

Converting Colors

HunterLab(87.5058, -8.7081,
-10.3337)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(87.5058, -8.7081,
-10.3337) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(87.3900, -8.5150,
-10.4866)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CAE6FF
RGB	202, 230, 255
RGB Percent	79%, 90%, 100%
CMY	0.2078, 0.0980, 0.0000
CMYK	0.21, 0.10, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	208°, 100%, 90%
HSV	208°, 21%, 100%
XYZ	70.7039, 76.3701, 105.6221
YIQ	224.4780, -24.7130, 1.8390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

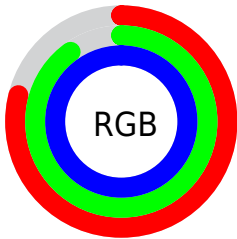
Format	Color
R _Y B	202, 220, 255
Decimal	13297407
CIE Lab	90.03, -3.99, -15.17
CIE LCh	90, 15.685, 255.265
Yxy	76.3731, 0.2798, 0.3022
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291487487 (0xFFCAE6FF)
YUV	224.4780, 15.0473, -19.7132
Hunter-Lab	87.3900, -8.5150, -10.4866

Details

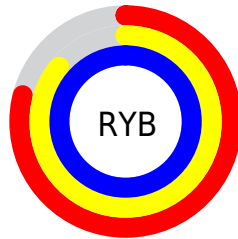
The HunterLab color $87.3900, -8.5150, -10.4866$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCFFFF$. A complement of this color would be $89.7004, 0.9665, 18.3552$, and the grayscale version is $86.4907, -4.6149, 4.6992$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $63.9845, -7.2026, -10.2053$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $81.6334, -9.1825, -18.5718$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $93.3572, -7.2616, -2.6850$.

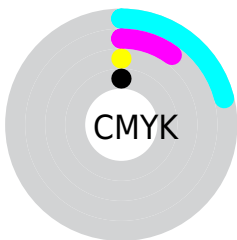
Distribution



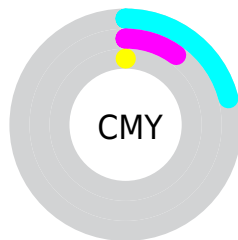
- Red (79%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (86%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 87.3900, -8.5150, -10.4866 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 87.3900, -8.5150, -10.4866 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 87.3900, -8.5150,
-10.4866

■ 87.3900, -8.5150,
-10.4866

219.6871,
-16.9882, -8.0071

■ 75.3250, -7.6828,
-10.5269

113.2494,
-10.2509, -10.2403

■ 63.8712, -6.8714,
-10.5112

126.9919,
-11.1508, -10.0454

■ 53.0653, -6.0823,
-10.4330

141.2493,
-12.0721, -9.8056

■ 42.9485, -5.3152,
-10.2871

156.0037,
-13.0145, -9.5232

■ 33.5715, -4.5693,
-10.0686

171.2387,
-13.9777, -9.2003

■ 24.9981, -3.8424,
-9.7738

186.9397,

■ 17.3122, -3.1304,

-14.9612, -8.8390

-9.4061

203.0933,
-15.9648, -8.4407

■ 10.6312, -2.4241,
-8.9966

■ 0.5981, -1.0466,
-105.4525

■ 87.3900, -8.5150,
-10.4866

■ 87.3900, -8.5150,
-10.4866

■ 81.6334, -9.1825,
-18.5718

■ 93.3572, -7.2616,
-2.6850

■ 76.1043, -9.1718,
-26.9707

■ 99.5106, -5.4939,
4.8530

■ 70.8293, -8.3875,
-35.6967

■ 100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 65.8358, -6.7261,
-44.7513

■ 61.1531, -4.0872,
-54.1147

■ 56.8099, -0.3889,
-63.7387

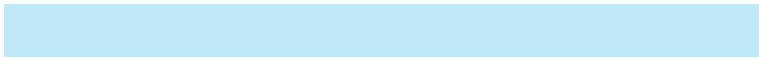
■ 52.8296, 4.4035,
-73.5465

■ 49.4707, 9.6813,
-82.7332

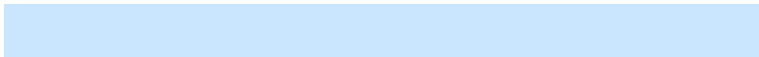
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.3917, -15.1544, -6.2000



