

Converting Colors

HunterLab(87.5635, 16.7467,
-9.8041)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(87.5635, 16.7467,
-9.8041) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(87.5061, 16.8592,
-9.8858)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFD6FF
RGB	255, 214, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 84%, 100%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1608, 0.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 92%
HSV	300°, 16%, 100%
XYZ	83.3366, 76.5732, 104.9956
YIQ	230.9330, 11.2750, 21.4430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 214, 255
Decimal	16766719
CIE Lab	90.13, 21.12, -14.62
CIE LCh	90, 25.685, 325.319
Yxy	76.5761, 0.3146, 0.2891
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294956799 (0xFFFFD6FF)
YUV	230.9330, 11.8650, 21.1068
Hunter-Lab	87.5061, 16.8592, -9.8858

Details

The HunterLab color $87.5061, 16.8592, -9.8858$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $FFCCFF$. A complement of this color would be $95.2220, -24.8621, 18.6257$, and the grayscale version is $89.3109, -4.7654, 4.8524$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $63.9369, 16.1986, -9.8619$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $80.4133, 31.0469, -19.6620$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $95.1365, 2.9455, -0.2862$.

Distribution



- Red (100%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 87.5061, 16.8592, -9.8858 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 87.5061, 16.8592, -9.8858 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 87.5061, 16.8592,
-9.8858

 87.5061, 16.8592,
-9.8858


219.8448, 16.9197,
-7.2424

 75.4354, 16.5584,
-9.9466


113.3759, 17.2467,
-9.6000

 63.9758, 16.1838,
-9.9520


127.1233, 17.3504,
-9.3860

 53.1635, 15.7237,
-9.8951


141.3855, 17.3988,
-9.1276

 43.0400, 15.1676,
-9.7709

156.1444, 17.3954,
-8.8271

 33.6559, 14.5021,
-9.5740

171.3839, 17.3432,
-8.4865

 25.0746, 13.7104,
-9.3001

187.0892, 17.2450,

 17.3798, 12.7718,

-8.1078

-8.9501

203.2470, 17.1031,
-7.6926

■ 10.6887, 11.6666,
-8.5496

■ 1.1817, 77.8240,
-51.2950

■ 87.5061, 16.8592,
-9.8858

■ 87.5061, 16.8592,
-9.8858

■ 80.4133, 31.0469,
-19.6620

■ 95.1365, 2.9455,
-0.2862

■ 73.9435, 45.3443,
-29.5017

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 68.2022, 59.4221,
-39.1788

■ 63.3006, 72.7553,
-48.3344

■ 59.3436, 84.6190,
-56.4736

■ 56.4075, 94.1899,
-63.0352

■ 54.5088, 100.7841,
-67.5538

■ 53.5698, 104.1751,
-69.8768

■ 53.3667, 104.9207,
-70.3875

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.5078, 6.2802, -19.5859



87.5061, 16.8592, -9.8858



87.5078, 21.6725, 2.7995

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.5078, 16.8560, -9.8836



87.5078, -2.6236, 25.3116



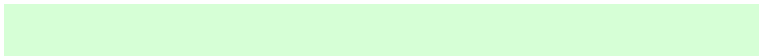
87.5078, -26.1524, -6.0338

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87.5061, 16.8592, -9.8858



95.2220, -24.8621, 18.6257

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.5078, -28.2305, 6.6826



87.5061, 16.8592, -9.8858



87.5078, -15.1144, 23.6549

Square

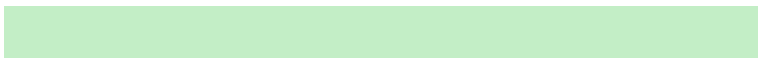
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



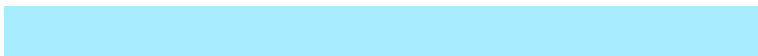
87.5078, 16.8560, -9.8836



87.5078, 10.0158, 22.1554



87.5078, -24.3045, 17.2476



87.5078, -18.4543, -17.1454

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87.5061, 16.8592, -9.8858



87.5078, 20.7762, 10.8183



87.5078, -24.3045, 17.2476



87.5078, -27.5115, -1.7579

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.5078, 16.8560, -9.8836



95.9860, 1.4690, 0.7332



83.4345, 3.3870, -15.7587



44.1506, 1.1255, 0.0314

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.5078, 16.8560, -9.8836



85.3744, 20.9815, -12.7276



86.7903, 13.0869, 0.2727



42.7790, 3.5516, -1.6432



38.5764, 75.8426, -50.8800



12.0372, 23.6656, -15.8764

Inverse Universe

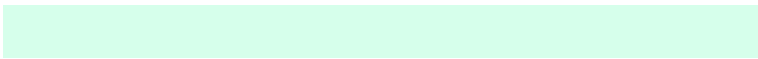
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.5078, 16.8560, -9.8836



85.3744, 20.9815, -12.7276



95.8053, -21.5564, 10.2494



42.7790, 3.5516, -1.6432



38.5764, 75.8426, -50.8800



12.0372, 23.6656, -15.8764

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.5061, 16.8592, -9.8858 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

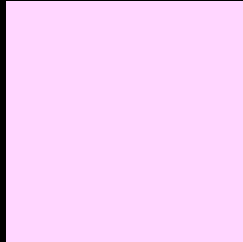
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.5061, 16.8592, -9.8858 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

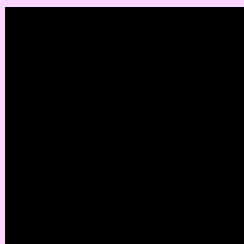
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 87.5061, 16.8592, -9.8858 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.5061, 16.8592, -9.8858.



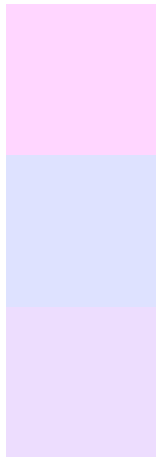
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.5061, 16.8592, -9.8858.

-9.8858.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

87.5061, 16.8592, -9.8858

Protanopia

87.8307, -0.5267, -9.7532

Deuteranopia

87.6774, 6.7286, -9.2631



Tritanopia

87.6564, 9.9412, 1.0250

Trichromacy



Original Color

87.5061, 16.8592, -9.8858



Protanomaly

87.7240, 5.4062, -9.7928



Deuteranomaly

87.4824, 10.6876, -9.4553



Tritanomaly

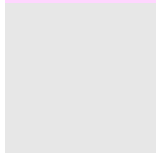
87.7036, 12.0832, -2.5352

Monochromacy



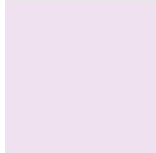
Original Color

87.5061, 16.8592, -9.8858



Achromatopsia

89.3925, -4.7698, 4.8569



Achromatomaly

88.6944, 2.9465, -0.4031

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 87.5061, 16.8592, -9.8858 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 214, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 214, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 214, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 214, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 87.5061, 16.8592, -9.8858 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 214, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 214, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 214, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 214, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 214, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 214,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 87.5061, 16.8592, -9.8858 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 214, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
214, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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