

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(87.7587, 3.0453,  
2.9734)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(87.7587, 3.0453, 2.9734)  
contains.

<b>HunterLab(87.8895, 2.7541, 3.2049)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(87.8895, 2.7541,  
3.2049)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	F1DFE7
RGB	241, 223, 231
RGB Percent	95%, 87%, 91%
CMY	0.0549, 0.1255, 0.0941
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.04, 0.05
HSL	333°, 39%, 91%
HSV	333°, 7%, 95%
XYZ	77.0871, 77.2456, 86.4483
YIQ	229.2940, 8.1600, 6.3040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

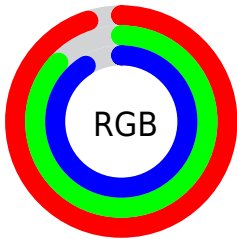
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	241, 223, 231
Decimal	15851495
CIE Lab	90.44, 7.51, -1.69
CIE LCh	90, 7.699, 347.355
Yxy	77.2490, 0.3202, 0.3208
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294041575 (0xFFFF1DFE7)
YUV	229.2940, 0.8411, 10.2662
Hunter-Lab	87.8895, 2.7541, 3.2049

# Details

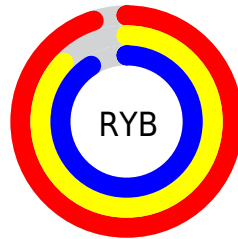
The HunterLab color  $87.8895, 2.7541, 3.2049$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $91.9150, -12.0979, 6.6956$ , and the grayscale version is  $88.6418, -4.7297, 4.8161$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $64.3543, 3.1771, 2.3446$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $80.3405, 13.3336, 0.9861$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $95.8347, -7.6065, 5.7751$ .

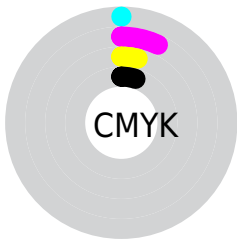
# Distribution



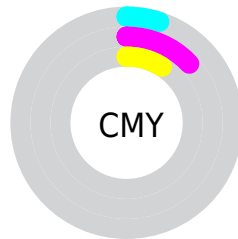
- Red (95%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 87.8895, 2.7541, 3.2049 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 87.8895, 2.7541, 3.2049 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



87.8895, 2.7541,  
3.2049

87.8895, 2.7541,  
3.2049

220.3662, -1.7295,  
9.8607

75.8006, 3.0511,  
2.6228

113.7941, 2.0169,  
4.4770

64.3214, 3.3001,  
2.0763

127.5578, 1.5874,  
5.1606

53.4885, 3.4937,  
1.5697

141.8356, 1.1196,  
5.8745

43.3430, 3.6258,  
1.1059

156.6096, 0.6157,  
6.6175

33.9351, 3.6882,  
0.6889

171.8638, 0.0774,  
7.3885

25.3278, 3.6698,  
0.3241

187.5833, -0.4938,

17.6040, 3.5542,

8.1866

0.0188

203.7549, -1.0965,  
9.0109

■ 10.8795, 3.3158,  
-0.2161

■ 2.1972, 14.7816,  
-3.0600

■ 87.8895, 2.7541,  
3.2049

■ 87.8895, 2.7541,  
3.2049

■ 80.3405, 13.3336,  
0.9861

■ 95.8347, -7.6065,  
5.7751

■ 73.2498, 24.1009,  
-0.7924

■ 98.7122, -9.8449,  
3.8289

■ 66.7034, 34.9466,  
-2.0087

■ 60.8026, 45.6475,  
-2.5162

■ 55.6643, 55.8105,  
-2.1536

■ 51.4106, 64.8390,  
-0.7797

■ 48.1470, 71.9848,  
1.6642

■ 45.9258, 76.5562,  
5.0791

■ 44.6874, 78.3088,  
9.1547

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.8914, 0.8965, -0.1929



87.8895, 2.7541, 3.2049



87.8914, 2.5869, 6.8880

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.8914, 2.7518, 3.2064



87.8914, -6.9227, 11.3315



87.8914, -9.7228, -0.6329

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87.8895, 2.7541, 3.2049



91.9150, -12.0979, 6.6956

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.8914, -11.7461, 2.6270



87.8895, 2.7541, 3.2049



87.8914, -10.1489, 9.4862

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



87.8914, 2.7518, 3.2064



87.8914, -3.0449, 11.4714



87.8914, -11.9006, 6.3332



87.8914, -6.3318, -2.4736



# Rectangle

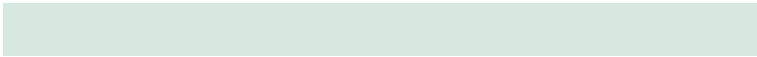
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87.8895, 2.7541, 3.2049



