

Converting Colors

HunterLab(87.7041, -3.5454,
33.6075)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(87.7041, -3.5454,
33.6075) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(87.6762, -3.4987,
33.5847)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE099
RGB	255, 224, 153
RGB Percent	100%, 88%, 60%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1215, 0.4000
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.40, 0.00
HSL	42°, 100%, 80%
HSV	42°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	73.6454, 76.8712, 41.0930
YIQ	225.1750, 41.2670, -15.5090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

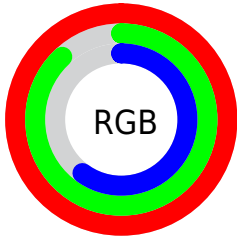
Format	Color
R _Y B	198, 255, 153
Decimal	16769177
CIE Lab	90.26, 1.21, 38.68
CIE LCh	90, 38.698, 88.210
Yxy	76.8747, 0.3843, 0.4012
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294959257 (0xFFFFE099)
YUV	225.1750, -35.5823, 26.1565
Hunter-Lab	87.6762, -3.4987, 33.5847

Details

The HunterLab color **87.6762, -3.4987, 33.5847** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **69.4778, 2.5735, -37.8781**, and the grayscale version is **86.9875, -4.6414, 4.7262**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98.6580, -12.7380, 24.7073**, and **64.1762, -2.2679, 28.1308** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84.8819, -1.9161, 38.1252**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90.5924, -4.6238, 28.0025**.

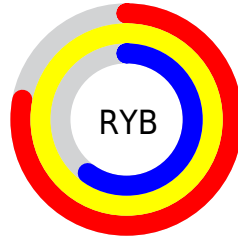
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (88%)

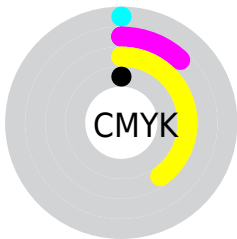
Blue (60%)



Red (78%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (60%)

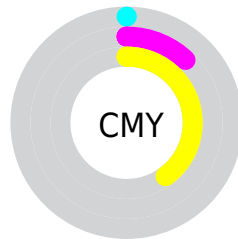


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (40%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 87.6762, -3.4987, 33.5847 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 87.6762, -3.4987, 33.5847 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

87.6762, -3.4987,
33.5847

87.6762, -3.4987,
33.5847

220.0765,
-10.1513, 55.3421

75.5977, -2.9133,
30.9014

113.5617, -4.7785,
38.7267

64.1294, -2.3604,
28.1185

127.3164, -5.4634,
41.2085

53.3079, -1.8456,
25.2138

141.5855, -6.1775,
43.6440

43.1746, -1.3718,
22.1564

156.3512, -6.9198,
46.0404

33.7799, -0.9428,
18.9055

171.5972, -7.6892,
48.4037

25.1870, -0.5633,
15.4092

187.3088, -8.4848,

17.4794, -0.2401,

50.7391

12.2355

203.4727, -9.3057,
53.0506

■ 10.7734, 0.0165,
7.5414

■ 1.7093, 2.9909,
1.1965

■ 87.6762, -3.4987,
33.5847

■ 87.6762, -3.4987,
33.5847

■ 84.8819, -1.9161,
38.1252

■ 90.5924, -4.6238,
28.0025

■ 82.2070, 0.1386,
41.5915

■ 93.6205, -5.2927,
21.4166

■ 79.6559, 2.6586,
43.9725

■ 96.7579, -5.5240,
13.8760

■ 77.2298, 5.6287,
45.2826

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 74.9272, 9.0174,
45.5772

■ 72.7380, 12.7444,
45.0439

■ 72.7379, 12.7447,
45.0439

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.6782, 16.0769, 30.1126



87.6762, -3.4987, 33.5847



87.6782, -21.8030, 30.8609

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.6782, -3.5019, 33.5857



87.6782, -35.4959, -13.9304



87.6782, 29.7207, -16.3028

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87.6762, -3.4987, 33.5847



69.4778, 2.5735, -37.8781

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.6782, 13.8606, -33.0816



87.6762, -3.4987, 33.5847



87.6782, -23.6748, -31.5138

Square

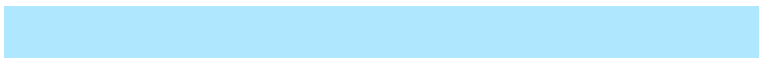
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



87.6782, -3.5019, 33.5857



87.6782, -39.2753, 5.8858



87.6782, -5.8579, -39.1770



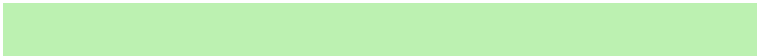
87.6782, 36.2740, 3.6445

Rectangle

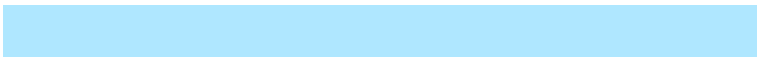
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87.6762, -3.4987, 33.5847



87.6782, -31.0606, 25.4677



87.6782, -5.8579, -39.1770



87.6782, 25.2362, -22.6512

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



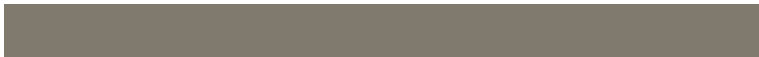
87.6782, -3.5019, 33.5857



96.1217, -5.5119, 15.4587



68.9628, 38.2927, 3.5602



44.2792, -2.5422, 7.6208

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.6782, -3.5019, 33.5857



85.4314, -2.2705, 37.3028



95.7623, -25.5447, 39.9016



44.8378, -2.5558, 6.2360



52.8405, 8.7198, 32.7127



17.0626, 1.6606, 10.5430

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69.4778, 2.5735, -37.8781



63.9108, 5.4483, -48.2906



62.2415, 24.1157, -51.3462



42.7524, -1.9467, -1.7733



26.0964, 29.2318, -95.7212



9.1964, 6.3735, -25.2533

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.6762, -3.4987, 33.5847 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.6762, -3.4987, 33.5847 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 87.6762, -3.4987, 33.5847 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.6762, -3.4987, 33.5847.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.6762, -3.4987,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

87.6762, -3.4987, 33.5847

Protanopia

87.6722, -8.2439, 33.2041

Deuteranopia

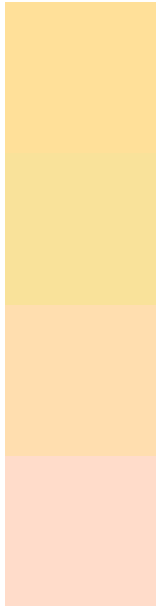
87.5236, 2.1860, 21.7404



Tritanopia

87.5208, 10.6847, 3.4019

Trichromacy



Original Color

87.6762, -3.4987, 33.5847

Protanomaly

87.6730, -6.6421, 33.2328

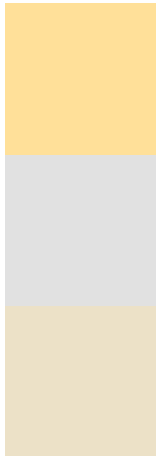
Deuteranomaly

87.5201, 0.0068, 26.4542

Tritanomaly

87.5846, 4.6617, 16.2251

Monochromacy



Original Color

87.6762, -3.4987, 33.5847

Achromatopsia

86.7722, -4.6299, 4.7145

Achromatomaly

87.0671, -5.1137, 16.7661

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 87.6762, -3.4987, 33.5847 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 224, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 224, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 224, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 224, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 87.6762, -3.4987, 33.5847 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 224, 153) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 224, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 224, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 224, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 224, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 224,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 87.6762, -3.4987, 33.5847 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 224, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
224, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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