

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(87.2898, 0.3646,  
4.2931)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(87.2898, 0.3646, 4.2931)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(87.2664, 0.3760, 4.4047)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(87.2664, 0.3760,  
4.4047)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	<a href="#">ECDFE3</a>
RGB	<a href="#">236, 223, 227</a>
RGB Percent	<a href="#">93%, 87%, 89%</a>
CMY	<a href="#">0.0745, 0.1255, 0.1098</a>
CMYK	<a href="#">0.00, 0.06, 0.04, 0.07</a>
HSL	<a href="#">342°, 25%, 90%</a>
HSV	<a href="#">342°, 6%, 93%</a>
XYZ	<a href="#">74.8448, 76.1542, 83.4275</a>
YIQ	<a href="#">227.3430, 6.4640, 4.0000</a>

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

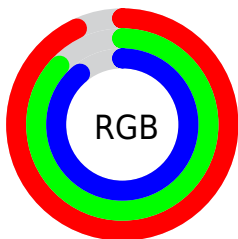
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	236, 223, 227
Decimal	15523811
CIE Lab	89.93, 5.12, -0.37
CIE LCh	90, 5.132, 355.853
Yxy	76.1576, 0.3193, 0.3249
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293713891 (0xFFE0DFE3)
YUV	227.3430, -0.1691, 7.5922
Hunter-Lab	87.2664, 0.3760, 4.4047

# Details

The HunterLab color  $87.2664, 0.3760, 4.4047$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $90.2812, -9.7150, 5.3211$ , and the grayscale version is  $87.7943, -4.6845, 4.7700$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $63.7865, 1.0692, 3.0452$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $79.7200, 10.1156, 3.6328$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $95.1870, -9.1258, 5.5072$ .

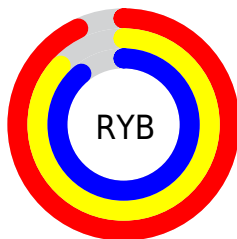
# Distribution



Red (93%)

Green (87%)

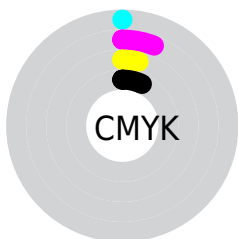
Blue (89%)



Red (93%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (89%)

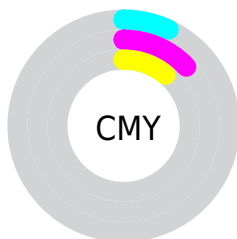


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (7%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (11%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 87.2664, 0.3760, 4.4047 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 87.2664, 0.3760, 4.4047 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



87.2664, 0.3760,  
4.4047

87.2664, 0.3760,  
4.4047

219.5192, -4.9124,  
11.4815

75.2075, 0.7800,  
3.7662

113.1148, -0.5617,  
5.7821

63.7601, 1.1410,  
3.1606

126.8521, -1.0859,  
6.5153

52.9607, 1.4529,  
2.5912

141.1045, -1.6451,  
7.2770

42.8511, 1.7104,  
2.0607

155.8539, -2.2376,  
8.0663

33.4818, 1.9069,  
1.5720

171.0842, -2.8618,  
8.8822

24.9168, 2.0331,  
1.1291

186.7807, -3.5164,

17.2402, 2.0758,

9.7239

0.7372

202.9298, -4.2003,  
10.5905

10.5701, 2.0134,  
0.4040

0.0000, INF, -NF

87.2664, 0.3760,  
4.4047

87.2664, 0.3760,  
4.4047

79.7200, 10.1156,  
3.6328

95.1870, -9.1258,  
5.5072

72.6062, 20.0848,  
3.2618

98.2716, -11.4015,  
3.2754

66.0071, 30.2117,  
3.3829

60.0209, 40.3285,  
4.0960

■ 54.7634, 50.1145,  
5.4959

■ 50.3604, 59.0476,  
7.6388

■ 46.9284, 66.4226,  
10.4922

■ 44.5399, 71.5135,  
13.8849

■ 43.1756, 73.9065,  
17.5007

# Harmonies

## Analogous

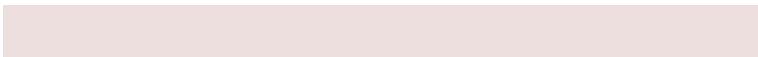
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.2683, -0.4912, 2.0425



87.2664, 0.3760, 4.4047



87.2683, -0.1232, 6.7957

# Triad

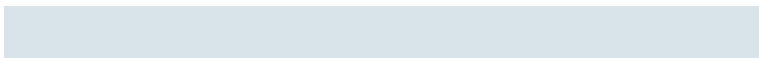
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.2683, 0.3738, 4.4061



87.2683, -6.8272, 8.9165



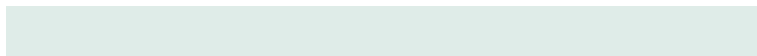
87.2683, -7.4455, 0.7282

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87.2664, 0.3760, 4.4047



90.2812, -9.7150, 5.3211

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.2683, -9.1081, 2.6541



87.2664, 0.3760, 4.4047



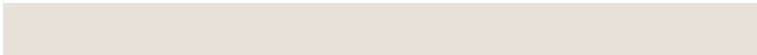
87.2683, -8.7541, 7.3740

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



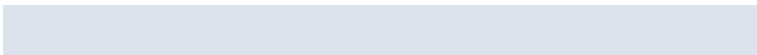
87.2683, 0.3738, 4.4061



87.2683, -4.2998, 9.3550



87.2683, -9.5843, 5.0930



87.2683, -5.0218, -0.1200

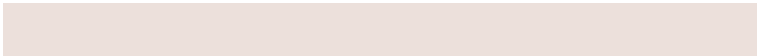


# Rectangle

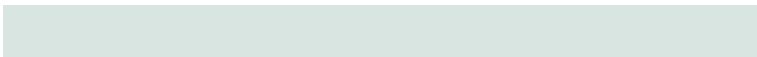
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87.2664, 0.3760, 4.4047



87.2683, -1.1569, 8.0894



87.2683, -9.5843, 5.0930



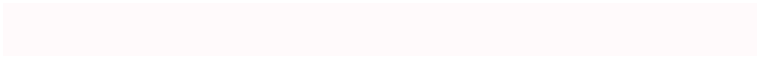
87.2683, -8.1108, 1.2737

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.2683, 0.3738, 4.4061



98.2668, -3.2501, 5.1944



87.1615, 0.5934, -0.2628



45.5023, -1.5516, 2.4085

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

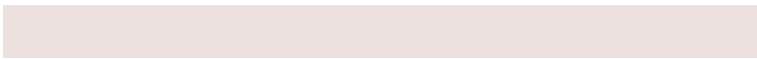
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.2683, 0.3738, 4.4061



94.0024, 2.0107, 4.6574



87.8758, -1.5533, 7.0165



39.5645, 1.0917, 1.9475



31.7995, 55.3453, 13.6668



9.0039, 15.8505, 2.4762



# Inverse Universe

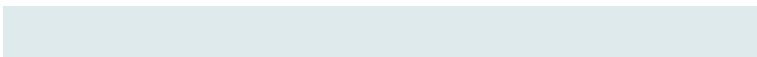
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.2683, 0.3738, 4.4061



94.0024, 2.0107, 4.6574



89.6515, -7.7847, 2.6241



39.5645, 1.0917, 1.9475



31.7995, 55.3453, 13.6668

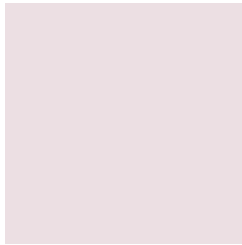


9.0039, 15.8505, 2.4762



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.2664, 0.3760, 4.4047 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

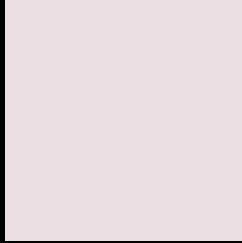
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.2664, 0.3760, 4.4047 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

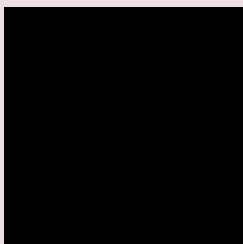
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

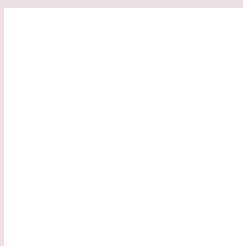
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 87.2664, 0.3760, 4.4047 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.2664, 0.3760, 4.4047.



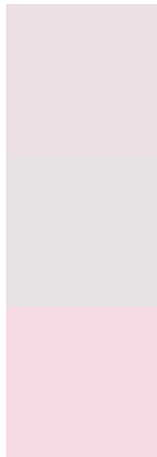
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.2664, 0.3760,

4.4047.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

87.2664, 0.3760, 4.4047

### Protanopia

87.2410, -2.8146, 3.8255

### Deuteranopia

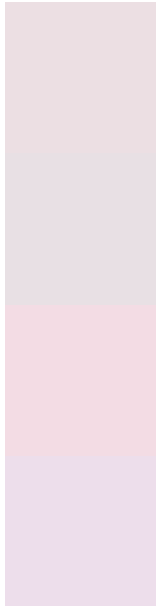
87.2001, 6.4383, 3.9390



## Tritanopia

87.2479, 4.2286, -1.6578

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

87.2664, 0.3760, 4.4047

## Protanomaly

87.2173, -1.3079, 3.8238

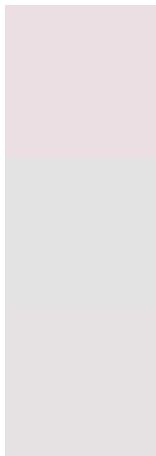
## Deuteranomaly

87.0876, 4.5165, 3.7715

## Tritanomaly

87.3185, 2.6401, 0.4833

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

87.2664, 0.3760, 4.4047

## Achromatopsia

87.6442, -4.6765, 4.7619

## Achromatomaly

87.6138, -3.1824, 4.7522

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 87.2664, 0.3760, 4.4047 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(236, 223, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(236, 223, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 223, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(236, 223, 227) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 87.2664, 0.3760, 4.4047 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(236, 223, 227) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(236, 223, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(236, 223, 227)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(236, 223, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 223, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 223,  
227) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 87.2664, 0.3760, 4.4047 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(236, 223, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(236,  
223, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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