

Converting Colors

HunterLab(87.7353, -2.4826,
2.9392)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(87.7353, -2.4826, 2.9392)
contains.

HunterLab(87.7412, -2.4869, 2.9356)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(87.7412, -2.4869,
2.9356)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E6E2E7
RGB	230, 226, 231
RGB Percent	90%, 89%, 91%
CMY	0.0980, 0.1137, 0.0941
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	288°, 9%, 90%
HSV	288°, 2%, 91%
XYZ	74.2532, 76.9852, 86.5473
YIQ	227.7660, 0.7790, 2.4030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	230, 226, 231
Decimal	15131367
CIE Lab	90.32, 2.24, -1.96
CIE LCh	90, 2.981, 318.825
Yxy	76.9885, 0.3123, 0.3238
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293321447 (0xFFE6E2E7)
YUV	227.7660, 1.5944, 1.9592
Hunter-Lab	87.7412, -2.4869, 2.9356

Details

The HunterLab color $87.7412, -2.4869, 2.9356$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $88.8683, -6.9143, 6.6329$, and the grayscale version is $87.9733, -4.6940, 4.7798$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $64.2922, -1.5116, 2.1882$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $80.3151, 8.1934, -6.1778$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $95.4907, -12.9488, 11.6728$.

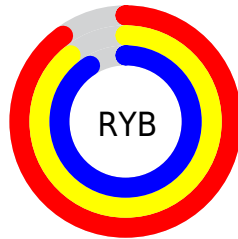
Distribution



Red (90%)

Green (89%)

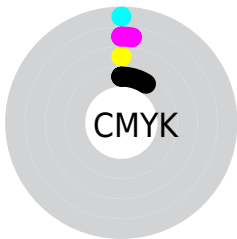
Blue (91%)



Red (90%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (91%)

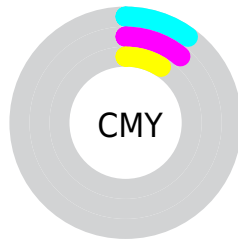


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (10%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 87.7412, -2.4869, 2.9356 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 87.7412, -2.4869, 2.9356 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 87.7412, -2.4869,
2.9356

■ 87.7412, -2.4869,
2.9356

220.1647, -8.7798,
9.4973

■ 75.6594, -1.9484,
2.3660

113.6324, -3.6758,
4.1841

■ 64.1878, -1.4461,
1.8327

127.3898, -4.3184,
4.8566

■ 53.3629, -0.9848,
1.3400

141.6616, -4.9918,
5.5599

■ 43.2259, -0.5681,
0.8911

156.4298, -5.6947,
6.2925

■ 33.8271, -0.2004,
0.4901

171.6783, -6.4259,
7.0536

■ 25.2298, 0.1121,
0.1426

187.3923, -7.1844,

■ 17.5172, 0.3609,

7.8420

-0.1436

203.5586, -7.9693,
8.6568

■ 10.8056, 0.5325,
-0.3568

■ 1.8713, 5.1251,
-4.2457

■ 87.7412, -2.4869,
2.9356

■ 87.7412, -2.4869,
2.9356

■ 80.3151, 8.1934,
-6.1778

■ 95.4907, -12.9488,
11.6728

■ 73.2578, 19.0912,
-15.7122

■ 97.8180, -14.4942,
14.1967

■ 66.6353, 30.1537,
-25.6804

■ 98.2344, -13.0098,
14.6735

■ 60.5265, 41.2514,
-36.0395

■ 98.6595, -11.5010,
15.1584

■ 55.0266, 52.1244,
-46.6404

■ 99.0933, -9.9680,
15.6515

■ 50.2439, 62.3244,
-57.1631

■ 99.2722, -9.3379,
15.8543

■ 46.2895, 71.1865,
-67.0660

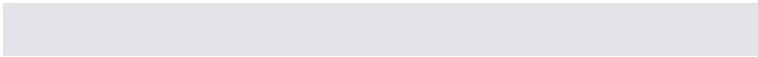
■ 43.2535, 77.9046,
-75.6158

■ 41.1660, 81.7911,
-82.0895

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.7431, -3.7471, 2.1198



87.7412, -2.4869, 2.9356



87.7431, -1.8181, 4.2388

Triad

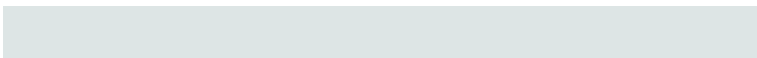
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.7431, -2.4890, 2.9370



87.7431, -4.1227, 7.4443



87.7431, -7.4194, 3.8797

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87.7412, -2.4869, 2.9356



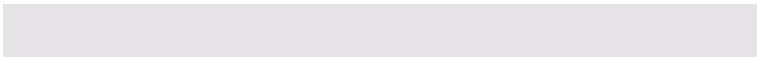
88.8683, -6.9143, 6.6329

Split Complementary

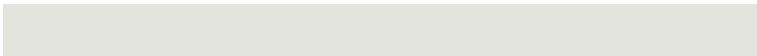
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.7431, -7.5184, 5.3100



87.7412, -2.4869, 2.9356



87.7431, -5.6219, 7.3519

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



87.7431, -2.4890, 2.9370



87.7431, -2.7655, 6.8309



87.7431, -6.8625, 6.5762



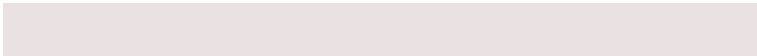
87.7431, -6.5910, 2.6703

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87.7412, -2.4869, 2.9356



87.7431, -1.7971, 5.1990



87.7431, -6.8625, 6.5762



87.7431, -7.5389, 4.3511

Sweetspot

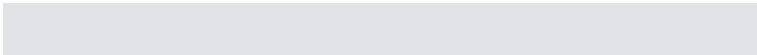
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.7431, -2.4890, 2.9370



99.1399, -4.1511, 4.4372



87.7072, -4.3436, 2.8615



45.8863, -1.9477, 2.0758

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.7431, -2.4890, 2.9370



97.4303, -1.7743, 2.4326



87.7922, -2.4101, 3.7024



39.9807, -0.3585, 0.6882



30.0895, 62.2784, -63.8828



8.4034, 17.2352, -16.6177

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.7104, -2.8564, 4.8690



97.3796, -2.3469, 5.4559



88.8209, -6.9923, 5.8941



39.9547, -0.6548, 2.2580



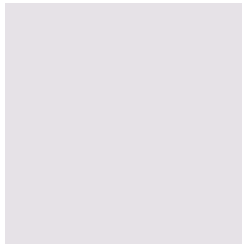
31.0644, 53.6034, 16.9359



8.5216, 14.8560, 3.4715

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.7412, -2.4869, 2.9356 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

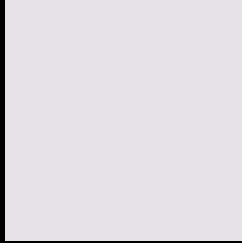
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.7412, -2.4869, 2.9356 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

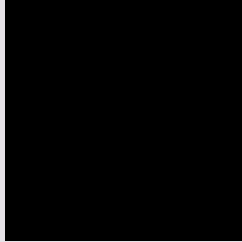
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

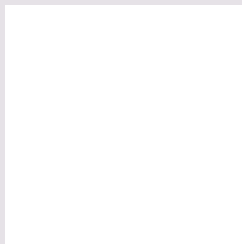
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 87.7412, -2.4869, 2.9356 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.7412, -2.4869, 2.9356.



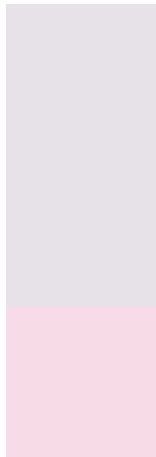
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.7412, -2.4869,

2.9356.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

87.7412, -2.4869, 2.9356

Protanopia

87.7412, -2.4869, 2.9356

Deuteranopia

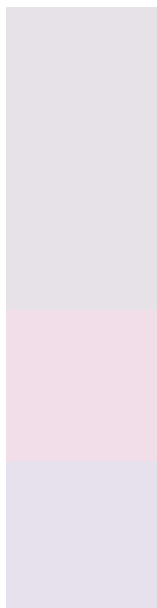
87.6280, 6.5904, 2.4563



Tritanopia

87.6801, 1.2029, -2.7554

Trichromacy



Original Color

87.7412, -2.4869, 2.9356

Protanomaly

87.7412, -2.4869, 2.9356

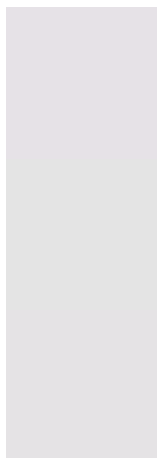
Deuteranomaly

87.6182, 3.4596, 2.3896

Tritanomaly

87.7567, -0.3855, -0.5815

Monochromacy



Original Color

87.7412, -2.4869, 2.9356

Achromatopsia

88.0808, -4.6998, 4.7856

Achromatomaly

87.8939, -3.6830, 4.0908

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 87.7412, -2.4869, 2.9356 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(230, 226, 231)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(230, 226, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(230, 226, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(230, 226, 231) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 87.7412, -2.4869, 2.9356 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(230, 226, 231) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(230, 226, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(230, 226, 231)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(230, 226, 231); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 226, 231);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(230, 226,  
231) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 87.7412, -2.4869, 2.9356 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(230, 226, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(230,  
226, 231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor