

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(87.2473, -16.3162,  
-10.8161)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(87.2473, -16.3162,  
-10.8161) contains.

<b>HunterLab(87.1145, -16.1310, -10.9927)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(87.1145,  
-16.1310, -10.9927)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B5EAFF
RGB	181, 234, 255
RGB Percent	71%, 92%, 100%
CMY	0.2902, 0.0823, 0.0000
CMYK	0.29, 0.08, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	197°, 100%, 85%
HSV	197°, 29%, 100%
XYZ	66.5288, 75.8894, 105.7493
YIQ	220.5470, -38.3290, -4.7050

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

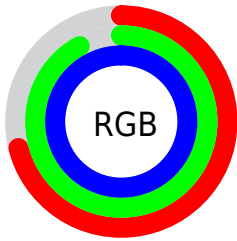
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	181, 212, 255
Decimal	11922175
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	89.81, -12.13, -15.63
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	90, 19.785, 232.198
Yxy	75.8923, 0.2681, 0.3058
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290112255 (0xFFB5E AFF)
YUV	220.5470, 16.9853, -34.6827
Hunter-Lab	87.1145, -16.1310, -10.9927

# Details

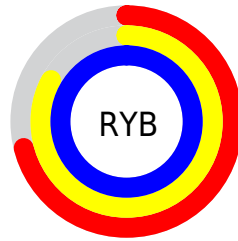
The HunterLab color **87.1145, -16.1310, -10.9927** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **81.7538, 11.2985, 18.8688**, and the grayscale version is **84.7781, -4.5235, 4.6062**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98.4465, -10.7827, 3.4954**, and **63.5245, -13.6135, -10.9596** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83.0966, -18.5299, -16.6240**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91.3600, -13.0126, -5.3299**.

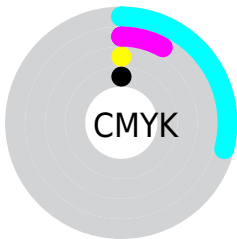
# Distribution



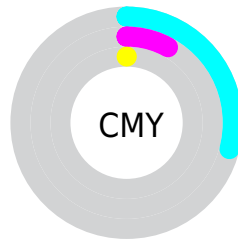
- Red (71%)
- Green (92%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (71%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 87.1145, -16.1310, -10.9927 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 87.1145, -16.1310, -10.9927 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



87.1145, -16.1310,  
-10.9927

87.1145, -16.1310,  
-10.9927

219.3123,  
-27.5232, -8.6553

75.0628, -14.9021,  
-11.0152

112.9489,  
-18.6035, -10.7808

63.6231, -13.6714,  
-10.9812

126.6798,  
-19.8486, -10.6024

52.8320, -12.4357,  
-10.8843

140.9259,  
-21.1020, -10.3787

42.7311, -11.1887,  
-10.7195

155.6694,  
-22.3648, -10.1120

33.3713, -9.9206,  
-10.4822

170.8938,  
-23.6377, -9.8045

24.8167, -8.6165,  
-10.1696

186.5846,

17.1517, -7.2502,

-24.9214, -9.4581

-9.7869

202.7282,  
-26.2164, -9.0746

■ 10.4949, -5.8459,  
-9.3718

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 87.1145, -16.1310,  
-10.9927

■ 87.1145, -16.1310,  
-10.9927

■ 83.0966, -18.5299,  
-16.6240

■ 91.3600, -13.0126,  
-5.3299

■ 79.3146, -20.1359,  
-22.2012

■ 95.8142, -9.2406,  
0.3350

■ 75.7824, -20.8876,  
-27.6874

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 72.5088, -20.7361,  
-33.0435

■ 69.4983, -19.6574,  
-38.2308

■ 66.7466, -17.6677,  
-43.2189

■ 64.2268, -14.8779,  
-48.0200

■ 63.9856, -14.5846,  
-48.4926

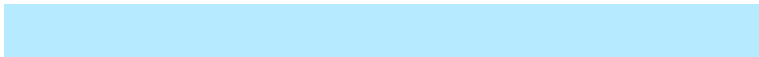
# Harmonies

## Analogous

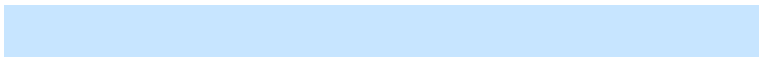
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.1162, -21.7571, -2.4584



