

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(87.1077, -57.6301,  
20.0826)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(87.1077, -57.6301,  
20.0826) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(87.1194,  
-57.5728, 19.9097)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	33FFBD
RGB	51, 255, 189
RGB Percent	20%, 100%, 74%
CMY	0.8000, 0.0000, 0.2588
CMYK	0.80, 0.00, 0.26, 0.00
HSL	161°, 100%, 60%
HSV	161°, 80%, 100%
XYZ	46.3105, 75.8979, 60.3530
YIQ	186.4800, -100.3980, -63.7740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

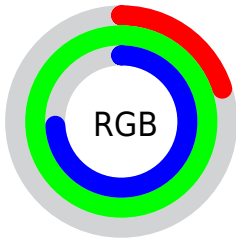
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	51, 173, 255
Decimal	3407805
CIELab	89.81, -62.64, 18.14
CIELCh	90, 65.215, 163.846
Yxy	75.8983, 0.2537, 0.4157
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281597885 (0xFF33FFBD)
YUV	186.4800, 1.2424, -118.8160
Hunter-Lab	87.1194, -57.5728, 19.9097

# Details

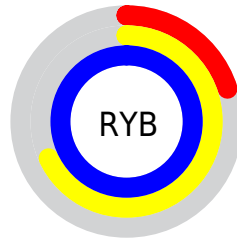
The HunterLab color **87.1194, -57.5728, 19.9097** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00FFCC**. The color can be described as light washed spring green. A complement of this color would be **49.9128, 75.8557, 12.0903**, and the grayscale version is **70.3011, -3.7511, 3.8196**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **91.0266, -38.8004, -0.8566**, and **64.5833, -45.5542, 17.6150** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86.6367, -59.9531, 22.5096**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87.8181, -54.3113, 17.3964**.

# Distribution



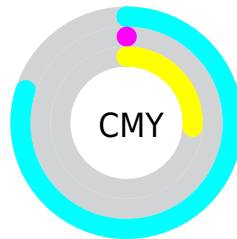
- Red (20%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (20%)
- Yellow (68%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (80%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (26%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 87.1194, -57.5728, 19.9097 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 87.1194, -57.5728, 19.9097 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 87.1194, -57.5728,  
19.9097

 87.1194, -57.5728,  
19.9097


219.3170,  
-88.5631, 33.5605

 75.0660, -53.6148,  
18.3643


 112.9527,  
-65.0642, 22.9582


 63.6262, -49.4781,  
16.7975


 126.6837,  
-68.6420, 24.4717

 52.8349, -45.1207,  
15.1994


 140.9299,  
-72.1289, 25.9822

 42.7338, -40.4863,  
13.5567

 155.6735,  
-75.5372, 27.4921

 33.3738, -35.4951,  
11.8502

170.8981,  
-78.8770, 29.0035

 24.8189, -30.0300,  
10.0503


186.5890,

 17.1537, -24.2380,


-82.1566, 30.5179


8.1083


202.7328,  
-85.3833, 32.0365


 10.4966, -18.3690,  
7.3476


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 87.1194, -57.5728,  
19.9097


