

Converting Colors

HunterLab(87.3926, -3.9378,
16.7092)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(87.3926, -3.9378,
16.7092) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(87.3907, -3.9353,
16.7080)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EFE1C8
RGB	239, 225, 200
RGB Percent	94%, 88%, 78%
CMY	0.0627, 0.1176, 0.2157
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.16, 0.06
HSL	38°, 55%, 86%
HSV	38°, 16%, 94%
XYZ	72.9472, 76.3713, 65.5401
YIQ	226.3360, 16.3690, -4.8070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

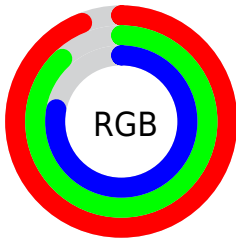
Format	Color
R_{YB}	222, 239, 200
Decimal	15720904
CIE _{Lab}	90.03, 0.75, 13.95
CIE _{LCh}	90, 13.967, 86.927
Yxy	76.3747, 0.3395, 0.3555
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293910984 (0xFFEFE1C8)
YUV	226.3360, -12.9836, 11.1063
Hunter-Lab	87.3907, -3.9353, 16.7080

Details

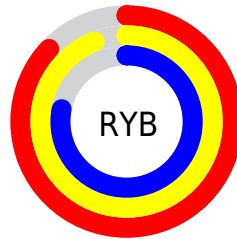
The HunterLab color $87.3907, -3.9353, 16.7080$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $81.6108, -4.0495, -9.1100$, and the grayscale version is $87.4060, -4.6638, 4.7489$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $63.9469, -2.7880, 14.1412$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $84.1555, -2.8070, 22.8319$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $90.7390, -4.6798, 9.7972$.

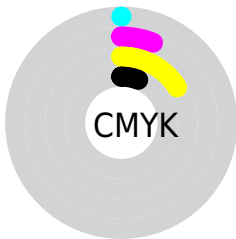
Distribution



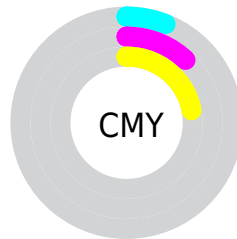
- Red (94%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (87%)
- Yellow (94%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 87.3907, -3.9353, 16.7080 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 87.3907, -3.9353, 16.7080 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

87.3907, -3.9353,
16.7080

87.3907, -3.9353,
16.7080

219.6883,
-10.7421, 28.8005

75.3259, -3.3285,
15.3825

113.2504, -5.2532,
19.3578

63.8721, -2.7537,
14.0483

126.9930, -5.9564,
20.6854

53.0660, -2.2158,
12.7006

141.2504, -6.6881,
22.0180

42.9492, -1.7174,
11.3303

156.0048, -7.4474,
23.3573

33.5722, -1.2617,
9.9240

171.2398, -8.2333,
24.7043

24.9987, -0.8532,
8.4611

186.9409, -9.0448,

17.3127, -0.4978,

26.0600

6.9062

203.0945, -9.8814,
27.4252

■ 10.6316, -0.2044,
6.1355

■ 0.6048, 5.3619,
0.4234

■ 87.3907, -3.9353,
16.7080

■ 87.3907, -3.9353,
16.7080

■ 84.1555, -2.8070,
22.8319

■ 90.7390, -4.6798,
9.7972

■ 81.0336, -1.2688,
28.1120

■ 94.1886, -5.0533,
2.1491

■ 78.0329, 0.6923,
32.4996

■ 97.1598, -8.2447,
1.9924

■ 75.1593, 3.0870,
35.9509

■ 98.5347, -10.4712,
3.6062

■ 72.4181, 5.9184,
38.4339

■ 69.8136, 9.1797,
39.9362

■ 67.3486, 12.8489,
40.4774

■ 65.0225, 16.8814,
40.1316

■ 64.1952, 18.4196,
39.8793

Harmonies

Analogous

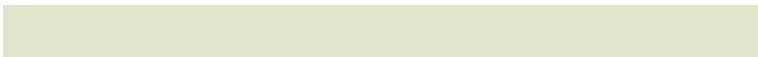
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.3926, 2.8746, 14.9138



87.3907, -3.9353, 16.7080



87.3926, -10.7387, 15.5185

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.3926, -3.9378, 16.7092



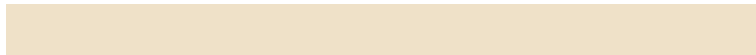
87.3926, -16.4600, -1.3037



87.3926, 7.0172, -2.5977

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87.3907, -3.9353, 16.7080



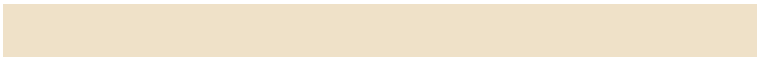
81.6108, -4.0495, -9.1100

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.3926, 1.5736, -7.5751



87.3907, -3.9353, 16.7080



87.3926, -11.9626, -6.7872

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



87.3926, -3.9378, 16.7092



87.3926, -17.8314, 5.4474



87.3926, -5.3953, -9.1654



87.3926, 9.3244, 4.0610

Rectangle

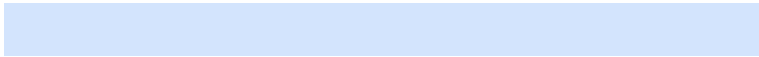
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87.3907, -3.9353, 16.7080



87.3926, -14.3773, 13.1351



87.3926, -5.3953, -9.1654



87.3926, 5.4852, -4.5426

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.3926, -3.9378, 16.7092



98.1434, -5.1113, 9.5186



80.3310, 11.4709, 2.5964



45.2859, -2.3465, 4.6621

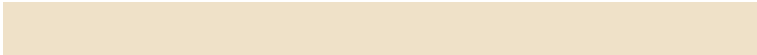
0.0000, NaN, NaN



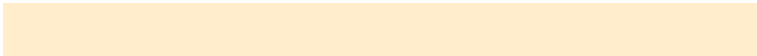
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.3926, -3.9378, 16.7092



92.7435, -3.8320, 20.5605



91.3031, -12.8431, 20.5507



41.7723, -2.0898, 5.6198



47.9904, 13.1564, 29.8018



14.5034, 2.5128, 8.9809

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



81.6108, -4.0495, -9.1100



85.1236, -3.9552, -13.5124



77.8134, 4.8294, -14.1896



40.1959, -2.1262, -1.4086



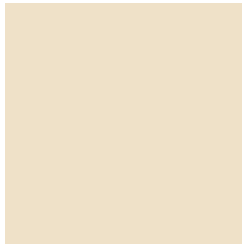
27.0684, 22.2103, -81.7788



8.8965, 3.8682, -19.4700

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.3907, -3.9353, 16.7080 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

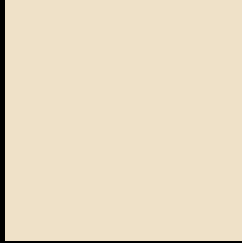
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.3907, -3.9353, 16.7080 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

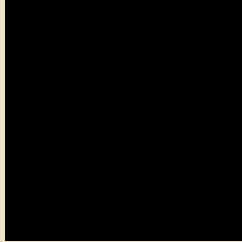
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 87.3907, -3.9353, 16.7080 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.3907, -3.9353, 16.7080.

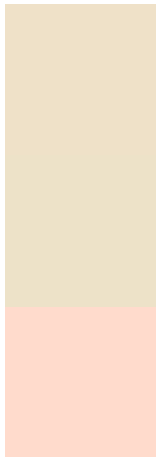


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.3907, -3.9353,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

87.3907, -3.9353, 16.7080

Protanopia

87.5028, -5.1392, 16.8035

Deuteranopia

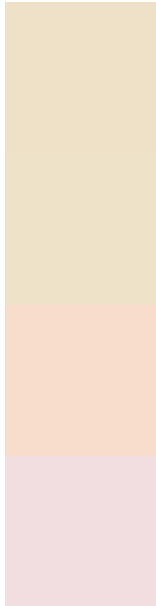
87.3400, 5.4847, 15.1345



Tritanopia

87.4837, 6.4358, -0.2803

Trichromacy



Original Color

87.3907, -3.9353, 16.7080

Protanomaly

87.6014, -4.7960, 16.9119

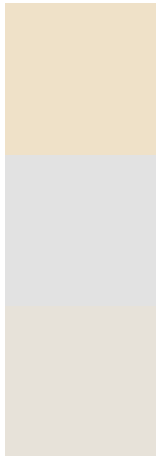
Deuteranomaly

87.2722, 2.1105, 15.4294

Tritanomaly

87.4652, 2.4330, 6.1342

Monochromacy



Original Color

87.3907, -3.9353, 16.7080

Achromatopsia

87.2081, -4.6532, 4.7382

Achromatomaly

87.4022, -4.5293, 9.2462

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 87.3907, -3.9353, 16.7080 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(239, 225, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(239, 225, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(239, 225, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(239, 225, 200) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 87.3907, -3.9353, 16.7080 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(239, 225, 200) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(239, 225, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(239, 225, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(239, 225, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 225, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(239, 225,  
200) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 87.3907, -3.9353, 16.7080 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(239, 225, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(239,  
225, 200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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