

Converting Colors

HunterLab(87.3827, -0.9929,
5.9757)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(87.3827, -0.9929, 5.9757)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(87.3815, -0.9948,
5.9768)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EBE0E0
RGB	235, 224, 224
RGB Percent	92%, 88%, 88%
CMY	0.0784, 0.1215, 0.1216
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.05, 0.08
HSL	0°, 22%, 90%
HSV	0°, 5%, 92%
XYZ	74.3711, 76.3553, 81.3393
YIQ	227.2890, 6.5560, 2.3320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

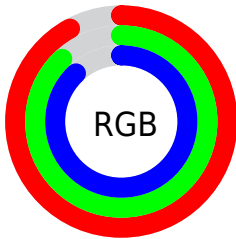
Format	Color
R _Y B	235, 224, 224
Decimal	15458528
CIE Lab	90.03, 3.74, 1.33
CIE LCh	90, 3.970, 19.564
Yxy	76.3586, 0.3205, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293648608 (0xFFEBE0E0)
YUV	227.2890, -1.6215, 6.7625
Hunter-Lab	87.3815, -0.9948, 5.9768

Details

The HunterLab color $87.3815, -0.9948, 5.9768$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $90.1448, -8.3630, 3.7048$, and the grayscale version is $87.7768, -4.6836, 4.7691$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $63.8938, -0.2345, 4.5355$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $79.6260, 7.5302, 8.2799$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $95.5169, -9.1673, 3.8229$.

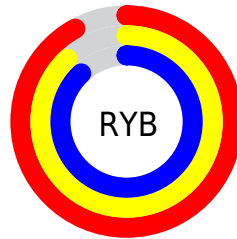
Distribution



Red (92%)

Green (88%)

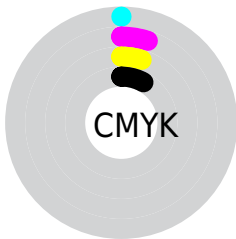
Blue (88%)



Red (92%)

Yellow (88%)

Blue (88%)

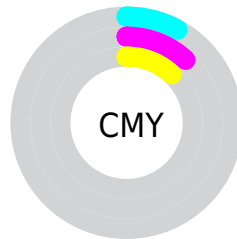


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (8%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (12%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 87.3815, -0.9948, 5.9768 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 87.3815, -0.9948, 5.9768 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

87.3815, -0.9948,
5.9768

87.3815, -0.9948,
5.9768

219.6757, -6.7613,
13.6243

75.3171, -0.5270,
5.2615

113.2403, -2.0520,
7.4975

63.8637, -0.0988,
4.5749

126.9825, -2.6326,
8.2980

53.0582, 0.2840,
3.9196

141.2396, -3.2461,
9.1247

42.9419, 0.6171,
3.2973

155.9936, -3.8911,
9.9766

33.5654, 0.8947,
2.7094

171.2283, -4.5663,
10.8532

24.9926, 1.1091,
2.1577

186.9290, -5.2704,

17.3073, 1.2491,

11.7538

1.6442

203.0823, -6.0024,
12.6776

■ 10.6271, 1.2968,
1.1703

■ 0.5320, 30.6070,
0.3724

■ 87.3815, -0.9948,
5.9768

■ 87.3815, -0.9948,
5.9768

■ 79.6260, 7.5302,
8.2799

■ 95.5169, -9.1673,
3.8229

■ 72.3117, 16.4383,
10.7407

■ 98.1847, -11.7094,
3.1660

■ 65.5251, 25.7087,
13.3603

■ 59.3715, 35.2359,
16.1108

■ 53.9765, 44.7642,
18.9153

■ 49.4792, 53.8189,
21.6246

■ 46.0104, 61.6944,
24.0114

■ 43.6531, 67.5947,
25.8152

■ 42.3880, 70.9753,
26.8525

Harmonies

Analogous

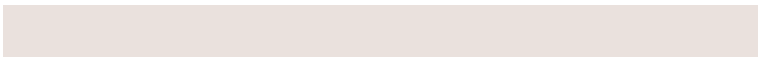
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.3834, -0.8352, 4.0882



87.3815, -0.9948, 5.9768



87.3834, -2.1473, 7.5078

Triad

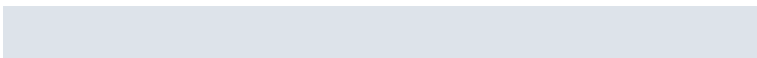
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.3834, -0.9970, 5.9782



