

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(86.9053, -32.4765,  
-29.0871)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(86.9053, -32.4765,  
-29.0871) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(85.6605,  
-38.9958, -13.3819)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4AF4FF
RGB	74, 244, 255
RGB Percent	29%, 96%, 100%
CMY	0.7098, 0.0431, 0.0000
CMYK	0.71, 0.04, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	184°, 100%, 65%
HSV	184°, 71%, 100%
XYZ	53.2247, 73.3772, 105.9657
YIQ	194.4240, -104.8510, -32.6190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

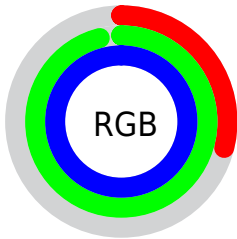
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	74, 162, 255
Decimal	4912383
CIELab	88.63, -38.86, -17.80
CIELCh	89, 42.740, 204.617
Yxy	73.3798, 0.2289, 0.3155
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283102463 (0xFF4AF4FF)
YUV	194.4240, 29.8640, -105.6118
Hunter-Lab	85.6605, -38.9958, -13.3819

# Details

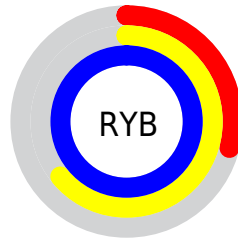
The HunterLab color **85.6605, -38.9958, -13.3819** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFFF**. The color can be described as light washed cyan. A complement of this color would be **53.1535, 60.5371, 26.5838**, and the grayscale version is **73.5407, -3.9239, 3.9956**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.1146, -33.9565, -4.7286**, and **62.9427, -30.8481, -12.0807** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84.6380, -40.1773, -14.8238**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **86.9146, -36.9439, -11.6284**.

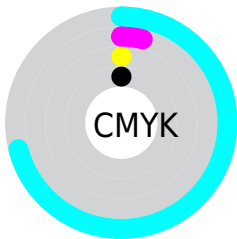
# Distribution



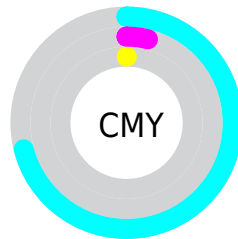
- Red (29%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (29%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (71%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 85.6605, -38.9958, -13.3819 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 85.6605, -38.9958, -13.3819 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 85.6605, -38.9958,  
-13.3819


 85.6605, -38.9958,  
-13.3819


217.3316,  
-60.5053, -11.7074


 73.6794, -36.3645,  
-13.3218


 111.3626,  
-44.0519, -13.3298


 62.3144, -33.6414,  
-13.2036


 125.0313,  
-46.4995, -13.2284

 51.6025, -30.8035,  
-13.0211


 139.2176,  
-48.9053, -13.0797

 41.5862, -27.8179,  
-12.7705

 153.9032,  
-51.2760, -12.8865

 32.3179, -24.6367,  
-12.4493

169.0716,  
-53.6172, -12.6507

 23.8634, -21.1862,  
-12.0598

184.7081,

 16.3104, -17.3443,

-55.9334, -12.3744

-11.6199

200.7989,  
-58.2283, -12.0595

■ 9.7830, -17.1202,  
-11.2076

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 85.6605, -38.9958,  
-13.3819

■ 85.6605, -38.9958,  
-13.3819

■ 84.6380, -40.1773,  
-14.8238

■ 86.9146, -36.9439,  
-11.6284

■ 83.8192, -40.5648,  
-15.9825

■ 88.4109, -33.9816,  
-9.5622

■ 83.2167, -40.3845,  
-16.8352

■ 90.1603, -30.1025,  
-7.1853

■ 92.1670, -25.3257,  
-4.5105

■ 94.4313, -19.6905,  
-1.5574

■ 96.9498, -13.2516,  
1.6504

■ 99.7170, -6.0731,  
5.0867

■ 100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

# Harmonies

## Analogous

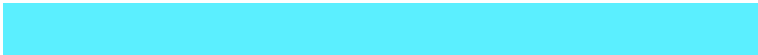
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85.6620, -41.9538, 8.2686



