

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(87.2760, 1.5730,  
3.0660)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(87.2760, 1.5730, 3.0660)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(87.1552, 1.7581,  
2.8076)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EDDEE6
RGB	237, 222, 230
RGB Percent	93%, 87%, 90%
CMY	0.0706, 0.1294, 0.0980
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.03, 0.07
HSL	328°, 29%, 90%
HSV	328°, 6%, 93%
XYZ	75.3293, 75.9603, 85.5544
YIQ	227.3970, 6.3720, 5.6680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

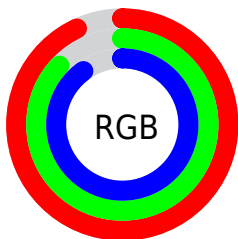
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	237, 222, 230
Decimal	15589094
CIE Lab	89.84, 6.50, -2.07
CIE LCh	90, 6.821, 342.348
Yxy	75.9636, 0.3181, 0.3207
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293779174 (0xFFEDDEE6)
YUV	227.3970, 1.2833, 8.4218
Hunter-Lab	87.1552, 1.7581, 2.8076

# Details

The HunterLab color  $87.1552, 1.7581, 2.8076$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $90.4197, -11.0549, 6.9123$ , and the grayscale version is  $87.8118, -4.6854, 4.7710$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $63.6839, 2.3867, 1.5243$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $79.7772, 12.4662, -0.3992$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $94.9169, -8.7391, 6.3198$ .

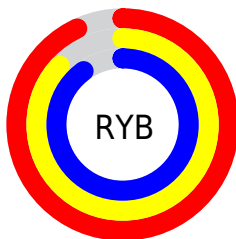
# Distribution



Red (93%)

Green (87%)

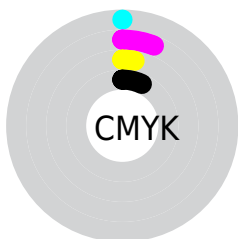
Blue (90%)



Red (93%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (90%)

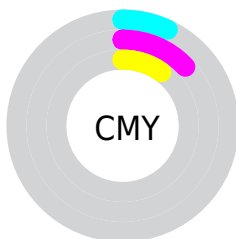


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (7%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (10%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 87.1552, 1.7581, 2.8076 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 87.1552, 1.7581, 2.8076 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



87.1552, 1.7581,  
2.8076

87.1552, 1.7581,  
2.8076

219.3680, -3.0527,  
9.3221

75.1017, 2.0984,  
2.2444

112.9936, 0.9397,  
4.0443

63.6599, 2.3926,  
1.7179

126.7261, 0.4717,  
4.7112

52.8666, 2.6338,  
1.2323

140.9739, -0.0332,  
5.4091

42.7634, 2.8162,  
0.7910

155.7190, -0.5731,  
6.1366

33.4010, 2.9321,  
0.3982

170.9450, -1.1464,  
6.8926

24.8436, 2.9711,  
0.0598

186.6373, -1.7516,

17.1755, 2.9177,

7.6761

-0.2162

202.7824, -2.3874,  
8.4862

10.5151, 2.7473,  
-0.4176

0.0000, INF, -NF

87.1552, 1.7581,  
2.8076

87.1552, 1.7581,  
2.8076

79.7772, 12.4662,  
-0.3992

94.9169, -8.7391,  
6.3198

72.8418, 23.3529,  
-3.2135

98.2655, -11.6099,  
4.7163

66.4305, 34.3096,  
-5.5102

98.3589, -11.0925,  
3.3853

60.6392, 45.1192,  
-7.1290

■ 55.5778, 55.4023,  
-7.8777

■ 51.3618, 64.5850,  
-7.5584

■ 48.0923, 71.9427,  
-6.0261

■ 45.8232, 76.7859,  
-3.2764

■ 44.5164, 78.7915,  
0.4783

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.1571, -0.1419, -0.0491



87.1552, 1.7581, 2.8076



87.1571, 1.9194, 6.0827

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.1571, 1.7559, 2.8091



87.1571, -6.0690, 10.6856



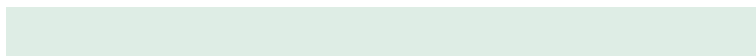
87.1571, -9.5033, 0.3859

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87.1552, 1.7581, 2.8076



90.4197, -11.0549, 6.9123

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.1571, -11.0404, 3.3841



87.1552, 1.7581, 2.8076



87.1571, -9.0784, 9.2798

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



87.1571, 1.7559, 2.8091



87.1571, -2.6347, 10.5451



87.1571, -10.8861, 6.6359



87.1571, -6.6574, -1.4851



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87.1552, 1.7581, 2.8076



87.1571, 1.0195, 8.0531



87.1571, -10.8861, 6.6359



87.1571, -10.1882, 1.3002

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.1571, 1.7559, 2.8091



98.3040, -3.0474, 4.6647



86.6133, 0.3619, -1.4693



45.5186, -1.4624, 2.1756

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.1571, 1.7559, 2.8091



93.3111, 3.8756, 2.4327



86.9203, 0.4744, 6.1862



38.9722, 2.3390, 0.8123



32.6868, 58.5912, 0.8580



9.2649, 16.8002, -1.2515



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.1571, 1.7559, 2.8091



93.3111, 3.8756, 2.4327



90.6560, -9.7459, 3.5406



38.9722, 2.3390, 0.8123



32.6868, 58.5912, 0.8580

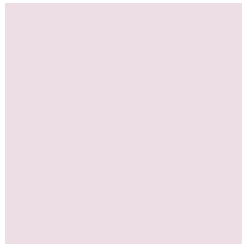


9.2649, 16.8002, -1.2515



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.1552, 1.7581, 2.8076 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

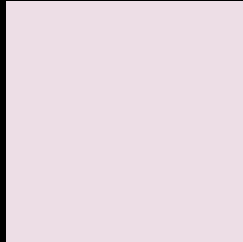
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.1552, 1.7581, 2.8076 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

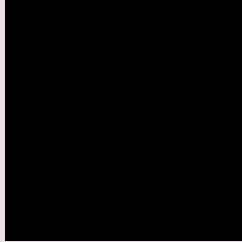
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

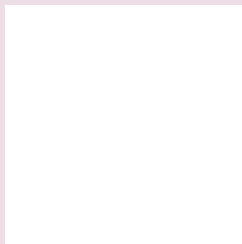
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 87.1552, 1.7581, 2.8076 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.1552, 1.7581, 2.8076.



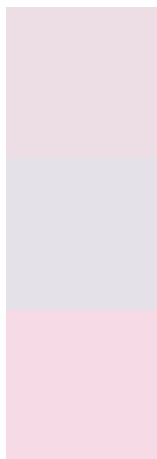
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.1552, 1.7581,

2.8076.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

87.1552, 1.7581, 2.8076

### Protanopia

87.2758, -2.4368, 1.8727

### Deuteranopia

87.1925, 6.6056, 2.4352



## Tritanopia

87.2142, 4.0469, -1.1782

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

87.1552, 1.7581, 2.8076

## Protanomaly

87.2180, -1.1128, 2.3307

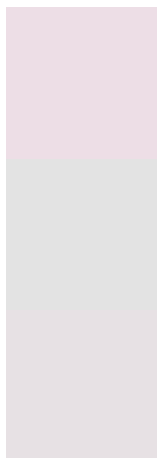
## Deuteranomaly

87.1841, 5.0344, 2.3975

## Tritanomaly

87.1138, 3.5070, 0.2469

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

87.1552, 1.7581, 2.8076

## Achromatopsia

87.6442, -4.6765, 4.7619

## Achromatomaly

87.4304, -2.1603, 4.0618

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 87.1552, 1.7581, 2.8076 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(237, 222, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(237, 222, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(237, 222, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(237, 222, 230) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 87.1552, 1.7581, 2.8076 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(237, 222, 230) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(237, 222, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(237, 222, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(237, 222, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 222, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(237, 222,  
230) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 87.1552, 1.7581, 2.8076 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(237, 222, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(237,  
222, 230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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