

■ 26.3727, 60.0338,
-161.1076

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.6363, -5.9385, -1.1113



86.6345, -2.7946, -0.9745



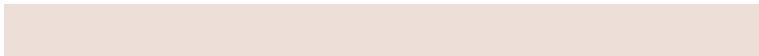
86.6363, -0.1087, 0.7231

Triad

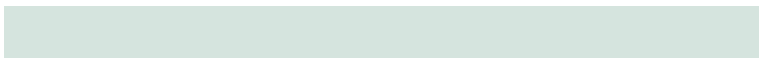
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.6363, -2.7965, -0.9730



86.6363, -0.4879, 8.8640



86.6363, -10.4725, 5.9576

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86.6345, -2.7946, -0.9745



90.8715, -6.5558, 10.3295

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86.6363, -9.0553, 8.5271



86.6345, -2.7946, -0.9745



86.6363, -3.3083, 10.1644

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



86.6363, -2.7965, -0.9730



86.6363, 1.2372, 6.4324



86.6363, -6.4431, 10.0433



86.6363, -10.3399, 2.9634

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86.6345, -2.7946, -0.9745



86.6363, 1.0503, 2.4759



86.6363, -6.4431, 10.0433



86.6363, -10.1624, 6.8975

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.6363, -2.7965, -0.9730



98.0201, -4.5163, 3.0945



90.3733, -9.2053, 4.0029



45.3939, -2.1084, 1.4856

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.6363, -2.7965, -0.9730



93.1168, -2.4029, -2.9033



86.8303, -0.5349, -0.6927



39.1599, -0.9175, -1.5070



19.1094, 45.9786, -123.1397



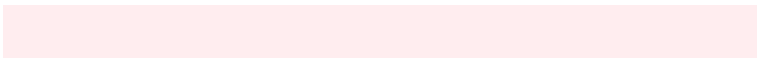
5.9319, 10.6895, -30.4898

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.1731, -0.1342, 5.7465



93.8719, 1.3052, 6.5192



90.6860, -8.8386, 10.0820



39.5051, 0.7712, 2.7945



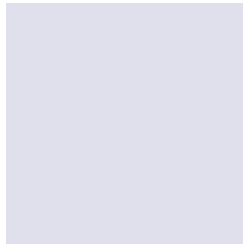
31.4029, 53.8792, 19.5108



8.8371, 15.2362, 4.9157

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.6345, -2.7946, -0.9745 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

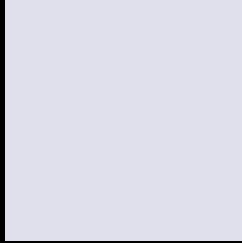
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.6345, -2.7946, -0.9745 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

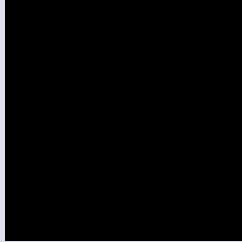
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

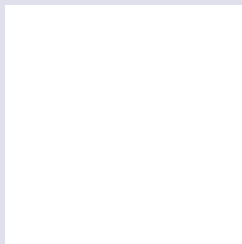
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 86.6345, -2.7946, -0.9745 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.6345, -2.7946, -0.9745.



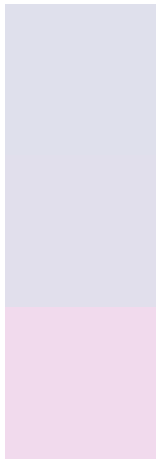
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.6345, -2.7946, -0.9745.

-0.9745.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

86.6345, -2.7946, -0.9745

Protanopia

86.5096, -1.6347, -1.1097

Deuteranopia

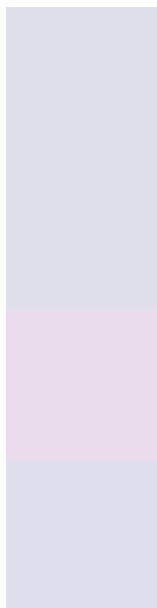
86.5783, 6.4838, -1.4052



Tritanopia

86.5873, -1.0269, -3.6470

Trichromacy



Original Color

86.6345, -2.7946, -0.9745

Protanomaly

86.4169, -1.9541, -1.2307

Deuteranomaly

86.4831, 3.0634, -1.5841

Tritanomaly

86.5186, -1.4004, -2.6736

Monochromacy



Original Color

86.6345, -2.7946, -0.9745

Achromatopsia

86.7722, -4.6299, 4.7145

Achromatomaly

86.8072, -4.2540, 2.7852

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 86.6345, -2.7946, -0.9745 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 224, 236)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 224, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 224, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 224, 236) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 86.6345, -2.7946, -0.9745 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 224, 236) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 224, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 224, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(223, 224, 236); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 224, 236);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 224,  
236) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 86.6345, -2.7946, -0.9745 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 224, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223,  
224, 236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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