

Converting Colors

HunterLab(86.7741, 9.9370,
-10.9987)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(86.7741, 9.9370,
-10.9987) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(86.8165, 10.0848,
-10.9385)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F0D9FF
RGB	240, 217, 255
RGB Percent	94%, 85%, 100%
CMY	0.0588, 0.1490, 0.0000
CMYK	0.06, 0.15, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	276°, 100%, 93%
HSV	276°, 15%, 100%
XYZ	78.7981, 75.3710, 105.0028
YIQ	228.2090, 1.5100, 16.6940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

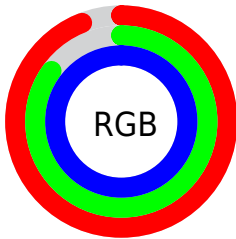
Format	Color
R _Y B	240, 217, 255
Decimal	15784447
CIE Lab	89.57, 14.68, -15.58
CIE LCh	90, 21.407, 313.291
Yxy	75.3742, 0.3040, 0.2908
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293974527 (0xFFFF0D9FF)
YUV	228.2090, 13.2080, 10.3407
Hunter-Lab	86.8165, 10.0848, -10.9385

Details

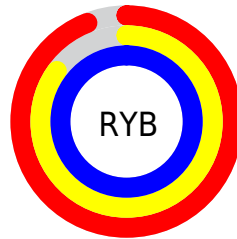
The HunterLab color $86.8165, 10.0848, -10.9385$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCFF`. A complement of this color would be $96.7918, -18.9663, 19.0969$, and the grayscale version is $88.1174, -4.7017, 4.7876$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $63.3311, 10.0304, -10.8171$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $78.4314, 20.6994, -22.8270$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $95.5835, -0.3161, 0.2079$.

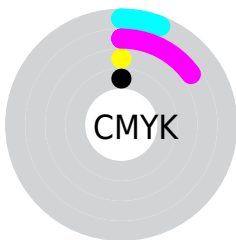
Distribution



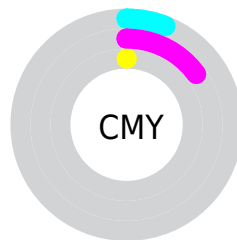
- Red (94%)
- Green (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 86.8165, 10.0848, -10.9385 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 86.8165, 10.0848, -10.9385 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

86.8165, 10.0848,
-10.9385

86.8165, 10.0848,
-10.9385

218.9070, 8.0496,
-8.5954

74.7793, 10.0578,
-10.9612

112.6241, 9.9566,
-10.7253

63.3548, 9.9673,
-10.9276

126.3423, 9.8148,
-10.5463

52.5799, 9.8038,
-10.8310

140.5762, 9.6252,
-10.3220

42.4962, 9.5580,
-10.6664

155.3078, 9.3907,
-10.0547

33.1551, 9.2180,
-10.4292

170.5208, 9.1138,
-9.7466

24.6208, 8.7677,
-10.1165

186.2005, 8.7967,

16.9786, 8.1848,

-9.3996

-9.7338

202.3334, 8.4414,
-9.0153

10.3480, 7.4384,
-9.3196

0.0000, INF, -NF

86.8165, 10.0848,
-10.9385

86.8165, 10.0848,
-10.9385

78.4314, 20.6994,
-22.8270

95.5835, -0.3161,
0.2079

70.4910, 31.5203,
-35.5865

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

63.0850, 42.4652,
-49.3003

56.3259, 53.3255,
-63.9451

■ 50.3529, 63.6713,
-79.2576

■ 45.3250, 72.7543,
-94.5545

■ 41.3929, 79.5197,
-108.6153

■ 38.6362, 82.9365,
-119.9230

■ 37.5813, 83.5702,
-124.6372

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.8183, 0.1940, -16.8072



86.8165, 10.0848, -10.9385



86.8183, 16.1844, -1.1545

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.8183, 10.0825, -10.9360



86.8183, 1.4212, 21.6129



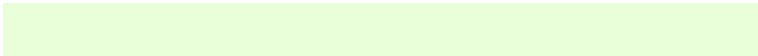
86.8183, -23.9567, 0.0555

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86.8165, 10.0848, -10.9385



96.7918, -18.9663, 19.0969

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86.8183, -23.6642, 10.2214



86.8165, 10.0848, -10.9385



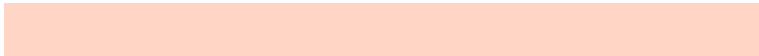
86.8183, -9.3647, 21.8528

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



86.8183, 10.0825, -10.9360



86.8183, 11.0187, 17.2217



86.8183, -18.4369, 17.9230



86.8183, -19.2565, -9.9574

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86.8165, 10.0848, -10.9385



86.8183, 17.1073, 5.8533



86.8183, -18.4369, 17.9230



86.8183, -24.4319, 3.5829

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.8183, 10.0825, -10.9360



96.3889, -1.2414, 1.1783



89.3310, -5.3048, -7.8397



44.2823, -0.2165, 0.1700

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.8183, 10.0825, -10.9360



84.1749, 13.3504, -14.5367



88.2419, 14.4817, -6.8062



42.3340, 2.0568, -2.2387



27.3293, 60.6060, -89.3457



8.8916, 19.3582, -26.2775

Inverse Universe

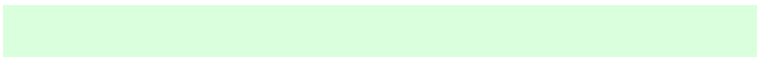
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.5871, 11.0245, 2.4827



85.1282, 14.4957, 1.9839



95.6465, -22.9301, 16.2156



42.5510, 2.3303, 1.5971



34.0934, 59.8959, 10.3257



10.7356, 19.0454, 1.8177

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.8165, 10.0848, -10.9385 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

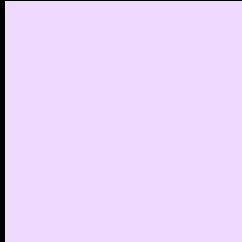
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.8165, 10.0848, -10.9385 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

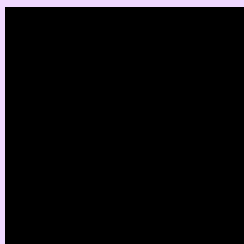
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 86.8165, 10.0848, -10.9385 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.8165, 10.0848, -10.9385.



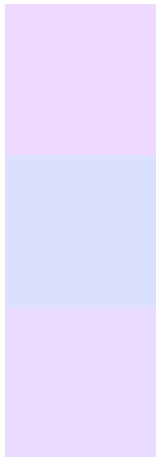
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.8165, 10.0848, -10.9385.

-10.9385.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

86.8165, 10.0848, -10.9385

Protanopia

87.0327, -0.0838, -10.8227

Deuteranopia

86.7218, 6.6972, -11.1267



Tritanopia

86.7787, 4.0636, -1.1974

Trichromacy



Original Color

86.8165, 10.0848, -10.9385

Protanomaly

86.7547, 3.6973, -11.1344

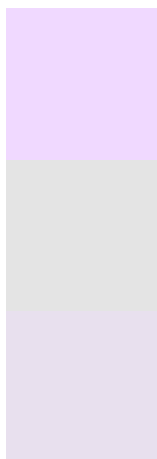
Deuteranomaly

86.7154, 8.2178, -11.1087

Tritanomaly

86.8170, 6.2228, -4.8455

Monochromacy



Original Color

86.8165, 10.0848, -10.9385

Achromatopsia

88.0808, -4.6998, 4.7856

Achromatomaly

87.5444, 0.4681, -0.8299

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 86.8165, 10.0848, -10.9385 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(240, 217, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 217, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 217, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 217, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 86.8165, 10.0848, -10.9385 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 217, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 217, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(240, 217, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 217, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 217, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 217,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 86.8165, 10.0848, -10.9385 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 217, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240,  
217, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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