

Converting Colors

HunterLab(87.7084, -4.3774,
4.8625)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(87.7084, -4.3774, 4.8625)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(87.7372, -4.3532,
4.8769)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E4E3E3
RGB	228, 227, 227
RGB Percent	89%, 89%, 89%
CMY	0.1059, 0.1098, 0.1098
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.11
HSL	0°, 2%, 89%
HSV	0°, 0%, 89%
XYZ	73.3291, 76.9782, 83.6665
YIQ	227.2990, 0.5960, 0.2120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

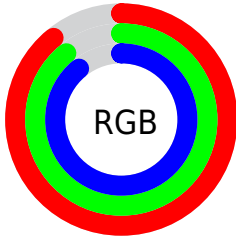
Format	Color
R _Y B	228, 227, 227
Decimal	15000547
CIE Lab	90.31, 0.34, 0.11
CIE LCh	90, 0.357, 18.045
Yxy	76.9815, 0.3134, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293190627 (0xFFE4E3E3)
YUV	227.2990, -0.1474, 0.6148
Hunter-Lab	87.7372, -4.3532, 4.8769

Details

The HunterLab color $87.7372, -4.3532, 4.8769$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $87.9876, -5.0201, 4.6696$, and the grayscale version is $87.7768, -4.6836, 4.7691$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $64.3178, -3.1200, 3.5990$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $80.1174, 3.6794, 7.0625$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $95.6979, -12.0627, 2.8243$.

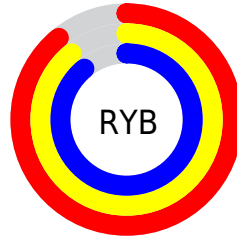
Distribution



Red (89%)

Green (89%)

Blue (89%)



Red (89%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (89%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (11%)



Cyan (11%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 87.7372, -4.3532, 4.8769 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 87.7372, -4.3532, 4.8769 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 87.7372, -4.3532,
4.8769

■ 87.7372, -4.3532,
4.8769

220.1592,
-11.3094, 12.1231

■ 75.6556, -3.7258,
4.2156

113.6280, -5.7083,
6.2967

■ 64.1842, -3.1299,
3.5860

127.3853, -6.4291,
7.0499

■ 53.3595, -2.5695,
2.9913

141.6569, -7.1779,
7.8310

■ 43.2227, -2.0471,
2.4336

156.4250, -7.9536,
8.6389

■ 33.8242, -1.5656,
1.9156

171.6733, -8.7554,
9.4728

■ 25.2272, -1.1288,
1.4407

187.3872, -9.5825,

■ 17.5149, -0.7418,

10.3319

1.0132

203.5533,
-10.4340, 11.2156

■ 10.8037, -0.4120,
0.6389

■ 1.8617, 0.6949,
0.3475

■ 87.7372, -4.3532,
4.8769

■ 87.7372, -4.3532,
4.8769

■ 80.1174, 3.6794,
7.0625

■ 95.6979, -12.0627,
2.8243

■ 72.8904, 12.0739,
9.3910

■ 97.5880, -13.8309,
2.4118

■ 66.1309, 20.8324,
11.8689

■ 59.9305, 29.8977,
14.4820

■ 54.4006, 39.0988,
17.1786

■ 49.6694, 48.0842,
19.8479

■ 45.8688, 56.2761,
22.3037

■ 43.1044, 62.9258,
24.3027

■ 41.4097, 67.3528,
25.6232

Harmonies

Analogous

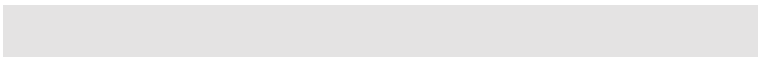
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.7391, -4.3457, 4.7073



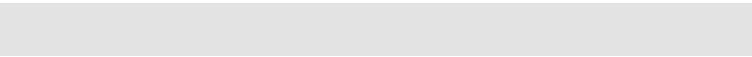
87.7372, -4.3532, 4.8769



87.7391, -4.4536, 5.0216

Triad

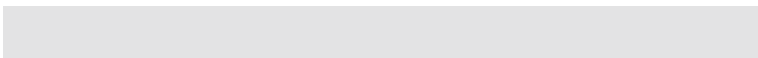
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.7391, -4.3553, 4.8783



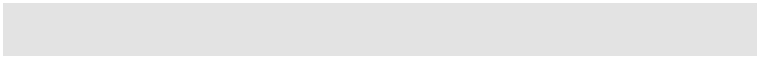
87.7391, -4.9448, 4.9968



87.7391, -4.7583, 4.4516

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



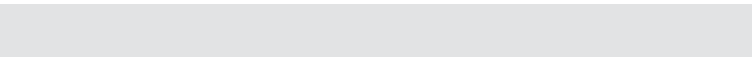
87.7372, -4.3532, 4.8769



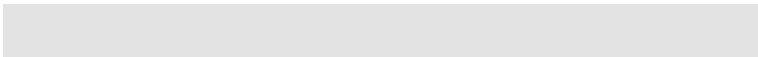
87.9876, -5.0201, 4.6696

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.7391, -4.9187, 4.5295



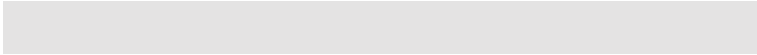
87.7372, -4.3532, 4.8769



87.7391, -5.0263, 4.8444

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



87.7391, -4.3553, 4.8783



87.7391, -4.7940, 5.0899



87.7391, -5.0167, 4.6733



87.7391, -4.5785, 4.4607

Rectangle

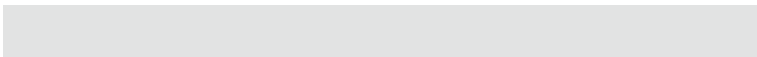
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87.7372, -4.3532, 4.8769



87.7391, -4.5562, 5.0822



87.7391, -5.0167, 4.6733



87.7391, -4.8162, 4.4684

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.7391, -4.3553, 4.8783

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



87.7695, -4.1806, 4.4269



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Same Dimension

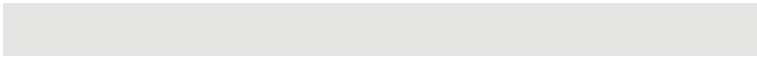
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.7391, -4.3553, 4.8783



99.1094, -4.4371, 5.6750



87.8938, -4.6128, 5.0556



40.9633, -1.8552, 2.3383



30.8851, 52.7697, 19.9551



8.4142, 14.2818, 5.4348

Inverse Universe

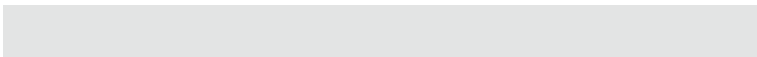
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.9876, -5.0201, 4.6696



99.7564, -6.1683, 5.1315



87.8326, -4.7629, 4.4912



41.2146, -2.5275, 2.1272



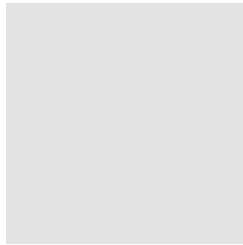
59.1655, -31.2179, -6.5613



16.0930, -8.4975, -1.7712

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.7372, -4.3532, 4.8769 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

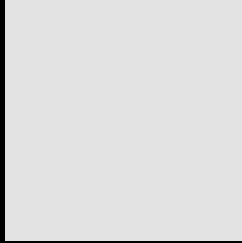
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.7372, -4.3532, 4.8769 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

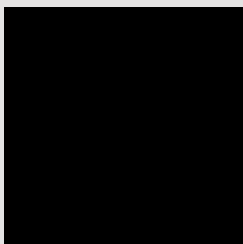
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

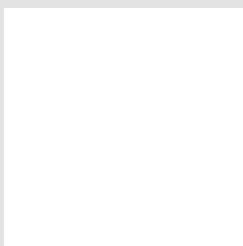
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 87.7372, -4.3532, 4.8769 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.7372, -4.3532, 4.8769.



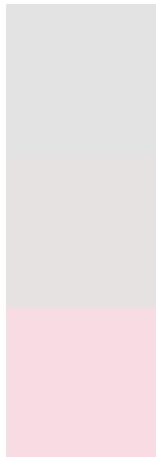
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.7372, -4.3532,

4.8769.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

87.7372, -4.3532, 4.8769

Protanopia

87.6770, -3.0263, 5.3173

Deuteranopia

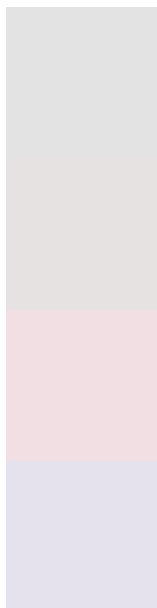
87.6038, 6.2527, 4.4145



Tritanopia

87.7976, 0.0256, -2.6275

Trichromacy



Original Color

87.7372, -4.3532, 4.8769

Protanomaly

87.5824, -3.3541, 5.2006

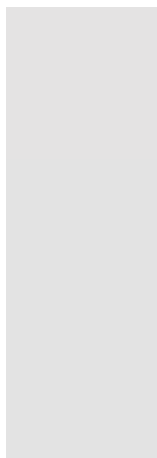
Deuteranomaly

87.7938, 2.2378, 4.5688

Tritanomaly

87.8437, -1.7406, 0.0210

Monochromacy



Original Color

87.7372, -4.3532, 4.8769

Achromatopsia

87.6442, -4.6765, 4.7619

Achromatomaly

87.6442, -4.6765, 4.7619

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 87.7372, -4.3532, 4.8769 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 227, 227)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 227, 227)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 227, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 227, 227) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 87.7372, -4.3532, 4.8769 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 227, 227) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 227, 227) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 227, 227) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 227, 227); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 227, 227);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 227,  
227) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 87.7372, -4.3532, 4.8769 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 227, 227) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228,  
227, 227) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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