87.8914, 1.3533, 9.0081



87.8914, -11.9006, 6.3332



87.8914, -10.5829, 0.3396

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.8914, 2.7518, 3.2064



98.2893, -3.1274, 4.8737



87.4281, 1.8402, -2.5313



45.5122, -1.4976, 2.2675

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

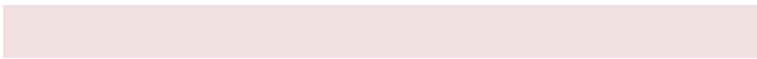
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.8914, 2.7518, 3.2064



92.4268, 4.6792, 3.0227



87.9145, 0.9184, 7.1042



39.8442, 2.2416, 1.2599



32.7777, 57.9718, 6.9250



9.5578, 17.0990, 0.5093



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.8914, 2.7518, 3.2064



92.4268, 4.6792, 3.0227



91.8802, -10.2265, 2.7355



39.8442, 2.2416, 1.2599



32.7777, 57.9718, 6.9250

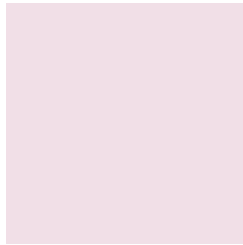


9.5578, 17.0990, 0.5093



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.8895, 2.7541, 3.2049 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

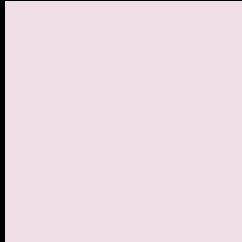
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.8895, 2.7541, 3.2049 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

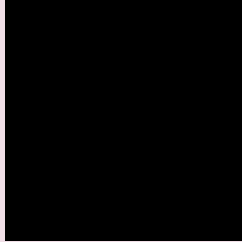
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 87.8895, 2.7541, 3.2049 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.8895, 2.7541, 3.2049.



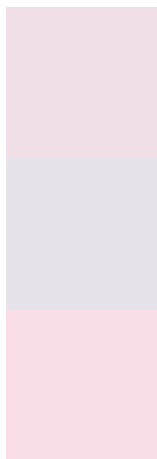
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.8895, 2.7541,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

87.8895, 2.7541, 3.2049

### Protanopia

87.8060, -2.1339, 2.0136

### Deuteranopia

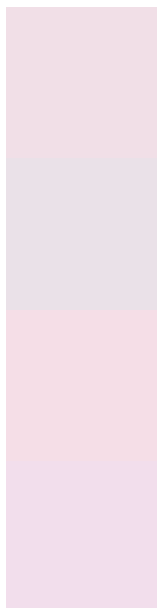
87.9994, 6.2297, 3.3971



## Tritanopia

87.9499, 5.0417, -0.7681

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

87.8895, 2.7541, 3.2049

## Protanomaly

87.8459, -0.4746, 2.5950

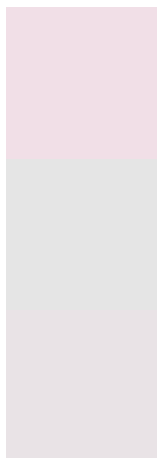
## Deuteranomaly

87.9912, 4.6554, 3.3598

## Tritanomaly

87.8498, 4.5044, 0.6534

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

87.8895, 2.7541, 3.2049

## Achromatopsia

88.5177, -4.7231, 4.8093

## Achromatomaly

88.3034, -2.2029, 4.1080

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 87.8895, 2.7541, 3.2049 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(241, 223, 231)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(241, 223, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(241, 223, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(241, 223, 231) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 87.8895, 2.7541, 3.2049 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(241, 223, 231) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(241, 223, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(241, 223, 231)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(241, 223, 231); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 223, 231);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 223,  
231) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 87.8895, 2.7541, 3.2049 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(241, 223, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(241,  
223, 231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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