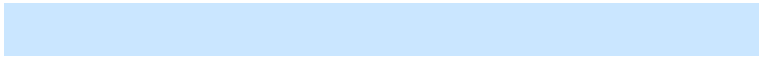
87.3900, -8.5150, -10.4866



87.3917, -0.6122, -10.4436

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.3917, -8.5166, -10.4844



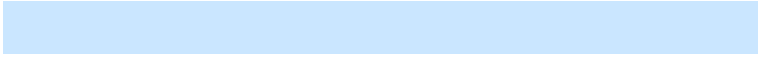
87.3917, 10.5519, 8.4945



87.3917, -15.2494, 14.3728

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



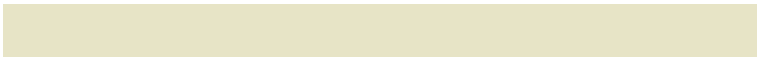
87.3900, -8.5150, -10.4866



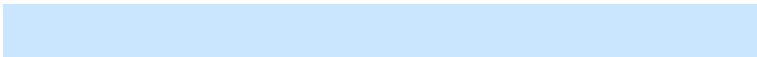
89.7004, 0.9665, 18.3552

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.3917, -8.6505, 17.6385



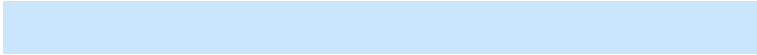
87.3900, -8.5150, -10.4866



87.3917, 6.3381, 14.4565

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



87.3917, -8.5166, -10.4844



87.3917, 10.5909, 0.9822



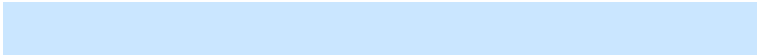
87.3917, -0.7510, 17.6677



87.3917, -18.9463, 8.3705

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87.3900, -8.5150, -10.4866



87.3917, 4.3216, -7.9496



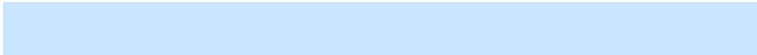
87.3917, -0.7510, 17.6677



87.3917, -13.3077, 15.8024

Sweetspot

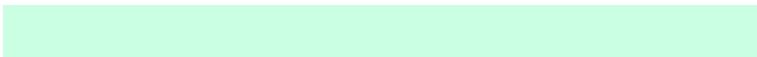
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.3917, -8.5166, -10.4844



96.2782, -6.4758, 0.9515



94.6617, -26.2200, 12.4734



44.3570, -3.0487, 0.2120

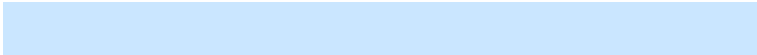
0.0000, NaN, NaN



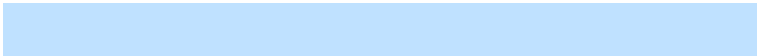
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.3917, -8.5166, -10.4844



84.9371, -8.8740, -13.8581



79.2800, 5.2353, -21.8094



43.5507, -3.2675, -0.7898



36.1796, 6.2020, -58.6097



12.2203, 0.2521, -15.8184

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



83.1960, 18.8509, -1.7588



80.0396, 23.8618, -2.9942



97.9400, -12.6513, 26.3013



42.5999, 2.5928, 0.9006



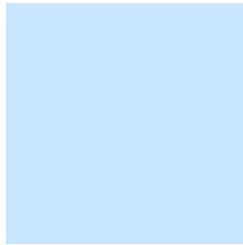
34.7122, 62.1552, 1.4265



10.9330, 19.7627, -0.9949

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.3900, -8.5150, -10.4866 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

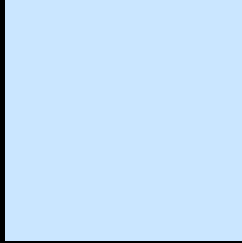
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.3900, -8.5150, -10.4866 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

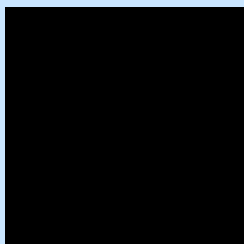
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

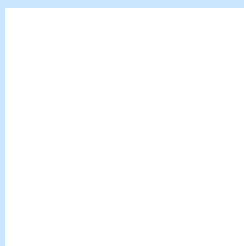
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 87.3900, -8.5150, -10.4866 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.3900, -8.5150, -10.4866.



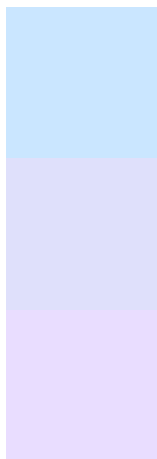
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.3900, -8.5150,

-10.4866.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

87.3900, -8.5150, -10.4866

Protanopia

87.1575, 0.0509, -8.3784

Deuteranopia

87.3250, 5.6200, -10.3270



Tritanopia

87.4122, -10.5135, -7.1103

Trichromacy



Original Color

87.3900, -8.5150, -10.4866

Protanomaly

87.1023, -3.2565, -9.0738

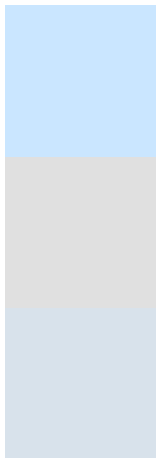
Deuteranomaly

87.2129, 0.5328, -10.5677

Tritanomaly

87.4839, -10.1158, -8.1236

Monochromacy



Original Color

87.3900, -8.5150, -10.4866

Achromatopsia

86.3368, -4.6067, 4.6908

Achromatomaly

86.5967, -6.2019, -0.5612

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 87.3900, -8.5150, -10.4866 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(202, 230, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(202, 230, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 230, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(202, 230, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 87.3900, -8.5150, -10.4866 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(202, 230, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(202, 230, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(202, 230, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(202, 230, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 230, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 230,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 87.3900, -8.5150, -10.4866 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(202, 230, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(202,  
230, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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