85.6605, -38.9958, -13.3819



85.6620, -27.2121, -33.9731

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



85.6620, -38.9963, -13.3798



85.6620, 31.7832, -21.3622



85.6620, -0.6647, 35.2911

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



85.6605, -38.9958, -13.3819



53.1535, 60.5371, 26.5838

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85.6620, 20.6873, 30.9179



85.6605, -38.9958, -13.3819



85.6620, 40.5662, 0.8931

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



85.6620, -38.9963, -13.3798



85.6620, 13.3254, -39.3207



85.6620, 36.3186, 19.4735



85.6620, -21.1170, 33.2526

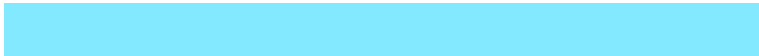


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



85.6605, -38.9958, -13.3819



85.6620, -15.2627, -42.5525



85.6620, 36.3186, 19.4735



85.6620, 6.6632, 34.5631

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



85.6620, -38.9963, -13.3798



94.4254, -19.7053, -1.5649



85.7915, -66.6007, 46.0341



43.3845, -9.8745, -1.1135

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



85.6620, -38.9963, -13.3798



84.2855, -40.4227, -15.3225



56.8079, 3.2488, -63.6799



45.0346, -5.6629, 0.9911



60.2212, -29.2751, -12.0746



18.9371, -9.3138, -3.5639



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57.1761, 87.3181, -51.9950



53.9100, 97.5100, -57.3150



72.0106, 16.5790, 39.3269



42.7553, 3.4253, -1.3081



37.9329, 73.6084, -42.5203

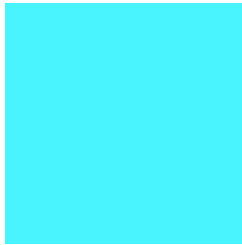


11.8599, 23.0502, -13.5746



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.6605, -38.9958, -13.3819 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

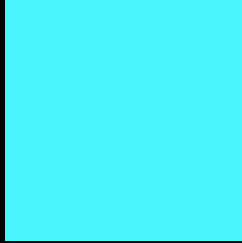
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 85.6605, -38.9958, -13.3819 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

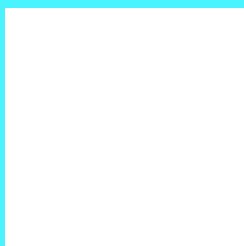
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 85.6605, -38.9958, -13.3819 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.6605, -38.9958, -13.3819.



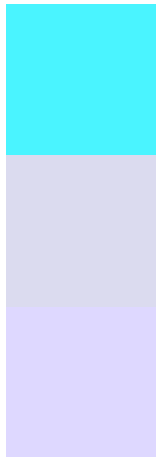
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 85.6605,

-38.9958, -13.3819.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

85.6605, -38.9958, -13.3819

### Protanopia

84.8264, -0.8823, -4.8236

### Deuteranopia

84.7711, 4.7963, -13.8504



## Tritanopia

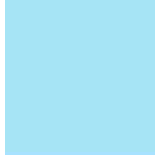
85.5359, -30.5607, -13.4064

# Trichromacy



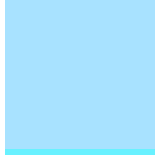
## Original Color

85.6605, -38.9958, -13.3819



## Protanomaly

83.7773, -18.8764, -9.8436



## Deuteranomaly

83.6287, -15.3069, -15.8102



## Tritanomaly

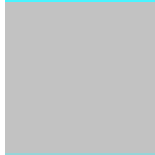
85.5183, -34.1663, -13.4938

# Monochromacy



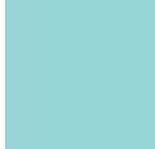
## Original Color

85.6605, -38.9958, -13.3819



## Achromatopsia

73.4493, -3.9191, 3.9906



## Achromatomaly

76.5042, -20.6848, -3.5685

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 85.6605, -38.9958, -13.3819 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(74, 244, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(74, 244, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(74, 244, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(74, 244, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 85.6605, -38.9958, -13.3819 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(74, 244, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(74, 244, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(74, 244, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(74, 244, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 244, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(74, 244,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 85.6605, -38.9958, -13.3819 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(74, 244, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(74, 244,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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