

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(86.8466, -6.5448,  
-2.3529)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(86.8466, -6.5448,  
-2.3529) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(86.8713, -6.5875,  
-2.3198)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D6E3EF
RGB	214, 227, 239
RGB Percent	84%, 89%, 94%
CMY	0.1608, 0.1098, 0.0627
CMYK	0.10, 0.05, 0.00, 0.06
HSL	209°, 44%, 89%
HSV	209°, 10%, 94%
XYZ	70.7805, 75.4662, 92.4972
YIQ	224.4810, -11.6000, 0.9760

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

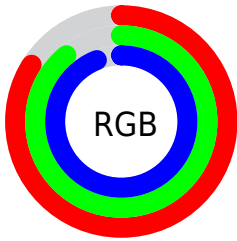
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	214, 223, 239
Decimal	14083055
CIE Lab	89.61, -2.02, -7.33
CIE LCh	90, 7.600, 254.620
Yxy	75.4694, 0.2965, 0.3161
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292273135 (0xFFD6E3EF)
YUV	224.4810, 7.1579, -9.1918
Hunter-Lab	86.8713, -6.5875, -2.3198

# Details

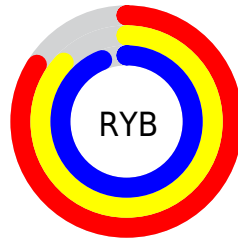
The HunterLab color  $86.8713, -6.5875, -2.3198$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $88.0897, -2.3213, 11.4198$ , and the grayscale version is  $86.5212, -4.6166, 4.7009$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $63.4782, -5.3623, -2.8228$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $81.2814, -7.6715, -9.6170$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $92.6378, -5.0388, 4.7292$ .

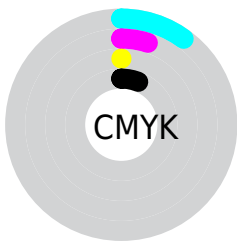
# Distribution



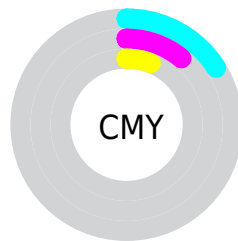
- Red (84%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (94%)



- Red (84%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (6%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 86.8713, -6.5875, -2.3198 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 86.8713, -6.5875, -2.3198 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 86.8713, -6.5875,  
-2.3198

■ 86.8713, -6.5875,  
-2.3198

218.9816,  
-14.3542, 2.5032

■ 74.8315, -5.8506,  
-2.6598

112.6839, -8.1459,  
-1.5033

■ 63.4042, -5.1396,  
-2.9526

126.4044, -8.9623,  
-1.0350

■ 52.6263, -4.4572,  
-3.1926

140.6406, -9.8033,  
-0.5293

■ 42.5395, -3.8043,  
-3.3745

155.3744,  
-10.6681, 0.0120

■ 33.1948, -3.1818,  
-3.4915

170.5895,  
-11.5562, 0.5873

■ 24.6568, -2.5905,  
-3.5351

186.2712,

■ 17.0104, -2.0306,

-12.4669, 1.1951

-3.4938

202.4061,  
-13.3998, 1.8341

■ 10.3750, -1.5008,  
-3.3536

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 86.8713, -6.5875,  
-2.3198

■ 86.8713, -6.5875,  
-2.3198

■ 81.2814, -7.6715,  
-9.6170

■ 92.6378, -5.0388,  
4.7292

■ 75.8805, -8.2154,  
-17.1944

■ 97.8916, -5.3987,  
10.7653

■ 70.6910, -8.1401,  
-25.0751

■ 99.5048, -8.0554,  
12.5147

■ 65.7360, -7.3552,  
-33.2773

■ 61.0416, -5.7639,  
-41.8066

■ 56.6355, -3.2707,  
-50.6487

■ 52.5459, 0.2042,  
-59.7616

■ 48.7963, 4.6989,  
-69.0737

■ 45.5257, 9.8319,  
-78.1275

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.8731, -9.8322, -0.3499



86.8713, -6.5875, -2.3198



86.8731, -2.7688, -2.3444

# Triad

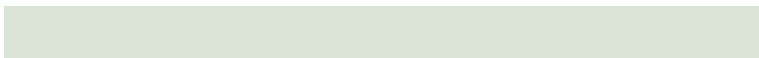
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.8731, -6.5892, -2.3183



86.8731, 2.6191, 6.4826



86.8731, -9.7646, 9.5801

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86.8713, -6.5875, -2.3198



88.0897, -2.3213, 11.4198

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86.8731, -6.4955, 11.2530



86.8713, -6.5875, -2.3198



86.8731, 0.6772, 9.5181

# Square

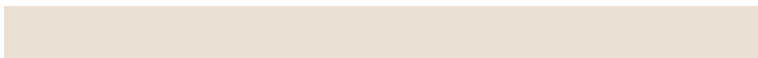
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



