

Converting Colors

HunterLab(87.2237, -5.1774,
5.0955)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(87.2237, -5.1774, 5.0955)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(87.0842, -5.1473,
5.0720)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E1E2E1
RGB	225, 226, 225
RGB Percent	88%, 89%, 88%
CMY	0.1176, 0.1137, 0.1176
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	120°, 2%, 88%
HSV	120°, 0%, 89%
XYZ	71.8384, 75.8366, 82.0858
YIQ	225.5870, -0.2750, -0.5230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

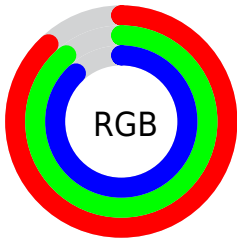
Format	Color
R_{YB}	225, 226, 226
Decimal	14803681
CIE Lab	89.78, -0.51, 0.36
CIE LCh	90, 0.627, 144.867
Yxy	75.8398, 0.3127, 0.3301
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292993761 (0xFFE1E2E1)
YUV	225.5870, -0.2894, -0.5148
Hunter-Lab	87.0842, -5.1473, 5.0720

Details

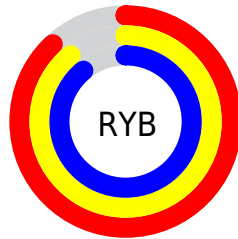
The HunterLab color $87.0842, -5.1473, 5.0720$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $86.8978, -4.1329, 4.3787$, and the grayscale version is $87.0310, -4.6438, 4.7286$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $63.6978, -3.8739, 3.7839$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $84.4344, -15.9013, 12.3376$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $90.0178, 6.3583, -2.6998$.

Distribution



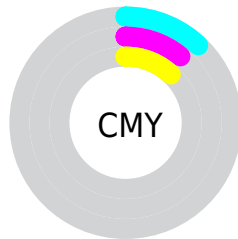
- Red (88%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (88%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (12%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 87.0842, -5.1473, 5.0720 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 87.0842, -5.1473, 5.0720 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 87.0842, -5.1473,
5.0720

■ 87.0842, -5.1473,
5.0720

219.2714,
-12.3893, 12.3890

■ 75.0341, -4.4815,
4.4012

112.9161, -6.5741,
6.5096

■ 63.5960, -3.8450,
3.7615

126.6457, -7.3286,
7.2712

■ 52.8065, -3.2418,
3.1561

140.8906, -8.1099,
8.0603

■ 42.7073, -2.6735,
2.5870

155.6328, -8.9170,
8.8759

■ 33.3494, -2.1425,
2.0567

170.8561, -9.7493,
9.7174

■ 24.7969, -1.6516,
1.5683

186.5458,

■ 17.1342, -1.2042,

-10.6058, 10.5839

1.1256

202.6883,
-11.4861, 11.4746

■ 10.4800, -0.8047,
0.7339

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.0842, -5.1473,
5.0720

■ 87.0842, -5.1473,
5.0720

■ 84.4344, -15.9013,
12.3376

■ 90.0178, 6.3583,
-2.6998

■ 82.0746, -25.7707,
19.0069

■ 91.0361, 10.2688,
-5.3404

■ 80.0159, -34.6332,
24.9967

■ 78.2635, -42.3763,
30.2308

■ 76.8183, -48.9096,
34.6476

■ 75.6753, -54.1764,
38.2086

■ 74.8231, -58.1638,
40.9047

■ 74.2422, -60.9117,
42.7628

■ 73.9041, -62.5227,
43.8521

Harmonies

Analogous

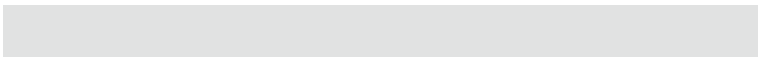
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.0861, -4.9076, 5.2648



