

Converting Colors

HunterLab(87.0219, -3.4489,
-0.5142)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(87.0219, -3.4489,
-0.5142) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(86.9451, -3.3163,
-0.5983)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DFE1EC
RGB	223, 225, 236
RGB Percent	87%, 88%, 93%
CMY	0.1255, 0.1176, 0.0745
CMYK	0.06, 0.05, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	231°, 25%, 90%
HSV	231°, 6%, 93%
XYZ	72.4969, 75.5945, 90.1271
YIQ	225.6560, -4.7230, 2.9970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

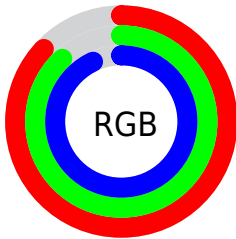
Format	Color
R _Y B	223, 225, 236
Decimal	14672364
CIE Lab	89.67, 1.36, -5.59
CIE LCh	90, 5.756, 283.671
Yxy	75.5977, 0.3043, 0.3173
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292862444 (0xFFDFE1EC)
YUV	225.6560, 5.0996, -2.3293
Hunter-Lab	86.9451, -3.3163, -0.5983

Details

The HunterLab color $86.9451, -3.3163, -0.5983$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $90.5569, -6.0379, 9.9864$, and the grayscale version is $87.0397, -4.6442, 4.7290$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $63.5371, -2.2942, -1.1826$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $78.6996, -0.1812, -11.2949$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $95.4168, -6.0942, 9.3773$.

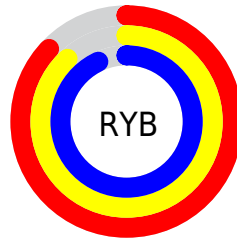
Distribution



Red (87%)

Green (88%)

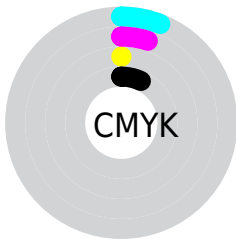
Blue (93%)



Red (87%)

Yellow (88%)

Blue (93%)

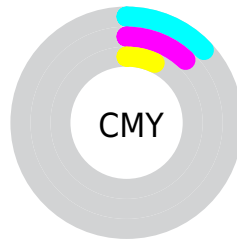


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (13%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 86.9451, -3.3163, -0.5983 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 86.9451, -3.3163, -0.5983 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 86.9451, -3.3163,
-0.5983

■ 86.9451, -3.3163,
-0.5983

219.0821, -9.8999,
4.7738

■ 74.9017, -2.7387,
-1.0102

112.7644, -4.5778,
0.3540

■ 63.4707, -2.1955,
-1.3780

126.4880, -5.2547,
0.8867

■ 52.6887, -1.6910,
-1.6966

140.7272, -5.9611,
1.4547

■ 42.5977, -1.2282,
-1.9610

155.4640, -6.6959,
2.0565

■ 33.2484, -0.8110,
-2.1651

170.6820, -7.4581,
2.6906

■ 24.7054, -0.4446,
-2.3007

186.3664, -8.2467,

■ 17.0533, -0.1361,

3.3556

-2.3566

202.5039, -9.0609,
4.0503

■ 10.4114, 0.1035,
-2.3167

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 86.9451, -3.3163,
-0.5983

■ 86.9451, -3.3163,
-0.5983

■ 78.6996, -0.1812,
-11.2949

■ 95.4168, -6.0942,
9.3773

■ 70.7067, 3.4124,
-22.9156

■ 99.4164, -8.5424,
13.7828

■ 63.0106, 7.5877,
-35.7125

■ 55.6686, 12.5051,
-49.9989

■ 48.7597, 18.3598,
-66.1296

■ 42.3944, 25.3581,
-84.4176

■ 36.7268, 33.6289,
-104.8924

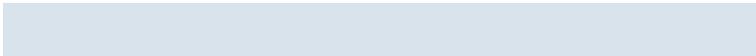
■ 31.9610, 43.0027,
-126.7680

■ 28.3327, 52.6358,
-147.6877

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.9469, -6.2107, -0.5290



86.9451, -3.3163, -0.5983



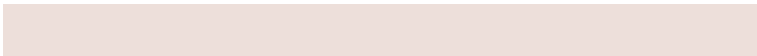
86.9469, -0.7484, 0.7961

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.9469, -3.3182, -0.5968



86.9469, -0.5617, 8.3268



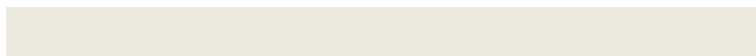
86.9469, -9.9460, 6.2152

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86.9451, -3.3163, -0.5983



90.5569, -6.0379, 9.9864

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86.9469, -8.4721, 8.4935



86.9451, -3.3163, -0.5983



86.9469, -3.0660, 9.6849

Square

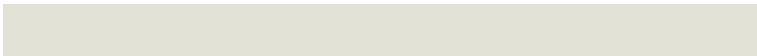
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



