

Converting Colors

HunterLab(86.8580, -4.7337,
4.3452)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(86.8580, -4.7337, 4.3452)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(86.8038, -4.4572,
4.2647)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	E1E1E2
RGB	225, 225, 226
RGB Percent	88%, 88%, 89%
CMY	0.1176, 0.1176, 0.1137
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	240°, 2%, 88%
HSV	240°, 0%, 89%
XYZ	71.7040, 75.3490, 82.7161
YIQ	225.1140, -0.3210, 0.3110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

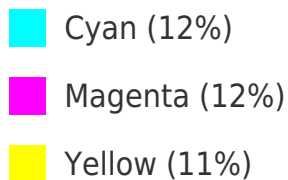
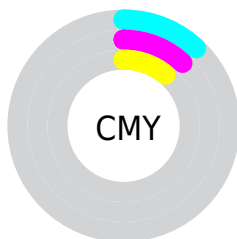
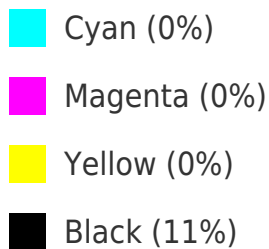
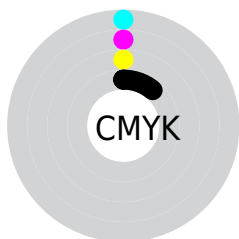
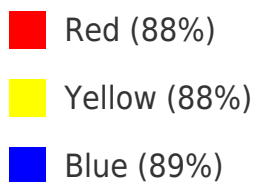
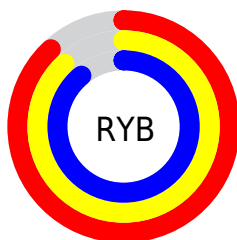
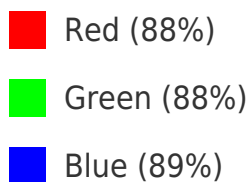
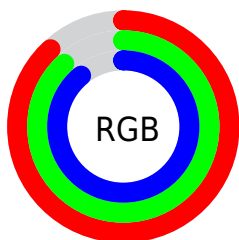
Format	Color
RYB	225, 225, 226
Decimal	14803426
CIELab	89.56, 0.18, -0.50
CIELCh	90, 0.528, 290.205
Yxy	75.3522, 0.3121, 0.3279
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292993506 (0xFFE1E1E2)
YUV	225.1140, 0.4368, -0.1000
Hunter-Lab	86.8038, -4.4572, 4.2647

Details

The HunterLab color $86.8038, -4.4572, 4.2647$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $87.1761, -4.8233, 5.1847$, and the grayscale version is $86.8218, -4.6326, 4.7172$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $63.4317, -3.2189, 3.0175$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $77.8306, 0.0951, -6.8517$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $96.0282, -8.7148, 14.5943$.


Distribution




Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 86.8038, -4.4572, 4.2647 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 86.8038, -4.4572, 4.2647 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 86.8038, -4.4572,
4.2647

 86.8038, -4.4572,
4.2647


218.8898,
-11.4501, 11.2908

 74.7673, -3.8248,
3.6330


112.6103, -5.8214,
5.6293

 63.3435, -3.2237,
3.0345


126.3279, -6.5466,
6.3566

 52.5692, -2.6579,
2.4728


140.5613, -7.2995,
7.1126

 42.4863, -2.1296,
1.9503

155.2925, -8.0793,
7.8963

 33.1459, -1.6418,
1.4704

170.5050, -8.8850,
8.7068

 24.6125, -1.1981,
1.0371


186.1842, -9.7159,

 16.9713, -0.8036,


9.5432


0.6560


202.3166,
-10.5711, 10.4048


 10.3418, -0.4651,
0.3352

0.0000, NaN, NaN


 86.8038, -4.4572,
4.2647


 86.8038, -4.4572,
4.2647

 77.8306, 0.0951,
-6.8517

 96.0282, -8.7148,
14.5943

 69.1407, 5.0438,
-19.0088

 99.1318, -10.1133,
17.8731

 60.7874, 10.5151,
-32.5392

 52.8426, 16.6756,
-47.8783

■ 45.4106, 23.7250,
-65.5473

■ 38.6452, 31.8442,
-86.0203

■ 32.7731, 41.0142,
-109.2572

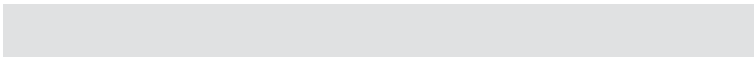
■ 28.1070, 50.5799,
-133.5750

■ 24.9916, 58.7165,
-154.2729

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.8057, -4.7236, 4.2431



86.8038, -4.4572, 4.2647



86.8057, -4.2421, 4.4123

Triad

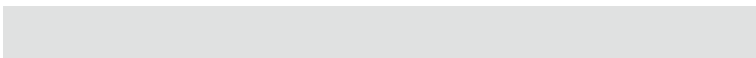
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.8057, -4.4592, 4.2661



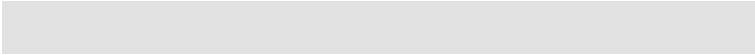
86.8057, -4.3080, 5.0990



86.8057, -5.1411, 4.8080

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86.8038, -4.4572, 4.2647



87.1761, -4.8233, 5.1847

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86.8057, -5.0300, 5.0367



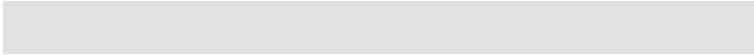
86.8038, -4.4572, 4.2647



86.8057, -4.5491, 5.2043

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



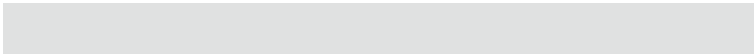
86.8057, -4.4592, 4.2661



86.8057, -4.1547, 4.8934



86.8057, -4.8134, 5.1815



86.8057, -5.1170, 4.5564

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86.8038, -4.4572, 4.2647



86.8057, -4.1534, 4.5597



86.8057, -4.8134, 5.1815



86.8057, -5.1183, 4.8901

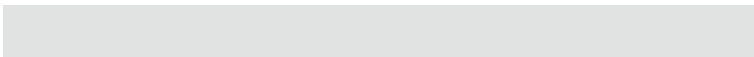
Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.8057, -4.4592, 4.2661

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



87.1157, -4.9779, 4.6312



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.8057, -4.4592, 4.2661



98.9492, -4.8286, 4.1989



86.8493, -4.3015, 4.3204



39.9321, -1.9601, 1.7245



17.7406, 47.8262, -125.4171



4.7029, 12.4501, -32.7544

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86.8659, -4.3066, 4.8277



99.1066, -4.4303, 5.6671



87.1326, -4.9811, 5.1309



39.9916, -1.8095, 2.2796



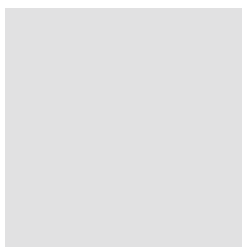
30.3739, 52.0212, 19.5891



7.9986, 13.7030, 5.1290

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.8038, -4.4572, 4.2647 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

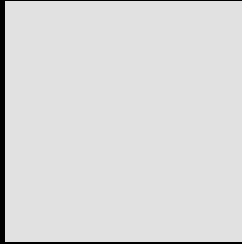
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.8038, -4.4572, 4.2647 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

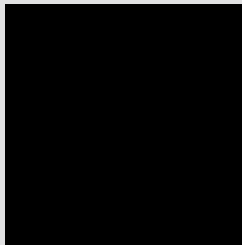
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

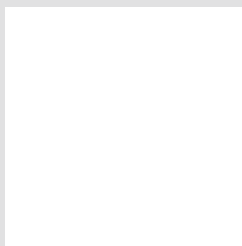
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 86.8038, -4.4572, 4.2647 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.8038, -4.4572, 4.2647.

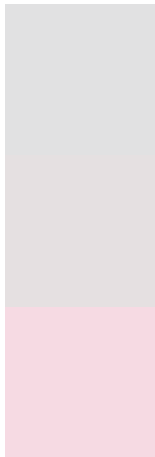


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.8038, -4.4572, 4.2647.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

86.8038, -4.4572, 4.2647

Protanopia

86.8364, -2.8114, 4.8218

Deuteranopia

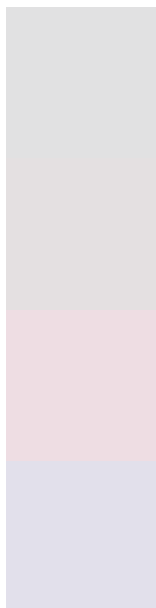
86.7650, 6.4537, 3.9168



Tritanopia

86.8317, -0.2564, -2.7891

Trichromacy



Original Color

86.8038, -4.4572, 4.2647

Protanomaly

86.7419, -3.1383, 4.7049

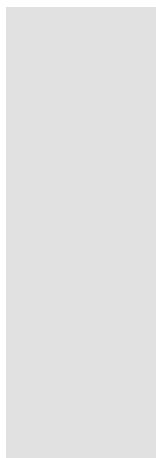
Deuteranomaly

86.8540, 2.1056, 3.9463

Tritanomaly

86.8782, -2.0200, -0.1401

Monochromacy



Original Color

86.8038, -4.4572, 4.2647

Achromatopsia

86.7722, -4.6299, 4.7145

Achromatomaly

86.7722, -4.6299, 4.7145

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 86.8038, -4.4572, 4.2647 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(225, 225, 226) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 225, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 225, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 225, 226) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 86.8038, -4.4572, 4.2647 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 225, 226) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 225, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 225, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 225, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 225, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 225,  
226) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 86.8038, -4.4572, 4.2647 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 225, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
225, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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