 87.1194, -57.5728,  
19.9097


 86.6367, -59.9531,  
22.5096


 87.8181, -54.3113,  
17.3964

 86.3238, -61.6244,  
25.1326

 88.7566, -50.1010,  
15.0191

 86.3237, -61.6249,  
25.1335

 89.9520, -44.9121,  
12.8182

 91.4151, -38.7499,  
10.8285

■ 93.1518, -31.6479,  
9.0779

■ 95.1637, -23.6616,  
7.5872

■ 97.4484, -14.8626,  
6.3700

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.1196, -44.3673, 37.9901



87.1194, -57.5728, 19.9097



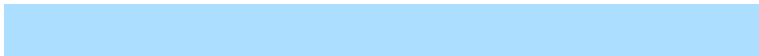
87.1196, -58.0629, -10.9618

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.1196, -57.5719, 19.9090



87.1196, 11.0453, -76.4960



87.1196, 45.9511, 37.0308

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87.1194, -57.5728, 19.9097



49.9128, 75.8557, 12.0903

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.1196, 65.8499, 17.9765



87.1194, -57.5728, 19.9097



87.1196, 43.7618, -50.9343

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



87.1196, -57.5719, 19.9090



87.1196, -21.6007, -75.3582



87.1196, 64.9938, -13.7625



87.1196, 13.6979, 45.0598



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87.1194, -57.5728, 19.9097



87.1196, -51.3059, -35.9824



87.1196, 64.9938, -13.7625



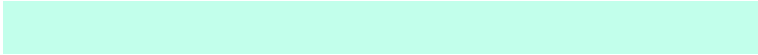
87.1196, 54.5067, 32.0904

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.1196, -57.5719, 19.9090



94.3253, -26.9607, 8.1518



86.9951, -62.0296, 50.3848



43.3111, -13.7791, 4.0207

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.1196, -57.5719, 19.9090



86.4364, -61.0098, 24.0905



77.2254, -30.5010, -25.5833



45.1393, -6.6668, 2.9227



62.4225, -44.4056, 17.8362



19.5294, -13.5413, 4.8218



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49.9128, 75.8557, 12.0903



47.1269, 81.0435, 18.4564



52.9124, 59.5036, 30.1355



42.5252, 2.1921, 1.9639



33.8456, 58.9852, 13.9359

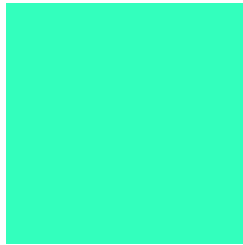


10.6508, 18.7351, 3.0422



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.1194, -57.5728, 19.9097 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

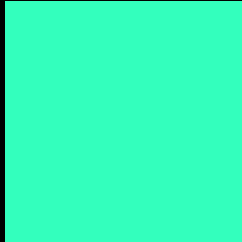
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.1194, -57.5728, 19.9097 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

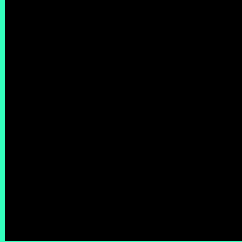
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 87.1194, -57.5728, 19.9097 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.1194, -57.5728, 19.9097.



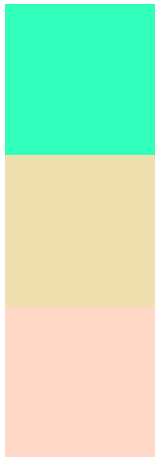
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.1194,

-57.5728, 19.9097.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

87.1194, -57.5728, 19.9097

### Protanopia

86.0282, -6.7845, 25.2931

### Deuteranopia

85.9873, 6.7366, 16.2645



## Tritanopia

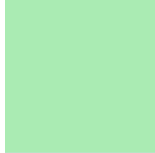
86.8216, -27.4756, -11.5891

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

87.1194, -57.5728, 19.9097



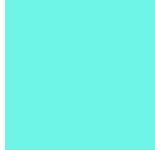
## Protanomaly

84.3904, -32.5702, 21.4678



## Deuteranomaly

83.8794, -25.0573, 14.7530



## Tritanomaly

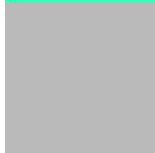
86.2493, -40.1998, 0.4723

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

87.1194, -57.5728, 19.9097



## Achromatopsia

70.0729, -3.7389, 3.8072



## Achromatomaly

74.4948, -28.3372, 7.9893

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 87.1194, -57.5728, 19.9097 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(51, 255, 189)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(51, 255, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(51, 255, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(51, 255, 189) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 87.1194, -57.5728, 19.9097 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(51, 255, 189) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(51, 255, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(51, 255, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(51, 255, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 255, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(51, 255,  
189) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 87.1194, -57.5728, 19.9097 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(51, 255, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(51, 255,  
189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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