

Converting Colors

HunterLab(86.7537, -41.1892,
37.7676)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(86.7537, -41.1892,
37.7676) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(86.7476,
-41.2092, 37.8119)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ADF484
RGB	173, 244, 132
RGB Percent	68%, 96%, 52%
CMY	0.3216, 0.0431, 0.4823
CMYK	0.29, 0.00, 0.46, 0.04
HSL	98°, 84%, 74%
HSV	98°, 46%, 96%
XYZ	53.7491, 75.2515, 33.5219
YIQ	210.0030, -6.3640, -49.8840

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

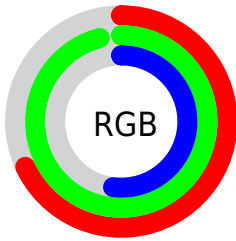
Format	Color
RYB	132, 244, 203
Decimal	11400324
CIELab	89.51, -41.32, 46.87
CIELCh	90, 62.479, 131.397
Yxy	75.2547, 0.3307, 0.4630
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289590404 (0xFFADF484)
YUV	210.0030, -38.4555, -32.4516
Hunter-Lab	86.7476, -41.2092, 37.8119

Details

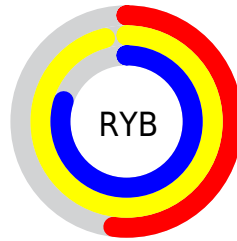
The HunterLab color **86.7476, -41.2092, 37.8119** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFF99**. A complement of this color would be **59.7770, 42.3430, -47.3191**, and the grayscale version is **80.4444, -4.2923, 4.3707**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.9671, -23.4479, 29.6781**, and **63.1678, -35.5061, 31.1786** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85.4402, -47.0537, 42.0558**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88.2437, -34.5912, 32.5166**.

Distribution



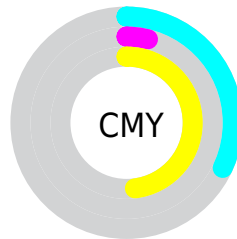
- Red (68%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (52%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (4%)





- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 86.7476, -41.2092, 37.8119 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 86.7476, -41.2092, 37.8119 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 86.7476, -41.2092,
37.8119


 86.7476, -41.2092,
37.8119


218.8133,
-63.6550, 63.0187

 74.7138, -38.4519,
34.6403


 112.5490,
-46.5034, 43.8488

 63.2929, -35.5942,
31.3374


 126.2643,
-49.0617, 46.7443

 52.5217, -32.6132,
27.8763


 140.4954,
-51.5740, 49.5741

 42.4420, -29.4744,
24.2223

155.2243,
-54.0473, 52.3477

 33.1051, -26.1280,
20.3334

170.4347,
-56.4876, 55.0730

 24.5756, -22.4977,
16.5257

186.1118,

 16.9387, -18.4592,

-58.8996, 57.7563

11.8571

202.2421,
-61.2876, 60.4033

■ 10.3142, -18.0498,
7.2199

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 86.7476, -41.2092,
37.8119

■ 86.7476, -41.2092,
37.8119

■ 85.4402, -47.0537,
42.0558

■ 88.2437, -34.5912,
32.5166

■ 84.3139, -52.0954,
45.2583

■ 89.9229, -27.2311,
26.1789

■ 83.3661, -56.3292,
47.4601

■ 91.7853, -19.1774,
18.8289

■ 82.5892, -59.7694,
48.7364

■ 93.8278, -10.4834,
10.5102

■ 81.9722, -62.4575,
49.2098

■ 96.0460, -1.2061,
1.2766

■ 81.7581, -63.3822,
49.2694

■ 96.5321, 0.5269,
1.3838

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.7495, -16.2975, 44.3794



86.7476, -41.2092, 37.8119



86.7495, -54.9614, 21.1860

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.7495, -41.2111, 37.8126



86.7495, -23.1477, -69.6970



86.7495, 63.1948, 15.3681

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86.7476, -41.2092, 37.8119



59.7770, 42.3430, -47.3191

Split Complementary

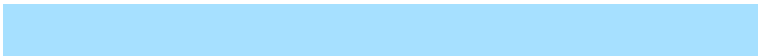
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86.7495, 60.6646, -15.7754



86.7476, -41.2092, 37.8119



86.7495, 7.6815, -73.0224

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



86.7495, -41.2111, 37.8126



86.7495, -45.6070, -42.7566



86.7495, 39.2321, -50.6716



86.7495, 45.7184, 34.8689

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86.7476, -41.2092, 37.8119



86.7495, -57.3258, 3.3031



86.7495, 39.2321, -50.6716



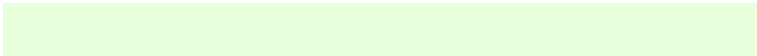
86.7495, 64.7152, 6.1173

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.7495, -41.2111, 37.8126



96.8853, -18.5035, 18.2373



79.7386, 1.0757, 32.9210



44.6166, -9.4477, 9.2704

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.7495, -41.2111, 37.8126



89.9269, -49.0252, 43.9101



84.6846, -48.8566, 32.0190



43.3212, -6.3632, 6.3308



60.3448, -46.4905, 36.3703



18.0462, -13.1306, 10.8901

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.7770, 42.3430, -47.3191



56.7576, 54.6565, -62.8982



64.3416, 53.0652, -27.7809



40.5554, 2.0523, -2.0823



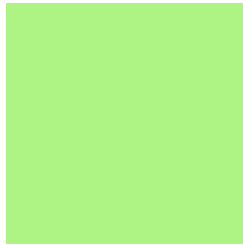
27.2101, 59.6501, -83.5938



8.4192, 18.1256, -23.2992

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.7476, -41.2092, 37.8119 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.7476, -41.2092, 37.8119 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

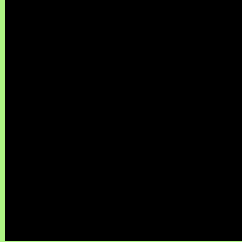
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 86.7476, -41.2092, 37.8119 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.7476, -41.2092, 37.8119.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.7476, -41.2092, 37.8119.

-41.2092, 37.8119.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

86.7476, -41.2092, 37.8119

Protanopia

86.2466, -9.4436, 39.6416

Deuteranopia

86.3350, 2.2164, 25.0306



Tritanopia

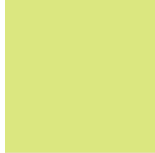
86.6416, -13.2578, -8.1738

Trichromacy



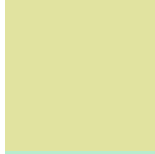
Original Color

86.7476, -41.2092, 37.8119



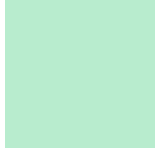
Protanomaly

85.8897, -22.1091, 38.4403



Deuteranomaly

85.7227, -14.9454, 29.5576



Tritanomaly

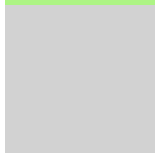
86.3930, -25.3532, 12.7173

Monochromacy



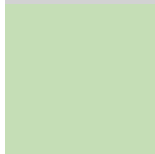
Original Color

86.7476, -41.2092, 37.8119



Achromatopsia

80.2795, -4.2835, 4.3617



Achromatomaly

82.1525, -18.6343, 18.3559

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 86.7476, -41.2092, 37.8119 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 244, 132)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 244, 132)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 244, 132) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 244, 132) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 86.7476, -41.2092, 37.8119 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 244, 132) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 244, 132) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 244, 132)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 244, 132); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 244, 132);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 244,  
132) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 86.7476, -41.2092, 37.8119 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 244, 132) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
244, 132) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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