

Converting Colors

HunterLab(87.1908, -3.2169,
6.1971)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(87.1908, -3.2169, 6.1971)
contains.

HunterLab(87.1786, -3.3442, 6.1815)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(87.1786, -3.3442,
6.1815)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E6E1DF
RGB	230, 225, 223
RGB Percent	90%, 88%, 87%
CMY	0.0980, 0.1176, 0.1255
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.03, 0.10
HSL	17°, 12%, 89%
HSV	17°, 3%, 90%
XYZ	72.8776, 76.0011, 80.6406
YIQ	226.2670, 3.6220, 0.4380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

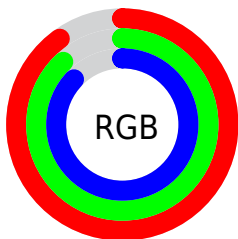
Format	Color
R_{YB}	230, 226, 223
Decimal	15131103
CIE _{Lab}	89.86, 1.34, 1.57
CIE _{LCh}	90, 2.064, 49.402
Yxy	76.0044, 0.3175, 0.3311
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293321183 (0xFFE6E1DF)
YUV	226.2670, -1.6106, 3.2738
Hunter-Lab	87.1786, -3.3442, 6.1815

Details

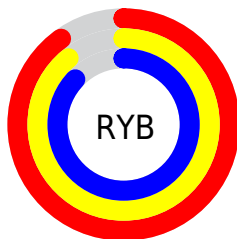
The HunterLab color $87.1786, -3.3442, 6.1815$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $87.6851, -5.9474, 3.3064$, and the grayscale version is $87.3318, -4.6598, 4.7449$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $63.7892, -2.1572, 4.8359$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $81.4821, 1.4622, 10.4728$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $93.0791, -7.8436, 1.6788$.

Distribution



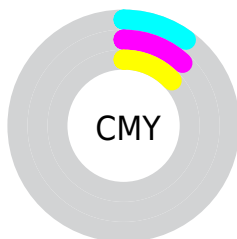
- Red (90%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 87.1786, -3.3442, 6.1815 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 87.1786, -3.3442, 6.1815 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 87.1786, -3.3442,
6.1815

■ 87.1786, -3.3442,
6.1815

219.3998, -9.9388,
13.9055

■ 75.1240, -2.7654,
5.4558

113.0191, -4.6087,
7.7214

■ 63.6810, -2.2206,
4.7583

126.7526, -5.2868,
8.5310

■ 52.8864, -1.7144,
4.0914

141.0014, -5.9945,
9.3663

■ 42.7818, -1.2499,
3.4566

155.7474, -6.7305,
10.2267

■ 33.4180, -0.8307,
2.8552

170.9743, -7.4939,
11.1114

■ 24.8590, -0.4622,
2.2886

186.6675, -8.2836,

■ 17.1891, -0.1512,

12.0198

1.7583

202.8134, -9.0988,
12.9514

■ 10.5267, 0.0912,
1.2647

0.0000, INF, NaN

■ 87.1786, -3.3442,
6.1815

■ 87.1786, -3.3442,
6.1815

■ 81.4821, 1.4622,
10.4728

■ 93.0791, -7.8436,
1.6788

■ 76.0089, 6.6149,
14.5058

■ 97.7564, -13.2307,
2.6251

■ 70.7902, 12.1401,
18.2274

■ 65.8608, 18.0549,
21.5684

■ 61.2610, 24.3552,
24.4440

■ 57.0369, 30.9999,
26.7546

■ 53.2388, 37.8917,
28.3933

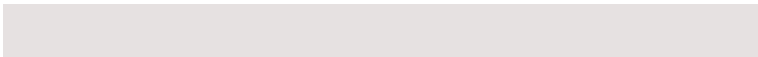
■ 49.9184, 44.8562,
29.2649

■ 47.1228, 51.6277,
29.3239

Harmonies

Analogous

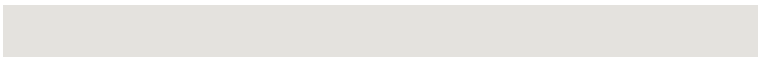
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.1805, -2.7551, 5.3774



87.1786, -3.3442, 6.1815



87.1805, -4.2869, 6.6016

Triad

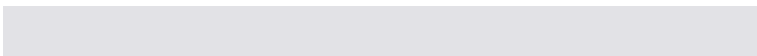
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.1805, -3.3463, 6.1829



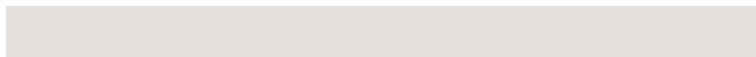
87.1805, -6.6207, 5.0959



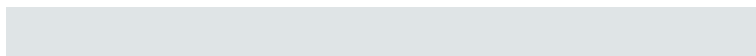
87.1805, -3.9886, 2.9252

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



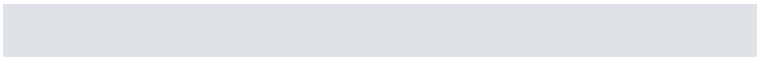
87.1786, -3.3442, 6.1815



87.6851, -5.9474, 3.3064

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.1805, -5.0253, 2.8477



87.1786, -3.3442, 6.1815



87.1805, -6.5416, 4.1088

Square

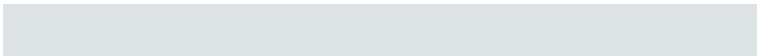
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