86.9469, -3.3182, -0.5968



86.9469, 0.8571, 5.9808



86.9469, -5.9618, 9.7450



86.9469, -10.0115, 3.4660

Rectangle

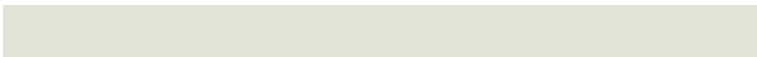
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86.9451, -3.3163, -0.5983



86.9469, 0.4254, 2.3400



86.9469, -5.9618, 9.7450



86.9469, -9.5997, 7.0594

Sweetspot

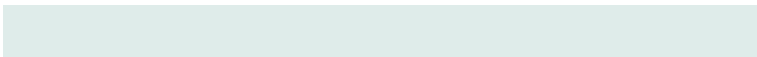
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.9469, -3.3182, -0.5968



98.1447, -4.7241, 3.2403



90.3388, -9.3962, 4.4953



45.4487, -2.1998, 1.5497

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.9469, -3.3182, -0.5968



93.5480, -3.1297, -2.3726



86.7283, -0.8851, -0.8254



39.3561, -1.2485, -1.2642



20.4063, 40.9029, -113.8038



6.6430, 8.3909, -26.4167

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.2043, 0.0352, 5.3010



93.9152, 1.5393, 5.9014



90.7854, -8.4886, 10.1994



39.5248, 0.8775, 2.5136



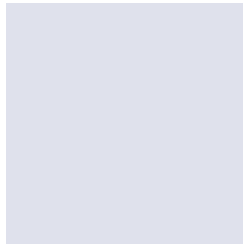
31.4852, 54.1842, 18.2923



8.8880, 15.4244, 4.1658

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.9451, -3.3163, -0.5983 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

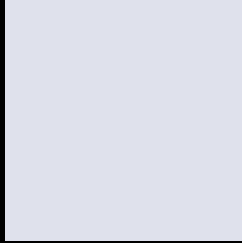
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.9451, -3.3163, -0.5983 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

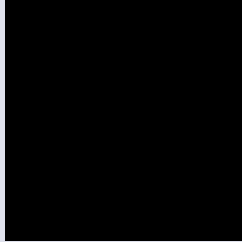
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

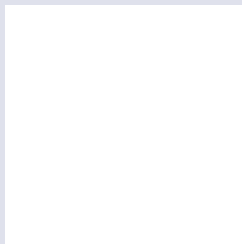
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 86.9451, -3.3163, -0.5983 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.9451, -3.3163, -0.5983.



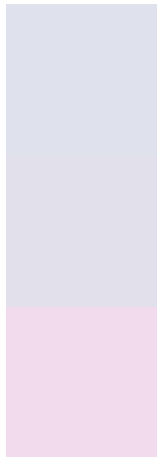
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.9451, -3.3163, -0.5983.

-0.5983.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

86.9451, -3.3163, -0.5983

Protanopia

86.8782, -2.0200, -0.1401

Deuteranopia

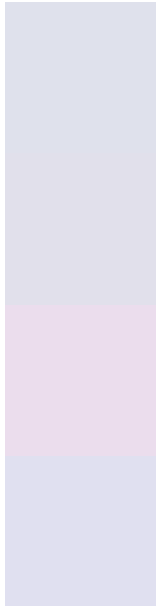
86.9797, 6.2885, -0.9080



Tritanopia

86.9307, -1.3645, -3.7518

Trichromacy



Original Color

86.9451, -3.3163, -0.5983

Protanomaly

86.7854, -2.3403, -0.2603

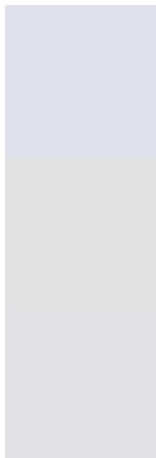
Deuteranomaly

86.8847, 2.8642, -1.0862

Tritanomaly

86.8619, -1.7389, -2.7770

Monochromacy



Original Color

86.9451, -3.3163, -0.5983

Achromatopsia

87.2081, -4.6532, 4.7382

Achromatomaly

87.2430, -4.2770, 2.8073

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 86.9451, -3.3163, -0.5983 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(223, 225, 236)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(223, 225, 236)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(223, 225, 236) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(223, 225, 236) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 86.9451, -3.3163, -0.5983 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(223, 225, 236) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(223, 225, 236) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(223, 225, 236)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(223, 225, 236); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 225, 236);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(223, 225,  
236) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 86.9451, -3.3163, -0.5983 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(223, 225, 236) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(223,  
225, 236) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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