

Converting Colors

HunterLab(87.2536, -9.3515,
4.7087)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(87.2536, -9.3515, 4.7087)
contains.

HunterLab(87.2517, -9.3496, 4.7073)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(87.2517, -9.3496,
4.7073)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D8E5E2
RGB	216, 229, 226
RGB Percent	85%, 90%, 89%
CMY	0.1529, 0.1019, 0.1137
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.01, 0.10
HSL	166°, 20%, 87%
HSV	166°, 6%, 90%
XYZ	70.0657, 76.1286, 82.9530
YIQ	224.7710, -6.7850, -3.6890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

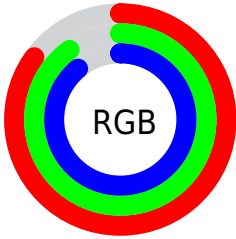
Format	Color
R _{YB}	216, 223, 229
Decimal	14214626
CIE Lab	89.92, -4.87, -0.04
CIE LCh	90, 4.875, 180.518
Yxy	76.1318, 0.3058, 0.3322
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292404706 (0xFFD8E5E2)
YUV	224.7710, 0.6059, -7.6922
Hunter-Lab	87.2517, -9.3496, 4.7073

Details

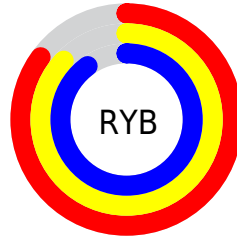
The HunterLab color $87.2517, -9.3496, 4.7073$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $84.1940, 0.3427, 4.6889$, and the grayscale version is $86.6737, -4.6247, 4.7091$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $63.8666, -7.8396, 3.4499$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $85.2041, -17.0158, 4.7431$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $89.5328, -1.0767, 4.9435$.

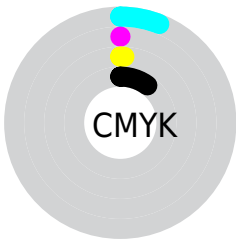
Distribution



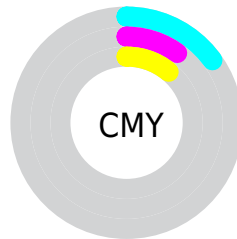
- Red (85%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (1%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 87.2517, -9.3496, 4.7073 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 87.2517, -9.3496, 4.7073 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 87.2517, -9.3496,
4.7073

■ 87.2517, -9.3496,
4.7073

219.4992,
-18.1353, 11.8925

■ 75.1935, -8.4754,
4.0542

113.0987,
-11.1644, 6.1118

■ 63.7468, -7.6194,
3.4332

126.8354,
-12.1011, 6.8578

■ 52.9483, -6.7829,
2.8476

141.0872,
-13.0580, 7.6319

■ 42.8394, -5.9649,
2.2997

155.8360,
-14.0346, 8.4331

■ 33.4711, -5.1638,
1.7923

171.0658,
-15.0310, 9.2605

■ 24.9071, -4.3761,
1.3289

186.7617,

■ 17.2316, -3.5956,

-16.0467, 10.1134

0.9142

202.9102,
-17.0815, 10.9909

■ 10.5628, -2.8089,
0.5548

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 87.2517, -9.3496,
4.7073

■ 87.2517, -9.3496,
4.7073

■ 85.2041, -17.0158,
4.7431

■ 89.5328, -1.0767,
4.9435

■ 83.3895, -24.0014,
5.0512

■ 91.3189, 5.3349,
4.5524

■ 81.8121, -30.2468,
5.6323

■ 91.4902, 6.2531,
2.1124

■ 80.4715, -35.7029,
6.4796

■ 91.6662, 7.1948,
-0.3897

■ 79.3640, -40.3372,
7.5795

■ 91.8468, 8.1598,
-2.9538

■ 78.4816, -44.1389,
8.9118

■ 91.9356, 8.6332,
-4.2119

■ 77.8117, -47.1236,
10.4493

■ 77.3363, -49.3383,
12.1578

■ 77.0296, -50.8691,
13.9951

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.2536, -8.7498, 6.9404



87.2517, -9.3496, 4.7073



87.2536, -8.7078, 2.4277

Triad

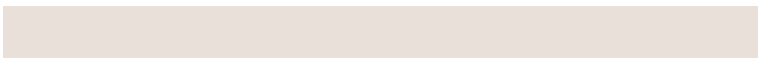
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.2536, -9.3515, 4.7087



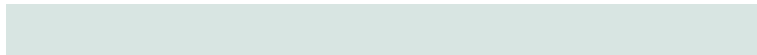
87.2536, -2.2393, 0.7735



87.2536, -2.3143, 8.5856

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87.2517, -9.3496, 4.7073



84.1940, 0.3427, 4.6889

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.2536, -0.5377, 7.0091



87.2517, -9.3496, 4.7073



87.2536, -0.4940, 2.5002

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



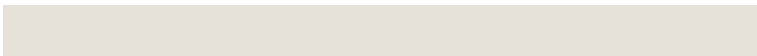
87.2536, -9.3515, 4.7087



87.2536, -4.6174, 0.1174



87.2536, 0.1321, 4.7902



87.2536, -4.7032, 9.1407

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87.2517, -9.3496, 4.7073



87.2536, -7.6549, 1.1957



87.2536, 0.1321, 4.7902



87.2536, -1.6248, 8.1597

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.2536, -9.3515, 4.7087



99.4836, -7.2128, 5.3817



87.2153, -10.0977, 9.3996



46.0374, -3.2942, 2.4909

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.2536, -9.3515, 4.7087



98.2383, -11.7869, 5.3065



86.2544, -7.0478, 2.0685



40.5294, -5.0618, 2.1907



58.1842, -38.7636, 10.9542



15.8606, -10.2705, 2.3466

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84.1940, 0.3427, 4.6889



93.9588, 1.7748, 5.2799



85.1617, -1.9687, 7.2114



38.6312, 0.9540, 2.1791



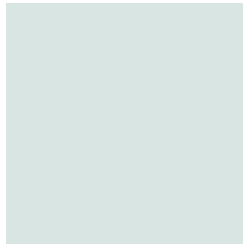
31.1223, 53.8174, 16.0827



8.5429, 14.9345, 3.1602

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.2517, -9.3496, 4.7073 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

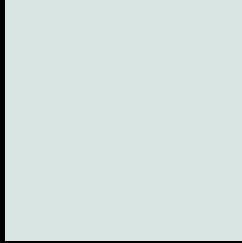
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.2517, -9.3496, 4.7073 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

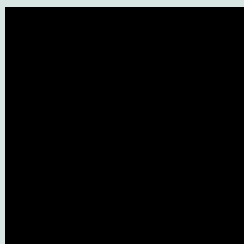
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

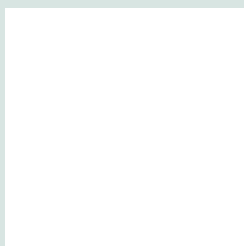
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 87.2517, -9.3496, 4.7073 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.2517, -9.3496, 4.7073.



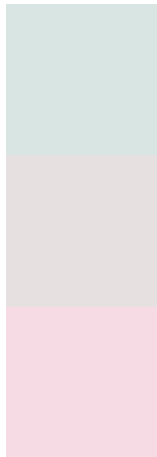
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.2517, -9.3496,

4.7073.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

87.2517, -9.3496, 4.7073

Protanopia

87.2097, -3.1747, 5.7385

Deuteranopia

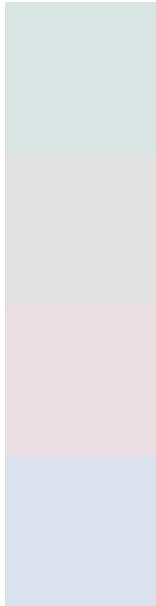
87.2001, 6.4383, 3.9390



Tritanopia

87.1691, -3.5951, -4.5644

Trichromacy



Original Color

87.2517, -9.3496, 4.7073

Protanomaly

87.0842, -5.1473, 5.0720

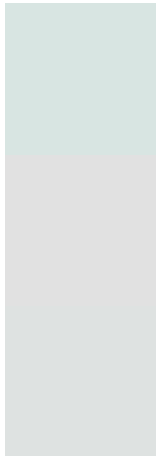
Deuteranomaly

87.2664, 0.3760, 4.4047

Tritanomaly

87.1539, -5.7348, -0.9020

Monochromacy



Original Color

87.2517, -9.3496, 4.7073

Achromatopsia

86.7722, -4.6299, 4.7145

Achromatomaly

86.8093, -6.1065, 4.7323

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 87.2517, -9.3496, 4.7073 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(216, 229, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 229, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 229, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 229, 226) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 87.2517, -9.3496, 4.7073 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 229, 226) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 229, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(216, 229, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(216, 229, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 229, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 229,  
226) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 87.2517, -9.3496, 4.7073 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 229, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216,  
229, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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