86.8731, -6.5892, -2.3183



86.8731, 2.5930, 2.8456



86.8731, -2.6734, 11.2308



86.8731, -11.6438, 6.5707



# Rectangle

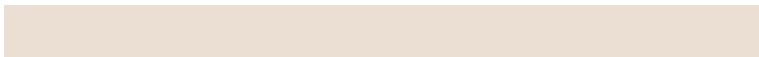
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86.8713, -6.5875, -2.3198



86.8731, -0.4060, -1.2510



86.8731, -2.6734, 11.2308



86.8731, -8.7944, 10.3115

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.8731, -6.5892, -2.3183



98.1111, -5.8932, 3.1796



90.2791, -15.0741, 8.2687



45.1584, -2.7922, 1.1906

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

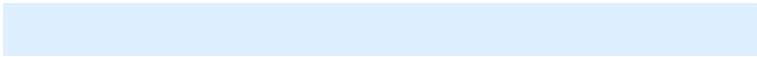


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.8731, -6.5892, -2.3183



91.9310, -7.4446, -4.4992



83.0936, -0.2596, -7.0715



40.7296, -3.0078, -0.7525



34.2317, 6.5629, -56.9540



10.8354, 0.1482, -13.8633



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84.8477, 6.1644, 1.6056



89.2527, 9.6331, 0.8710



91.8984, -8.6217, 15.4311



39.8700, 2.3803, 0.8918



33.1305, 59.2581, 1.8648

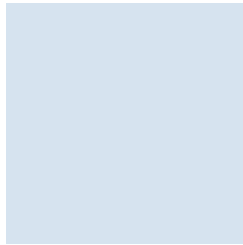


9.6604, 17.4712, -0.9472



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.8713, -6.5875, -2.3198 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

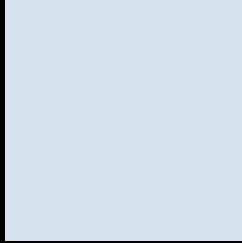
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.8713, -6.5875, -2.3198 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

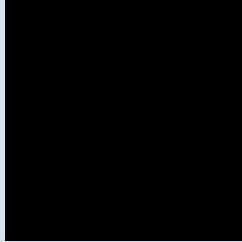
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

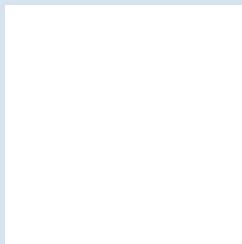
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 86.8713, -6.5875, -2.3198 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.8713, -6.5875, -2.3198.



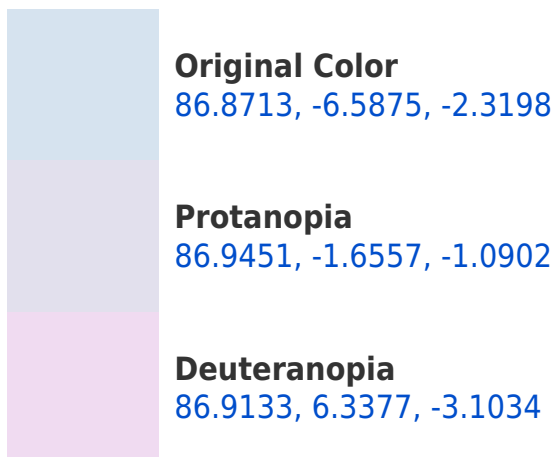
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.8713, -6.5875, -2.3198.

-2.3198.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

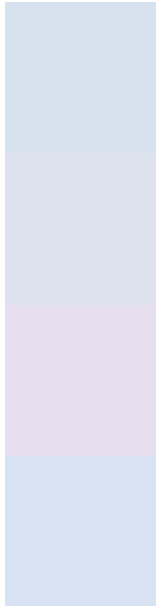




## Tritanopia

86.8167, -4.8189, -5.0391

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

86.8713, -6.5875, -2.3198

## Protanomaly

86.9213, -3.2644, -1.6719

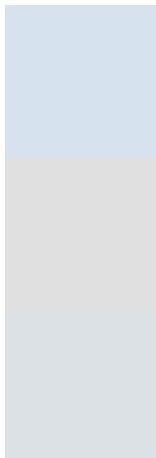
## Deuteranomaly

86.9038, 1.5663, -2.6661

## Tritanomaly

86.7471, -5.2006, -4.0533

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

86.8713, -6.5875, -2.3198

## Achromatopsia

86.3368, -4.6067, 4.6908

## Achromatomaly

86.4426, -5.5233, 2.3248

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 86.8713, -6.5875, -2.3198 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(214, 227, 239)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(214, 227, 239)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(214, 227, 239) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(214, 227, 239) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 86.8713, -6.5875, -2.3198 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(214, 227, 239) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(214, 227, 239) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(214, 227, 239)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(214, 227, 239); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 227, 239);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(214, 227,  
239) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 86.8713, -6.5875, -2.3198 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(214, 227, 239) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(214,  
227, 239) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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