87.0842, -5.1473, 5.0720



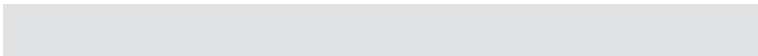
87.0861, -5.2577, 4.7922

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.0861, -5.1493, 5.0734



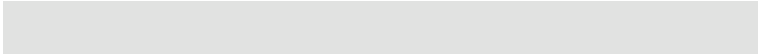
87.0861, -4.7059, 4.1608



87.0861, -4.0976, 4.9838

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87.0842, -5.1473, 5.0720



86.8978, -4.1329, 4.3787

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.0861, -4.0434, 4.6884



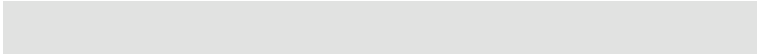
87.0842, -5.1473, 5.0720



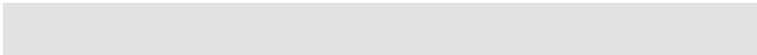
87.0861, -4.3949, 4.2126

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



87.0861, -5.1493, 5.0734



87.0861, -5.0019, 4.2647



87.0861, -4.1523, 4.4060



87.0861, -4.3003, 5.2132

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87.0842, -5.1473, 5.0720



87.0861, -5.2398, 4.5914



87.0861, -4.1523, 4.4060



87.0861, -4.0614, 4.8890

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.0861, -5.1493, 5.0734

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



87.1737, -4.8173, 5.1820



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.0861, -5.1493, 5.0734



99.6777, -6.6224, 6.3024



87.1013, -5.0659, 4.8561



40.2076, -2.6386, 2.5200



55.7056, -47.7673, 33.4893



14.6660, -12.5759, 8.8170

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86.8978, -4.1329, 4.3787



99.1886, -3.9822, 4.4980



86.8825, -4.2167, 4.5971



40.0226, -1.6400, 1.8375



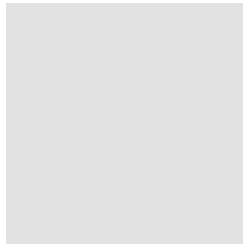
35.1511, 69.1090, -46.3671



9.2545, 18.1948, -12.2072

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.0842, -5.1473, 5.0720 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

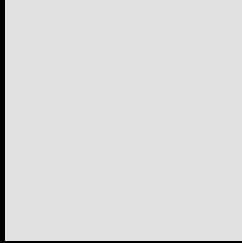
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.0842, -5.1473, 5.0720 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

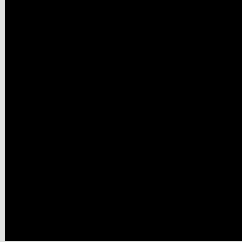
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

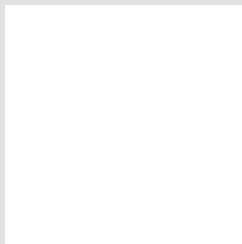
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 87.0842, -5.1473, 5.0720 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.0842, -5.1473, 5.0720.

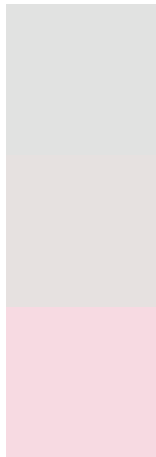


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.0842, -5.1473, 5.0720.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

87.0842, -5.1473, 5.0720

Protanopia

87.2097, -3.1747, 5.7385

Deuteranopia

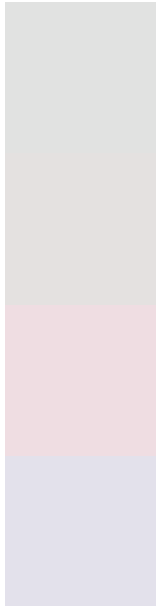
86.8378, 6.6339, 4.4990



Tritanopia

87.2675, -0.2765, -2.7705

Trichromacy



Original Color

87.0842, -5.1473, 5.0720

Protanomaly

87.0208, -3.8291, 5.5066

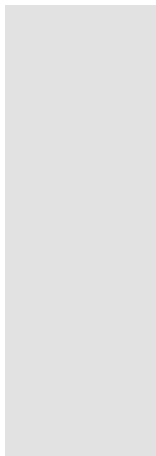
Deuteranomaly

86.9222, 2.2741, 4.5224

Tritanomaly

87.2809, -2.2222, 0.3519

Monochromacy



Original Color

87.0842, -5.1473, 5.0720

Achromatopsia

87.2081, -4.6532, 4.7382

Achromatomaly

87.2081, -4.6532, 4.7382

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 87.0842, -5.1473, 5.0720 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(225, 226, 225)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(225, 226, 225)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(225, 226, 225) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(225, 226, 225) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 87.0842, -5.1473, 5.0720 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(225, 226, 225) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(225, 226, 225) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(225, 226, 225)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(225, 226, 225); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 226, 225);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(225, 226,  
225) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 87.0842, -5.1473, 5.0720 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(225, 226, 225) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(225,  
226, 225) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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