87.3834, -7.5883, 7.1068



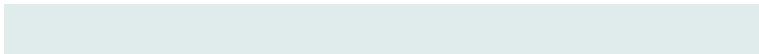
87.3834, -5.3660, 1.0645

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



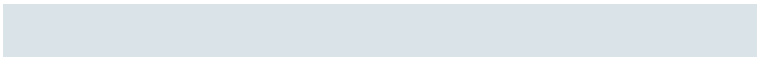
87.3815, -0.9948, 5.9768



90.1448, -8.3630, 3.7048

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.3834, -7.1589, 1.9128



87.3815, -0.9948, 5.9768



87.3834, -8.4343, 5.4196

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



87.3834, -0.9970, 5.9782



87.3834, -5.9571, 8.1491



87.3834, -8.2778, 3.5169



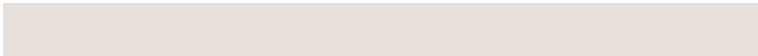
87.3834, -3.3698, 1.2222

Rectangle

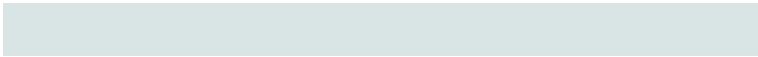
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87.3815, -0.9948, 5.9768



87.3834, -3.3142, 8.1307



87.3834, -8.2778, 3.5169



87.3834, -6.0121, 1.2422

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.3834, -0.9970, 5.9782



99.1066, -4.4325, 5.6719



87.7341, 0.9145, 0.9614



45.8717, -2.0714, 2.6186

0.0000, NaN, NaN



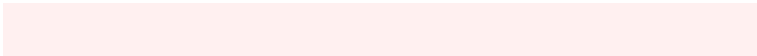
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.3834, -0.9970, 5.9782



94.6997, 0.1417, 6.8890



89.0847, -3.8678, 7.8901



39.8317, 0.2934, 2.9761



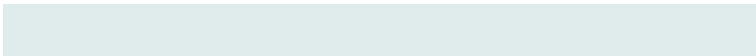
31.3548, 53.6844, 20.2605



8.7880, 15.0375, 5.6784

Inverse Universe

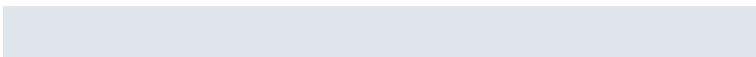
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90.1448, -8.3630, 3.7048



98.5948, -10.2499, 3.6818



88.4094, -5.5218, 1.6705



41.6416, -4.5354, 1.4857



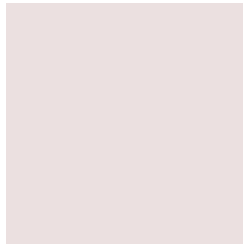
60.3157, -31.9620, -6.3924



16.9026, -8.9575, -1.7901

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.3815, -0.9948, 5.9768 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

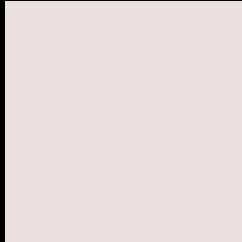
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.3815, -0.9948, 5.9768 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

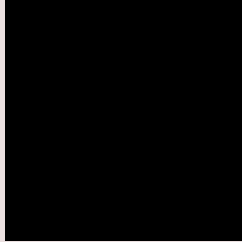
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

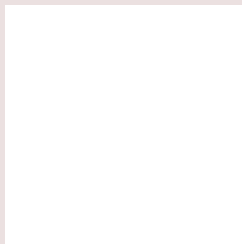
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 87.3815, -0.9948, 5.9768 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.3815, -0.9948, 5.9768.



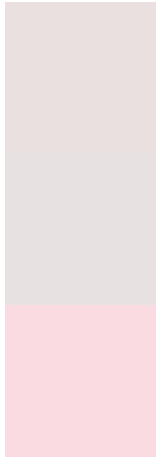
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.3815, -0.9948,

5.9768.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

87.3815, -0.9948, 5.9768

Protanopia

87.3359, -2.6757, 5.4102

Deuteranopia

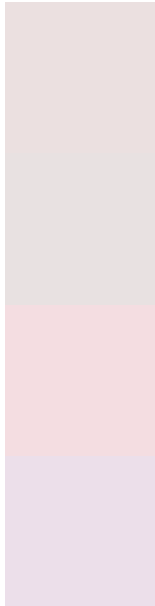
87.3150, 6.6337, 5.5486



Tritanopia

87.4523, 3.3614, -1.4174

Trichromacy



Original Color

87.3815, -0.9948, 5.9768

Protanomaly

87.4314, -2.3459, 5.5276

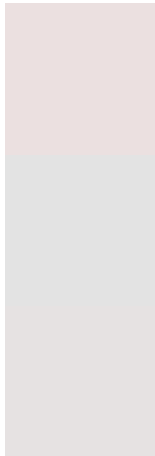
Deuteranomaly

87.3969, 3.8208, 5.5953

Tritanomaly

87.4921, 1.5980, 1.1898

Monochromacy



Original Color

87.3815, -0.9948, 5.9768

Achromatopsia

87.6442, -4.6765, 4.7619

Achromatomaly

87.5824, -3.3541, 5.2006

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 87.3815, -0.9948, 5.9768 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 224, 224)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 224, 224)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 224, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 224, 224) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 87.3815, -0.9948, 5.9768 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 224, 224) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 224, 224) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 224, 224)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 224, 224); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 224, 224); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 224, 224) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 87.3815, -0.9948, 5.9768 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 224, 224) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
224, 224) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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