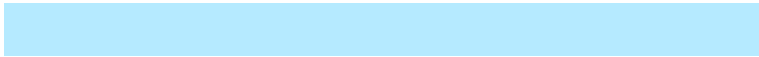
87.1145, -16.1310, -10.9927



87.1162, -7.2488, -15.4046

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.1162, -16.1323, -10.9905



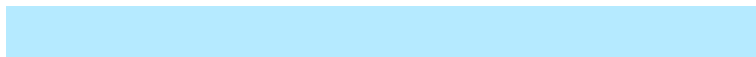
87.1162, 15.2354, 2.2213



87.1162, -11.8019, 20.0397

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87.1145, -16.1310, -10.9927



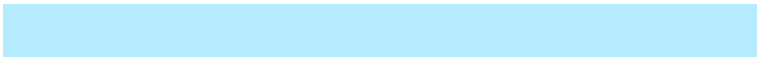
81.7538, 11.2985, 18.8688

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.1162, -2.0264, 20.9927



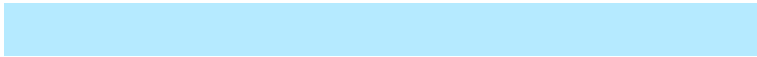
87.1145, -16.1310, -10.9927



87.1162, 13.8818, 11.3758

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



87.1162, -16.1323, -10.9905



87.1162, 11.0726, -7.2357



87.1162, 7.4534, 17.9965

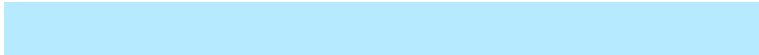


87.1162, -19.3366, 15.2285



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87.1145, -16.1310, -10.9927



87.1162, -0.5513, -15.1061



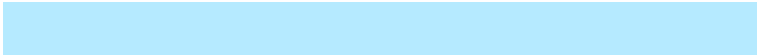
87.1162, 7.4534, 17.9965



87.1162, -8.6802, 20.7982

# Sweetspot

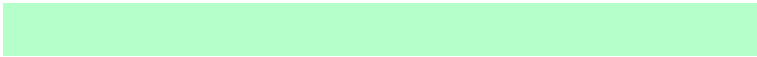
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.1162, -16.1323, -10.9905



95.8225, -9.2332, 0.3454



92.5240, -35.6031, 20.5955



44.0263, -4.5432, -0.2213

0.0000, NaN, NaN

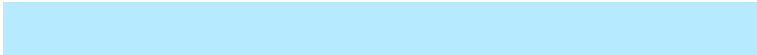


46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

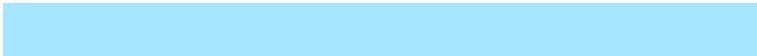


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.1162, -16.1323, -10.9905



84.6840, -17.6578, -14.3652



75.4937, 2.8510, -27.7327



44.2257, -4.3665, 0.0277



46.5401, -10.9692, -34.4918



15.1492, -4.3343, -9.5788



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.6208, 31.1555, -11.0865



73.5776, 38.7997, -14.1165



92.9033, -8.0314, 29.2057



42.6700, 2.9688, -0.0969



35.9368, 66.5674, -15.7281

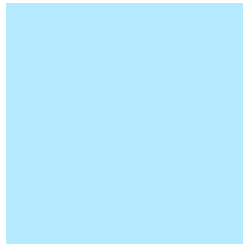


11.2970, 21.0690, -6.0529



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.1145, -16.1310, -10.9927 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

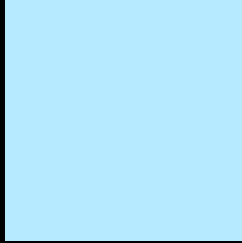
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.1145, -16.1310, -10.9927 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

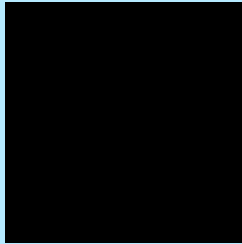
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 87.1145, -16.1310, -10.9927 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.1145, -16.1310, -10.9927.



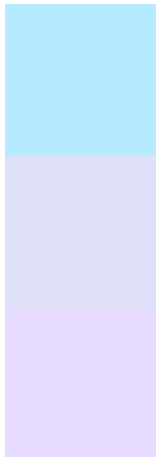
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.1145, -16.1310, -10.9927.

-16.1310, -10.9927.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

87.1145, -16.1310, -10.9927

### Protanopia

86.9587, -0.8465, -6.9814

### Deuteranopia

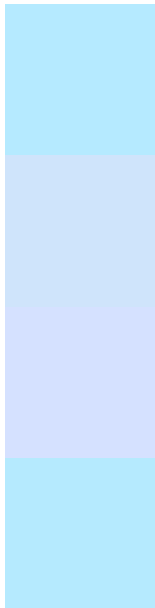
86.8305, 5.5118, -10.9995



## Tritanopia

87.0409, -16.5440, -9.9559

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

87.1145, -16.1310, -10.9927

## Protanomaly

87.0157, -6.8607, -8.6881

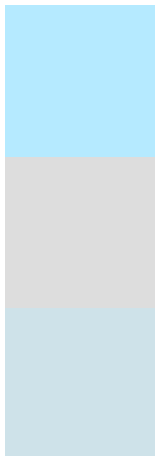
## Deuteranomaly

86.7275, -2.7290, -11.2839

## Tritanomaly

87.0776, -16.3379, -10.4732

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

87.1145, -16.1310, -10.9927

## Achromatopsia

85.0326, -4.5371, 4.6200

## Achromatomaly

85.6725, -9.5854, -0.7279

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 87.1145, -16.1310, -10.9927 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(181, 234, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(181, 234, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(181, 234, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(181, 234, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 87.1145, -16.1310, -10.9927 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(181, 234, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(181, 234, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(181, 234, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(181, 234, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 234, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(181, 234,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 87.1145, -16.1310, -10.9927 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(181, 234, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(181,  
234, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor