

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(87.7181, 1.6887,  
-74.2364)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(87.7181, 1.6887,  
-74.2364) contains.

<b>HunterLab(83.6209, -22.0992, -15.9401)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(83.6209,  
-22.0992, -15.9401)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	92E6FF
RGB	146, 230, 255
RGB Percent	57%, 90%, 100%
CMY	0.4274, 0.0980, 0.0000
CMYK	0.43, 0.10, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	194°, 100%, 79%
HSV	194°, 43%, 100%
XYZ	58.2008, 69.9245, 105.0370
YIQ	207.7340, -58.0890, -10.0330

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

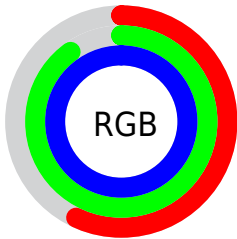
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	146, 193, 255
Decimal	9627391
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	86.96, -19.21, -20.10
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	87, 27.799, 226.300
Yxy	69.9272, 0.2496, 0.2999
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287817471 (0xFF92E6FF)
YUV	207.7340, 23.3021, -54.1407
Hunter-Lab	83.6209, -22.0992, -15.9401

# Details

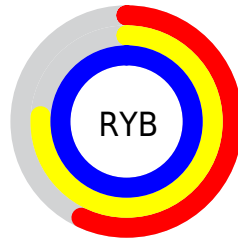
The HunterLab color **83.6209, -22.0992, -15.9401** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **72.4303, 23.5571, 22.7816**, and the grayscale version is **79.2286, -4.2274, 4.3046**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.6961, -20.6485, -0.0097**, and **60.3523, -18.7994, -15.6260** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80.4017, -24.0068, -20.6430**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87.0863, -19.3608, -11.0875**.

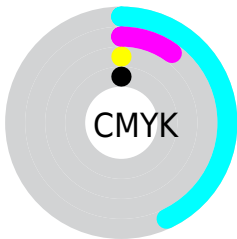
# Distribution



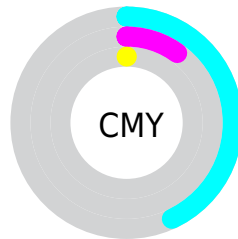
- Red (57%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (57%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 83.6209, -22.0992, -15.9401 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 83.6209, -22.0992, -15.9401 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



83.6209, -22.0992,  
-15.9401

83.6209, -22.0992,  
-15.9401

214.5447,  
-36.0971, -14.9697

71.7406, -20.5083,  
-15.7933

109.1352,  
-25.2374, -16.0564

60.4818, -18.8922,  
-15.5873

122.7157,  
-26.7922, -16.0366

49.8827, -17.2421,  
-15.3169

136.8170,  
-28.3424, -15.9678

39.9873, -15.5441,  
-14.9800

151.4205,  
-29.8905, -15.8526

30.8495, -13.7779,  
-14.5778

166.5095,  
-31.4385, -15.6932

22.5386, -11.9105,  
-14.1214

182.0689,

15.1466, -9.8853,

-32.9880, -15.4917

-13.6512

198.0848,  
-34.5405, -15.2500

■ 8.7786, -10.0023,  
-13.4004

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 83.6209, -22.0992,  
-15.9401

■ 83.6209, -22.0992,  
-15.9401

■ 80.4017, -24.0068,  
-20.6430

■ 87.0863, -19.3608,  
-11.0875

■ 77.4311, -25.0331,  
-25.1679

■ 90.7836, -15.8489,  
-6.1246

■ 74.7134, -25.1519,  
-29.4797

■ 94.7029, -11.6302,  
-1.0785

■ 72.2450, -24.3671,  
-33.5522

■ 98.8322, -6.7717,  
4.0256

■ 70.0120, -22.7295,  
-37.3758

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 68.5091, -21.1232,  
-40.0314

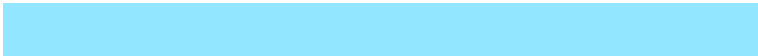
# Harmonies

## Analogous

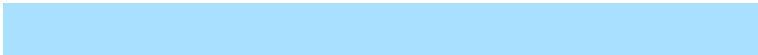
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



83.6225, -28.5477, -2.8837



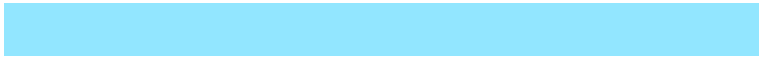
83.6209, -22.0992, -15.9401



83.6225, -10.6874, -24.0271

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



83.6225, -22.1001, -15.9379



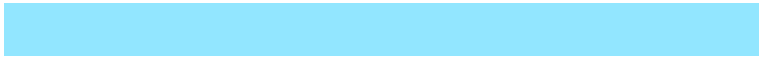
83.6225, 23.0440, -1.6803



83.6225, -11.8183, 25.4185

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



83.6209, -22.0992, -15.9401



72.4303, 23.5571, 22.7816

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



83.6225, 1.9421, 25.6330



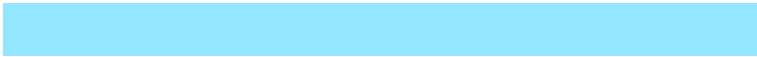
83.6209, -22.0992, -15.9401



83.6225, 22.6919, 11.3616

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



83.6225, -22.1001, -15.9379



83.6225, 15.6944, -14.9341



83.6225, 14.7616, 20.8898

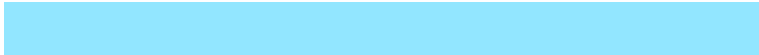


83.6225, -22.8814, 20.2463



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



83.6209, -22.0992, -15.9401



83.6225, -1.5207, -24.7839



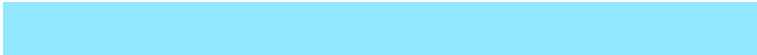
83.6225, 14.7616, 20.8898



83.6225, -7.3719, 26.0400

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



83.6225, -22.1001, -15.9379



94.5996, -11.7467, -1.2089



89.7326, -47.9524, 29.4495



43.3579, -5.8902, -1.0771

0.0000, NaN, NaN

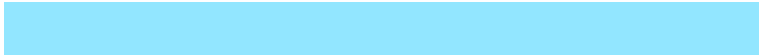


46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

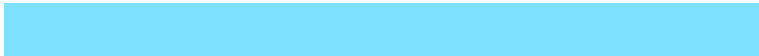


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



83.6225, -22.1001, -15.9379



80.9453, -23.7366, -19.8347



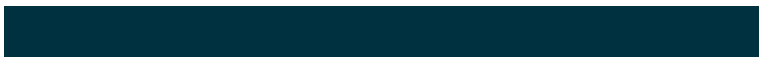
66.8811, 4.6727, -42.5759



44.4223, -4.6836, 0.2634



49.7610, -15.6043, -28.5117



16.0463, -5.5874, -7.9948



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.9438, 49.7165, -21.0294



64.3120, 60.0414, -25.1073



87.5844, -4.2596, 35.4843



42.6906, 3.0791, -0.3896



36.3699, 68.1102, -21.6584

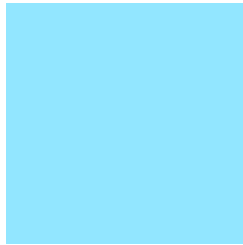


11.4214, 21.5106, -7.7445



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.6209, -22.0992, -15.9401 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

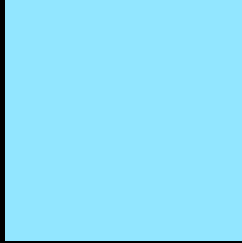
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 83.6209, -22.0992, -15.9401 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

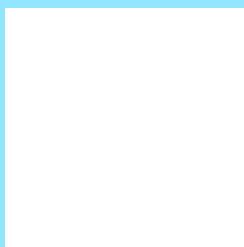
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 83.6209, -22.0992, -15.9401 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.6209, -22.0992, -15.9401.



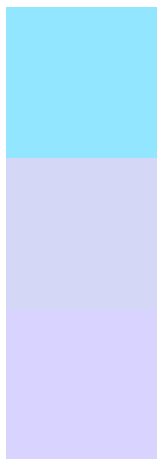
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 83.6209,

-22.0992, -15.9401.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

83.6209, -22.0992, -15.9401

### Protanopia

83.1808, 0.2134, -10.3154

### Deuteranopia

83.1016, 5.3789, -16.1983



## Tritanopia

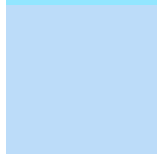
83.6560, -24.0647, -12.9727

# Trichromacy



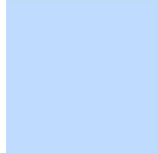
## Original Color

83.6209, -22.0992, -15.9401



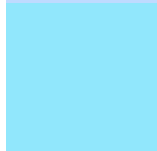
## Protanomaly

82.8959, -8.4814, -13.1695



## Deuteranomaly

83.0418, -5.8894, -16.4810



## Tritanomaly

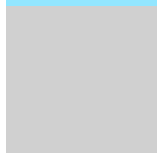
83.7853, -23.4343, -13.9527

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

83.6209, -22.0992, -15.9401



## Achromatopsia

79.4202, -4.2377, 4.3151



## Achromatomaly

80.5371, -12.0491, -3.0257

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 83.6209, -22.0992, -15.9401 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(146, 230, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(146, 230, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 230, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(146, 230, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 83.6209, -22.0992, -15.9401 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(146, 230, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(146, 230, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(146, 230, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(146, 230, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 230, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(146, 230,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 83.6209, -22.0992, -15.9401 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(146, 230, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(146,  
230, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor