

Converting Colors

HunterLab(87.3156, -3.1406,
5.6932)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(87.3156, -3.1406, 5.6932)
contains.

HunterLab(87.2097, -3.1747, 5.7385)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(87.2097, -3.1747,
5.7385)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E6E1E0
RGB	230, 225, 224
RGB Percent	90%, 88%, 88%
CMY	0.0980, 0.1176, 0.1216
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.03, 0.10
HSL	10°, 11%, 89%
HSV	10°, 3%, 90%
XYZ	73.0130, 76.0553, 81.3530
YIQ	226.3810, 3.3010, 0.7490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

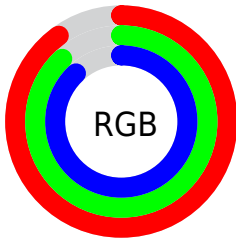
Format	Color
R _Y B	230, 225, 224
Decimal	15131104
CIE Lab	89.89, 1.52, 1.08
CIE LCh	90, 1.863, 35.416
Yxy	76.0586, 0.3169, 0.3301
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293321184 (0xFFE6E1E0)
YUV	226.3810, -1.1738, 3.1739
Hunter-Lab	87.2097, -3.1747, 5.7385

Details

The HunterLab color $87.2097, -3.1747, 5.7385$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $88.0898, -6.1475, 3.7847$, and the grayscale version is $87.3798, -4.6624, 4.7475$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $63.8185, -1.9972, 4.4171$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $80.6924, 3.0452, 9.1730$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $93.9866, -9.0826, 2.2434$.

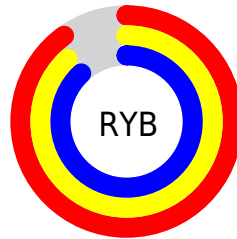
Distribution



Red (90%)

Green (88%)

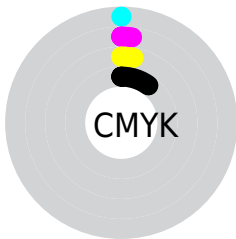
Blue (88%)



Red (90%)

Yellow (88%)

Blue (88%)

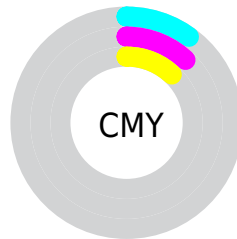


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (3%)

Black (10%)



Cyan (10%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (12%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 87.2097, -3.1747, 5.7385 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 87.2097, -3.1747, 5.7385 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 87.2097, -3.1747,
5.7385

■ 87.2097, -3.1747,
5.7385

219.4421, -9.7090,
13.2988

■ 75.1536, -2.6040,
5.0349

113.0530, -4.4241,
7.2372

■ 63.7090, -2.0677,
4.3607

126.7879, -5.0951,
8.0275

■ 52.9127, -1.5705,
3.7186

141.0379, -5.7959,
8.8442

■ 42.8063, -1.1156,
3.1103

155.7851, -6.5253,
9.6866

■ 33.4406, -0.7068,
2.5377

171.0132, -7.2822,
10.5539

■ 24.8795, -0.3495,
2.0027

186.7076, -8.0657,

■ 17.2072, -0.0511,

11.4455

1.5079

202.8546, -8.8749,
12.3606

■ 10.5420, 0.1769,
1.0557

0.0000, INF, NaN

■ 87.2097, -3.1747,
5.7385

■ 87.2097, -3.1747,
5.7385

■ 80.6924, 3.0452,
9.1730

■ 93.9866, -9.0826,
2.2434

■ 74.4662, 9.6171,
12.5180

■ 97.7565, -13.2307,
2.6252

■ 68.5780, 16.5611,
15.7366

■ 63.0828, 23.8735,
18.7716

■ 58.0458, 31.5030,
21.5407

■ 53.5422, 39.3193,
23.9314

■ 49.6535, 47.0783,
25.8051

■ 46.4590, 54.4019,
27.0183

■ 44.0197, 60.8018,
27.4749

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.2116, -2.8473, 4.9097



87.2097, -3.1747, 5.7385



87.2116, -3.9032, 6.2997

Triad

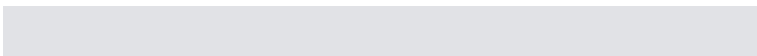
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.2116, -3.1768, 5.7399



87.2116, -6.2992, 5.4610



87.2116, -4.4870, 3.0141

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



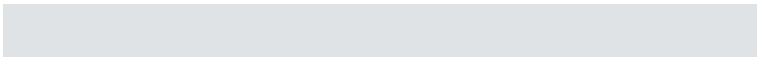
87.2097, -3.1747, 5.7385



88.0898, -6.1475, 3.7847

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.2116, -5.4104, 3.1656



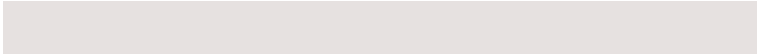
87.2097, -3.1747, 5.7385



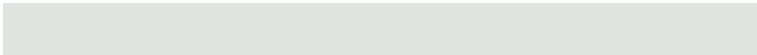
87.2116, -6.4542, 4.5844

Square

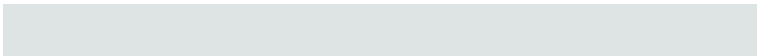
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



87.2116, -3.1768, 5.7399



87.2116, -5.7054, 6.1399



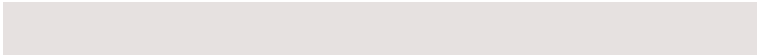
87.2116, -6.1295, 3.7426



87.2116, -3.6058, 3.3311

Rectangle

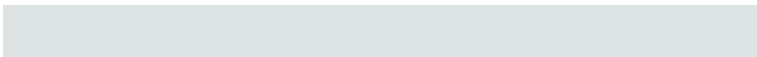
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



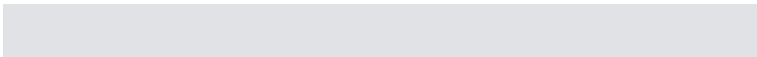
87.2097, -3.1747, 5.7385



87.2116, -4.5132, 6.4475



87.2116, -6.1295, 3.7426



87.2116, -4.8028, 3.0119

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.2116, -3.1768, 5.7399



99.2419, -4.6583, 5.8267



87.0590, -1.7915, 3.1291



45.9312, -2.1707, 2.6867

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

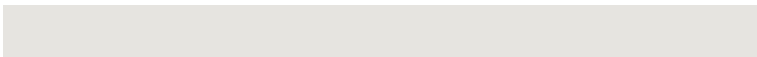
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.2116, -3.1768, 5.7399



97.7343, -3.2929, 6.6117



88.1435, -4.7331, 6.7938



40.1377, -1.1442, 2.8542



32.3204, 48.0193, 20.7563



9.4290, 11.0981, 6.0044

Inverse Universe

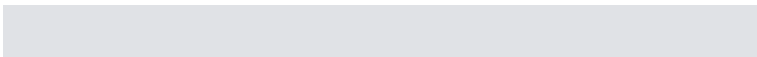
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88.0898, -6.1475, 3.7847



98.8756, -7.1537, 4.0706



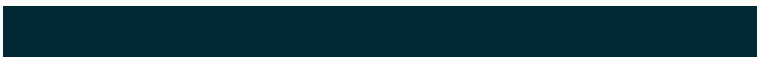
87.1518, -4.5964, 2.6915



40.7282, -3.1419, 1.5395



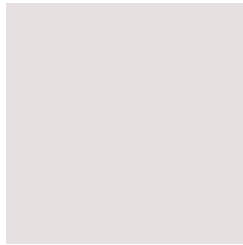
49.6117, -19.2672, -20.4181



13.8860, -5.7624, -4.9171

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.2097, -3.1747, 5.7385 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

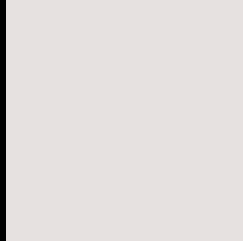
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.2097, -3.1747, 5.7385 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

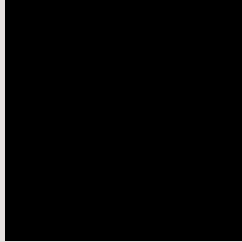
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

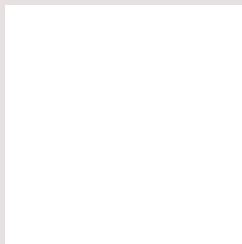
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 87.2097, -3.1747, 5.7385 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.2097, -3.1747, 5.7385.



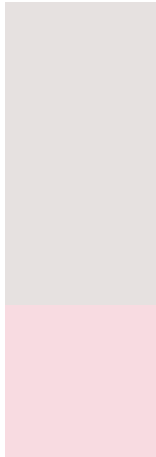
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.2097, -3.1747,

5.7385.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

87.2097, -3.1747, 5.7385

Protanopia

87.2097, -3.1747, 5.7385

Deuteranopia

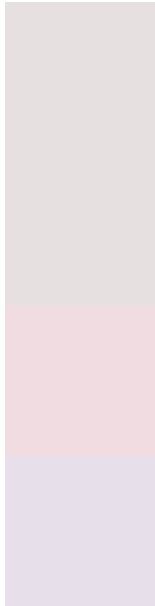
87.2099, 6.2817, 5.4195



Tritanopia

87.3055, 1.3631, -2.1634

Trichromacy



Original Color

87.2097, -3.1747, 5.7385

Protanomaly

87.2097, -3.1747, 5.7385

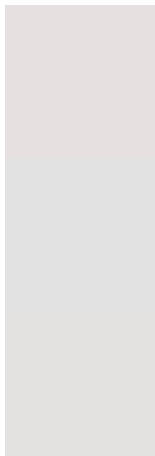
Deuteranomaly

87.0919, 2.7874, 5.2199

Tritanomaly

87.3159, -0.5804, 0.9367

Monochromacy



Original Color

87.2097, -3.1747, 5.7385

Achromatopsia

87.2081, -4.6532, 4.7382

Achromatomaly

87.2696, -4.5019, 5.3006

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 87.2097, -3.1747, 5.7385 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 225, 224)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 225, 224)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 225, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 225, 224) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 87.2097, -3.1747, 5.7385 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 225, 224) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 225, 224) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 225, 224)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 225, 224); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 225, 224);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 225,  
224) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 87.2097, -3.1747, 5.7385 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 225, 224) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
225, 224) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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