87.1805, -3.3463, 6.1829



87.1805, -6.1753, 5.9789



87.1805, -5.9588, 3.2832



87.1805, -3.1271, 3.4937

Rectangle

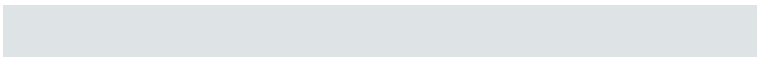
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



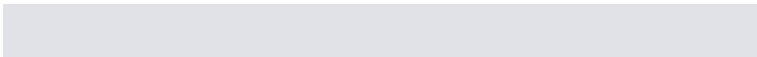
87.1786, -3.3442, 6.1815



87.1805, -4.9841, 6.6083



87.1805, -5.9588, 3.2832



87.1805, -4.3282, 2.8406

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.1805, -3.3463, 6.1829



99.3384, -4.8192, 5.9370



86.7190, -1.4399, 3.2187



45.9736, -2.2414, 2.7352

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

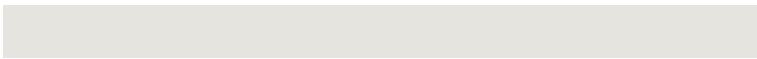
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.1805, -3.3463, 6.1829



97.3669, -3.2485, 7.4341



88.2637, -5.1516, 7.4015



40.0326, -1.1885, 3.2141



34.4975, 41.3730, 21.9815



10.1699, 9.0651, 6.4254

Inverse Universe

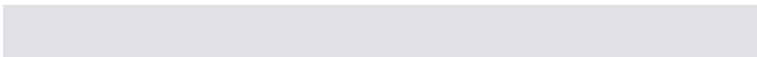
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.6851, -5.9474, 3.3064



98.1160, -7.1097, 3.1642



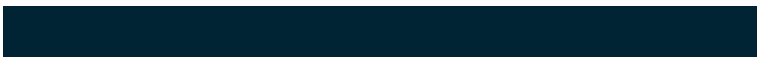
86.5978, -4.1455, 2.0323



40.3959, -3.0616, 1.1428



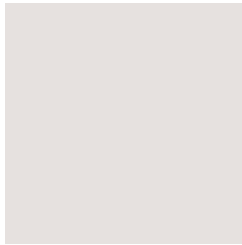
43.0306, -10.0641, -32.0589



12.3494, -3.6801, -7.4914

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.1786, -3.3442, 6.1815 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

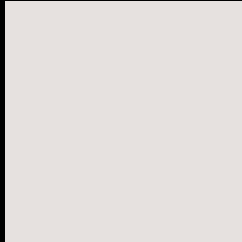
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.1786, -3.3442, 6.1815 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

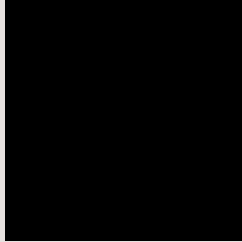
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

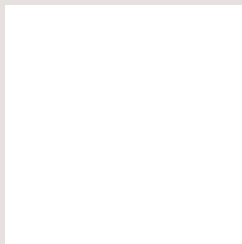
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 87.1786, -3.3442, 6.1815 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.1786, -3.3442, 6.1815.



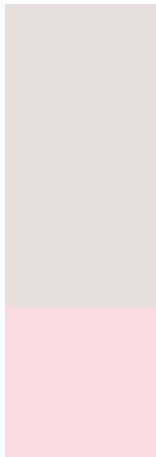
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.1786, -3.3442,

6.1815.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

87.1786, -3.3442, 6.1815

Protanopia

87.1786, -3.3442, 6.1815

Deuteranopia

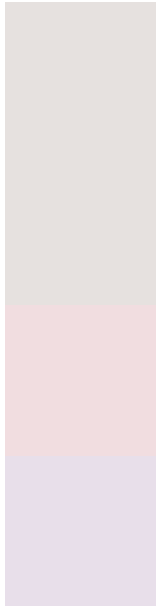
87.1787, 6.1147, 5.8650



Tritanopia

87.0962, 2.2209, -2.4119

Trichromacy



Original Color

87.1786, -3.3442, 6.1815

Protanomaly

87.1786, -3.3442, 6.1815

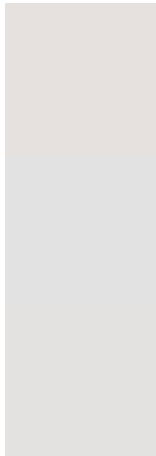
Deuteranomaly

87.0606, 2.6189, 5.6660

Tritanomaly

87.1043, 0.2739, 0.6928

Monochromacy



Original Color

87.1786, -3.3442, 6.1815

Achromatopsia

87.2081, -4.6532, 4.7382

Achromatomaly

87.2696, -4.5019, 5.3006

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 87.1786, -3.3442, 6.1815 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 225, 223)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 225, 223)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 225, 223) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 225, 223) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 87.1786, -3.3442, 6.1815 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 225, 223) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 225, 223) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 225, 223)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 225, 223); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 225, 223);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 225,  
223) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 87.1786, -3.3442, 6.1815 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 225, 223) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
225, 223) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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