

Converting Colors

HunterLab(87.2194, -0.2117,
0.1134)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(87.2194, -0.2117, 0.1134)
contains.

HunterLab(87.3490, -0.4011, 0.4674)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(87.3490, -0.4011,
0.4674)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E7E0EB
RGB	231, 224, 235
RGB Percent	91%, 88%, 92%
CMY	0.0941, 0.1215, 0.0784
CMYK	0.02, 0.05, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	278°, 22%, 90%
HSV	278°, 5%, 92%
XYZ	74.6062, 76.2985, 89.3923
YIQ	227.3470, 0.6410, 4.9050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

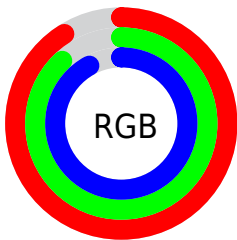
Format	Color
R _Y B	231, 224, 235
Decimal	15196395
CIE Lab	90.00, 4.34, -4.52
CIE LCh	90, 6.264, 313.845
Yxy	76.3018, 0.3105, 0.3175
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293386475 (0xFFE7E0EB)
YUV	227.3470, 3.7729, 3.2037
Hunter-Lab	87.3490, -0.4011, 0.4674

Details

The HunterLab color $87.3490, -0.4011, 0.4674$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $90.1635, -8.9877, 9.0250$, and the grayscale version is $87.7813, -4.6838, 4.7693$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $63.8315, 0.1627, -0.2780$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $79.4623, 9.2684, -9.5189$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $95.5385, -9.8883, 9.9200$.

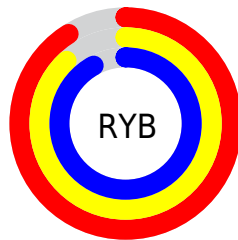
Distribution



Red (91%)

Green (88%)

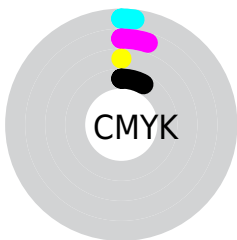
Blue (92%)



Red (91%)

Yellow (88%)

Blue (92%)

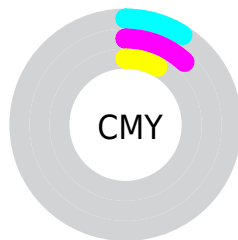


Cyan (2%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (9%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (8%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 87.3490, -0.4011, 0.4674 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 87.3490, -0.4011, 0.4674 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

87.3490, -0.4011,
0.4674

87.3490, -0.4011,
0.4674

219.6315, -5.9600,
6.1926

75.2861, 0.0392,
0.0089

113.2048, -1.4063,
1.5075

63.8344, 0.4382,
-0.4078

126.9456, -1.9624,
2.0816

53.0307, 0.7902,
-0.7777

141.2014, -2.5523,
2.6898

42.9162, 1.0904,
-1.0963

155.9541, -3.1745,
3.3304

33.5418, 1.3328,
-1.3580

171.1876, -3.8276,
4.0022

24.9712, 1.5089,
-1.5553

186.8871, -4.5102,

17.2883, 1.6066,

4.7039

-1.6775

203.0392, -5.2213,
5.4343

■ 10.6110, 1.6063,
-1.7091

0.0000, INF, -NF

■ 87.3490, -0.4011,
0.4674

■ 87.3490, -0.4011,
0.4674

■ 79.4623, 9.2684,
-9.5189

■ 95.5385, -9.8883,
9.9200

■ 71.9212, 19.1366,
-20.1421

■ 98.7384, -10.9901,
13.4532

■ 64.7892, 29.1816,
-31.4935

■ 99.3872, -8.7031,
14.2012

■ 58.1459, 39.3204,
-43.6275

■ 52.0915, 49.3512,
-56.4975

■ 46.7487, 58.8745,
-69.8472

■ 42.2549, 67.2161,
-83.0716

■ 38.7381, 73.4512,
-95.1415

■ 36.2634, 76.6912,
-104.8190

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.3509, -3.2022, -1.0643



87.3490, -0.4011, 0.4674



87.3509, 1.2663, 3.1261

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.3509, -0.4032, 0.4689



87.3509, -2.9632, 10.1425



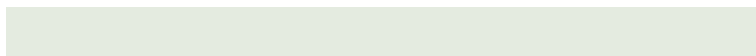
87.3509, -10.5051, 3.3559

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87.3490, -0.4011, 0.4674



90.1635, -8.9877, 9.0250

Split Complementary

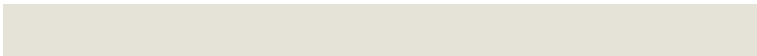
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.3509, -10.4431, 6.3526



87.3490, -0.4011, 0.4674



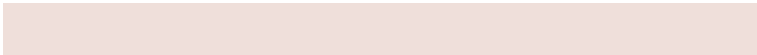
87.3509, -6.1193, 10.1991

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



87.3509, -0.4032, 0.4689



87.3509, -0.2261, 8.6765



87.3509, -8.8477, 8.8339



87.3509, -9.0180, 0.6422

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87.3490, -0.4011, 0.4674



87.3509, 1.4994, 5.1427



87.3509, -8.8477, 8.8339



87.3509, -10.6640, 4.3650

Sweetspot

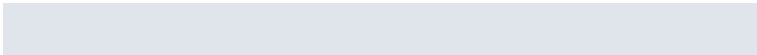
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.3509, -0.4032, 0.4689



99.1001, -4.2890, 4.3876



87.9510, -4.7604, 1.1264



45.8688, -2.0083, 2.0539

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.3509, -0.4032, 0.4689



94.6485, 0.9751, -0.9254



87.6873, 0.6521, 1.6471



39.8072, 0.6794, -0.6636



26.4504, 57.9175, -80.7397



7.7681, 16.6774, -21.1382

Inverse Universe

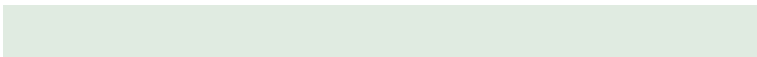
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.5091, -0.3140, 4.1847



94.8749, 1.1031, 4.3628



89.8486, -10.0106, 7.9596



39.9131, 0.7393, 1.8031



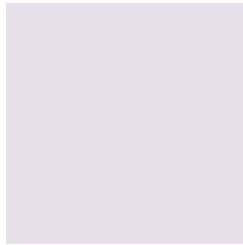
31.9710, 55.9763, 11.1629



9.0584, 16.0500, 1.6885

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.3490, -0.4011, 0.4674 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

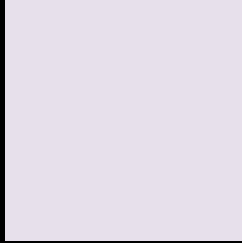
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.3490, -0.4011, 0.4674 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

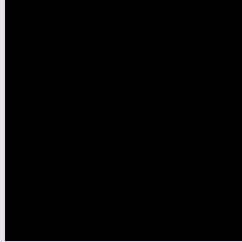
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

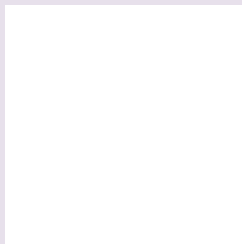
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 87.3490, -0.4011, 0.4674 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.3490, -0.4011, 0.4674.



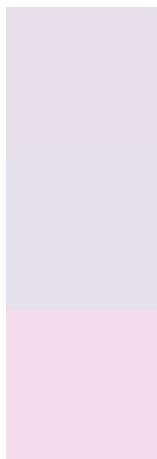
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.3490, -0.4011,

0.4674.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

87.3490, -0.4011, 0.4674

Protanopia

87.4074, -1.7196, 0.0007

Deuteranopia

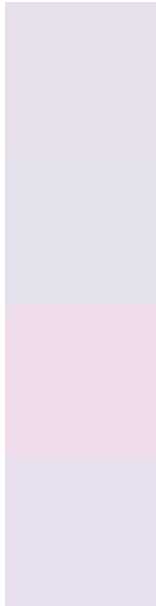
87.4503, 6.2575, 0.1933



Tritanopia

87.3396, 1.5477, -2.6475

Trichromacy



Original Color

87.3490, -0.4011, 0.4674

Protanomaly

87.5012, -1.3967, 0.1219

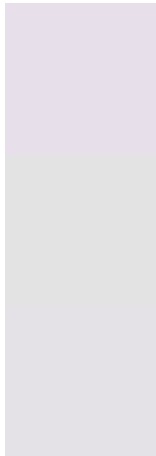
Deuteranomaly

87.2466, 4.0226, -0.0970

Tritanomaly

87.2715, 1.1794, -1.6817

Monochromacy



Original Color

87.3490, -0.4011, 0.4674

Achromatopsia

87.6442, -4.6765, 4.7619

Achromatomaly

87.5213, -3.3116, 3.1575

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 87.3490, -0.4011, 0.4674 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(231, 224, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(231, 224, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(231, 224, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(231, 224, 235) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 87.3490, -0.4011, 0.4674 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(231, 224, 235) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(231, 224, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(231, 224, 235)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(231, 224, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 224, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(231, 224,  
235) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 87.3490, -0.4011, 0.4674 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(231, 224, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(231,  
224, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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