

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(87.6209, -19.5077,  
-9.2314)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(87.6209, -19.5077,  
-9.2314) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(87.6209,  
-19.5077, -9.2314)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AFEDFD
RGB	175, 237, 253
RGB Percent	69%, 93%, 99%
CMY	0.3137, 0.0706, 0.0078
CMYK	0.31, 0.06, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	192°, 95%, 84%
HSV	192°, 31%, 99%
XYZ	65.6930, 76.7742, 104.2850
YIQ	220.2860, -42.0880, -8.1680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

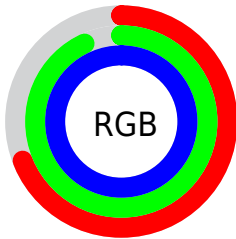
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	175, 210, 253
Decimal	11529725
CIELab	90.22, -15.76, -14.01
CIELCh	90, 21.086, 221.635
Yxy	76.7773, 0.2662, 0.3111
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289719805 (0xFFAFEDFD)
YUV	220.2860, 16.1280, -39.7158
Hunter-Lab	87.6209, -19.5077, -9.2314

# Details

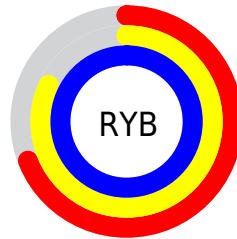
The HunterLab color **87.6209, -19.5077, -9.2314** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **78.2561, 15.5982, 17.7647**, and the grayscale version is **84.6698, -4.5178, 4.6003**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **97.9264, -12.6261, 2.8400**, and **64.0518, -16.6888, -9.1658** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84.3548, -22.6510, -13.7346**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91.1222, -15.6014, -4.5901**.

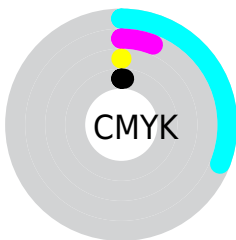
# Distribution



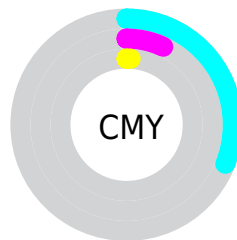
- Red (69%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (1%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 87.6209, -19.5077, -9.2314 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 87.6209, -19.5077, -9.2314 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



87.6209, -19.5077,  
-9.2314

87.6209, -19.5077,  
-9.2314

220.0010,  
-32.2286, -6.4089

75.5448, -18.0973,  
-9.3156

113.5011,  
-22.3161, -8.9029

64.0793, -16.6748,  
-9.3442

127.2535,  
-23.7185, -8.6681

53.2608, -15.2346,  
-9.3110

141.5203,  
-25.1231, -8.3892

43.1307, -13.7674,  
-9.2109

156.2837,  
-26.5317, -8.0688

33.7394, -12.2596,  
-9.0381

171.5276,  
-27.9455, -7.7088

25.1503, -10.6896,  
-8.7875

187.2372,

17.4469, -9.0215,

-29.3657, -7.3111

-8.4582

203.3991,  
-30.7931, -6.8773

■ 10.7458, -7.3340,  
-8.0697

■ 1.5571, -2.7249,  
-37.2318

■ 87.6209, -19.5077,  
-9.2314

■ 87.6209, -19.5077,  
-9.2314

■ 84.3548, -22.6510,  
-13.7346

■ 91.1222, -15.6014,  
-4.5901

■ 81.3273, -24.9703,  
-18.0723

■ 94.8432, -10.9930,  
0.1557

■ 78.5460, -26.4210,  
-22.2105

■ 98.7743, -5.7494,  
4.9818

■ 76.0126, -26.9770,  
-26.1191

■ 99.9360, -5.6867,  
6.3471

■ 73.7230, -26.6416,  
-29.7753

■ 71.6637, -25.4605,  
-33.1711

■ 69.9410, -23.7749,  
-36.0969

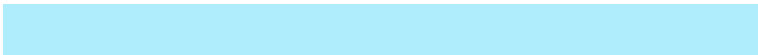
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.6226, -23.9036, 0.7368



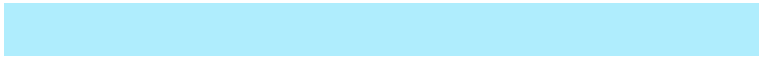
87.6209, -19.5077, -9.2314



87.6226, -11.0579, -15.8741

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.6226, -19.5087, -9.2300



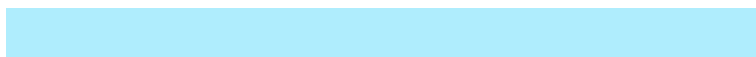
87.6226, 15.6778, -1.6125



87.6226, -8.7840, 21.8297

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87.6209, -19.5077, -9.2314



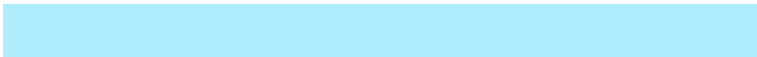
78.2561, 15.5982, 17.7647

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.6226, 1.8856, 21.3606



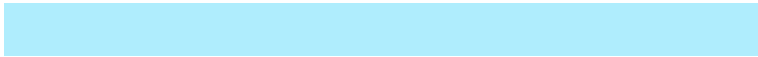
87.6209, -19.5077, -9.2314



87.6226, 16.3585, 8.6193

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



87.6226, -19.5087, -9.2300



87.6226, 9.3879, -11.1261



87.6226, 11.2055, 16.7830

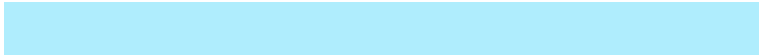


87.6226, -17.9129, 18.1520

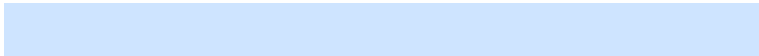


# Rectangle

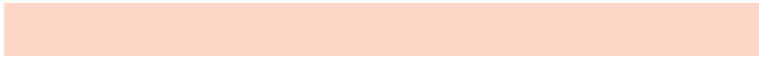
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87.6209, -19.5077, -9.2314



87.6226, -4.0931, -17.0952



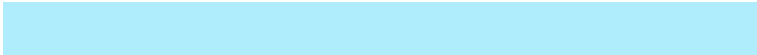
87.6226, 11.2055, 16.7830



87.6226, -5.2653, 22.1387

# Sweetspot

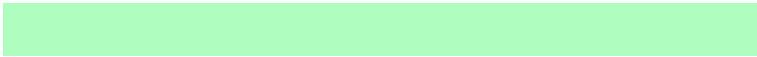
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.6226, -19.5087, -9.2300



96.4042, -10.1720, 1.0406



91.1647, -37.8173, 23.6055



44.3393, -5.0462, 0.1554

0.0000, NaN, NaN

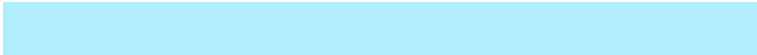


46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

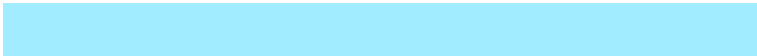


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.6226, -19.5087, -9.2300



86.3422, -21.7404, -12.1427



75.3518, 0.0723, -26.6884



44.5100, -4.8247, 0.3683



51.2224, -17.6296, -25.9663



16.4520, -6.1368, -7.3159



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.9335, 34.3151, -15.1715



72.5695, 42.7558, -19.1517



89.6385, -4.6640, 28.3259



42.6998, 3.1285, -0.5206



36.5741, 68.8347, -24.4316

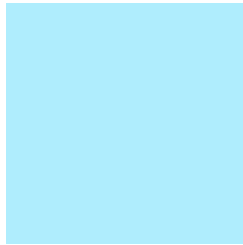


11.4795, 21.7161, -8.5291



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.6209, -19.5077, -9.2314 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

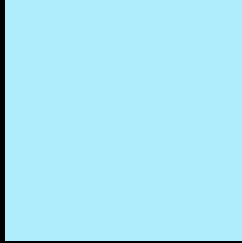
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.6209, -19.5077, -9.2314 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 87.6209, -19.5077, -9.2314 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.6209, -19.5077, -9.2314.



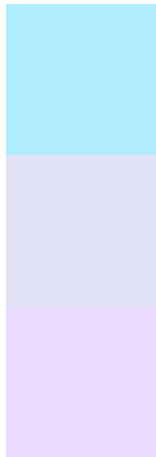
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.6209,

-19.5077,-9.2314.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

87.6209, -19.5077, -9.2314

### Protanopia

87.4360, -1.0076, -4.7181

### Deuteranopia

87.4216, 5.9445, -10.1909



## Tritanopia

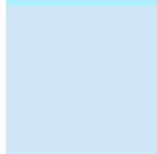
87.4974, -18.1157, -10.5097

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

87.6209, -19.5077, -9.2314



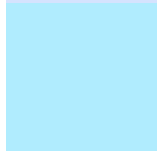
## Protanomaly

87.2246, -7.9705, -6.7577



## Deuteranomaly

87.3156, -3.9784, -9.9362



## Tritanomaly

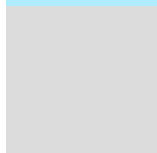
87.3938, -18.5658, -10.0864

# Monochromacy



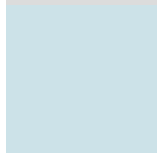
## Original Color

87.6209, -19.5077, -9.2314



## Achromatopsia

84.5987, -4.5140, 4.5964



## Achromatomaly

85.4730, -10.3586, -0.4708

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 87.6209, -19.5077, -9.2314 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(175, 237, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(175, 237, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 237, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(175, 237, 253) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 87.6209, -19.5077, -9.2314 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(175, 237, 253) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(175, 237, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(175, 237, 253)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(175, 237, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 237, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 237,  
253) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 87.6209, -19.5077, -9.2314 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(175, 237, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(175,  
237, 253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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