

Converting Colors

HunterLab(87.3859, 0.4319,
3.6530)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(87.3859, 0.4319, 3.6530)
contains.

HunterLab(87.3300, 0.7208, 3.4976)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(87.3300, 0.7208,
3.4976)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ECDFE5
RGB	236, 223, 229
RGB Percent	93%, 87%, 90%
CMY	0.0745, 0.1255, 0.1020
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.03, 0.07
HSL	332°, 25%, 90%
HSV	332°, 6%, 93%
XYZ	75.1225, 76.2653, 84.8899
YIQ	227.5710, 5.8220, 4.6220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

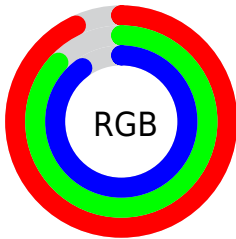
Format	Color
R _Y B	236, 223, 229
Decimal	15523813
CIE Lab	89.98, 5.47, -1.35
CIE LCh	90, 5.630, 346.172
Yxy	76.2686, 0.3179, 0.3228
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293713893 (0xFFE0DFE5)
YUV	227.5710, 0.7045, 7.3922
Hunter-Lab	87.3300, 0.7208, 3.4976

Details

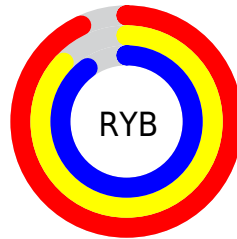
The HunterLab color $87.3300, 0.7208, 3.4976$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $90.2186, -10.0616, 6.2150$, and the grayscale version is $87.8903, -4.6896, 4.7752$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $63.8471, 1.3972, 2.1806$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $79.8997, 11.0667, 1.0735$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $95.1353, -9.4111, 6.2448$.

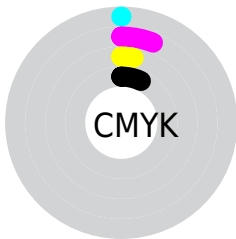
Distribution



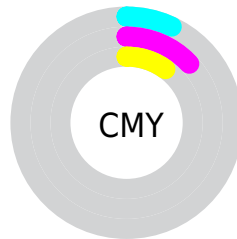
- Red (93%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (7%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (10%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 87.3300, 0.7208, 3.4976 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 87.3300, 0.7208, 3.4976 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

87.3300, 0.7208,
3.4976

87.3300, 0.7208,
3.4976

219.6057, -4.4492,
10.2533

75.2680, 1.1090,
2.9021

113.1841, -0.1873,
4.7946

63.8173, 1.4535,
2.3417

126.9242, -0.6976,
5.4899

53.0146, 1.7479,
1.8203

141.1791, -1.2434,
6.2152

42.9013, 1.9868,
1.3408

155.9311, -1.8228,
6.9692

33.5280, 2.1634,
0.9071

171.1638, -2.4344,
7.7509

24.9587, 2.2682,
0.5242

186.8626, -3.0768,

17.2773, 2.2871,

8.5594

0.1989

203.0140, -3.7487,
9.3938

■ 10.6016, 2.1982,
-0.0583

0.0000, INF, -NF

■ 87.3300, 0.7208,
3.4976

■ 87.3300, 0.7208,
3.4976

■ 79.8997, 11.0667,
1.0735

■ 95.1353, -9.4111,
6.2448

■ 72.9019, 21.6042,
-0.9448

■ 98.2528, -11.5058,
3.5436

■ 66.4168, 32.2411,
-2.4423

■ 98.2716, -11.4015,
3.2754

■ 60.5395, 42.7843,
-3.2769

■ 55.3805, 52.8852,
-3.2860

■ 51.0581, 62.0003,
-2.3138

■ 47.6797, 69.4200,
-0.2667

■ 45.3092, 74.4371,
2.8102

■ 43.9226, 76.6679,
6.6766

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.3319, -0.6773, 1.0676



87.3300, 0.7208, 3.4976



87.3319, 0.6592, 6.1927

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.3319, 0.7186, 3.4991



87.3319, -6.1850, 9.6119



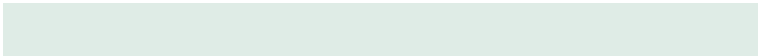
87.3319, -8.4256, 0.9102

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87.3300, 0.7208, 3.4976



90.2186, -10.0616, 6.2150

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.3319, -9.8636, 3.2898



87.3300, 0.7208, 3.4976



87.3319, -8.5814, 8.2859

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



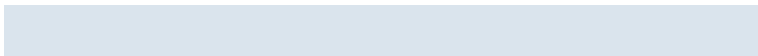
87.3319, 0.7186, 3.4991



87.3319, -3.3514, 9.6638



87.3319, -9.9203, 5.9900



87.3319, -5.9699, -0.4592

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87.3300, 0.7208, 3.4976



87.3319, -0.1983, 7.7737



87.3319, -9.9203, 5.9900



87.3319, -9.0427, 1.6218

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.3319, 0.7186, 3.4991



98.2921, -3.1120, 4.8336



86.9753, -0.0437, -0.5043



45.5134, -1.4909, 2.2499

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.3319, 0.7186, 3.4991



94.0911, 2.4899, 3.3926



87.2761, -0.5319, 6.3412



39.6049, 1.3098, 1.3714



32.3459, 57.3496, 5.7368



9.1695, 16.4548, 0.0983

Inverse Universe

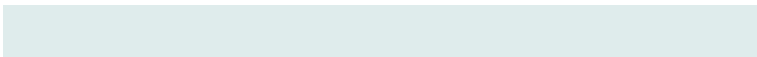
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.3319, 0.7186, 3.4991



94.0911, 2.4899, 3.3926



90.2705, -8.7893, 3.3478



39.6049, 1.3098, 1.3714



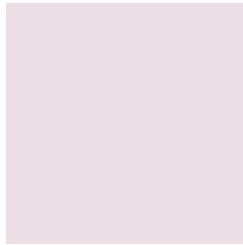
32.3459, 57.3496, 5.7368



9.1695, 16.4548, 0.0983

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.3300, 0.7208, 3.4976 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

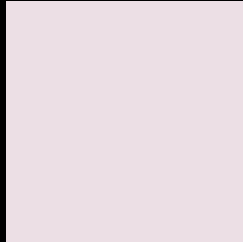
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.3300, 0.7208, 3.4976 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

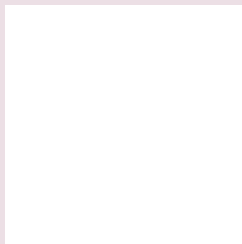
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 87.3300, 0.7208, 3.4976 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.3300, 0.7208, 3.4976.



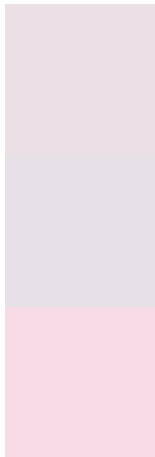
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.3300, 0.7208,

3.4976.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

87.3300, 0.7208, 3.4976

Protanopia

87.3050, -2.4654, 2.9133

Deuteranopia

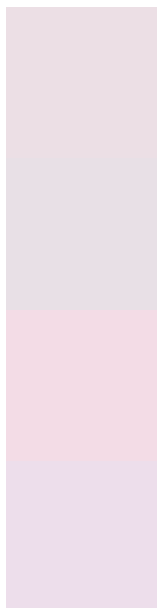
87.2642, 6.7809, 3.0263



Tritanopia

87.1490, 3.8942, -1.7877

Trichromacy



Original Color

87.3300, 0.7208, 3.4976

Protanomaly

87.2813, -0.9597, 2.9113

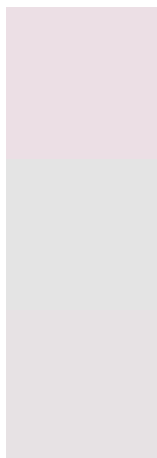
Deuteranomaly

87.1517, 4.8609, 2.8578

Tritanomaly

87.3185, 2.6401, 0.4833

Monochromacy



Original Color

87.3300, 0.7208, 3.4976

Achromatopsia

88.0808, -4.6998, 4.7856

Achromatomaly

87.7400, -2.6827, 4.4190

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 87.3300, 0.7208, 3.4976 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(236, 223, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(236, 223, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(236, 223, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(236, 223, 229) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 87.3300, 0.7208, 3.4976 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(236, 223, 229) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(236, 223, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(236, 223, 229)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(236, 223, 229); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 223, 229);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(236, 223,  
229) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 87.3300, 0.7208, 3.4976 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(236, 223, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(236,  
223, 229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor