

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(87.7856, 11.0240,  
1.9286)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(87.7856, 11.0240,  
1.9286) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(87.9451, 10.8302,  
1.9022)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFDAEA
RGB	255, 218, 234
RGB Percent	100%, 85%, 92%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1451, 0.0823
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.08, 0.00
HSL	334°, 100%, 93%
HSV	334°, 15%, 100%
XYZ	81.1628, 77.3434, 88.4930
YIQ	230.8870, 16.9160, 12.8200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

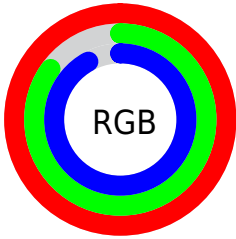
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 218, 234
Decimal	16767722
CIE Lab	90.48, 15.40, -3.06
CIE LCh	90, 15.696, 348.769
Yxy	77.3466, 0.3286, 0.3131
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294957802 (0xFFFFDAEA)
YUV	230.8870, 1.5347, 21.1471
Hunter-Lab	87.9451, 10.8302, 1.9022

# Details

The HunterLab color **87.9451, 10.8302, 1.9022** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **96.2593, -19.6301, 8.6702**, and the grayscale version is **89.3329, -4.7666, 4.8536**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**, and **64.3541, 10.5937, 1.0351** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80.2024, 22.2423, -0.0030**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96.1620, -0.3689, 4.2541**.

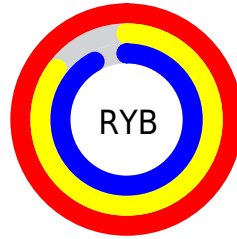
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (85%)

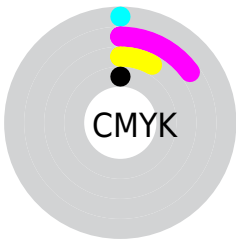
Blue (92%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (85%)

Blue (92%)

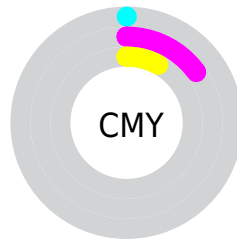


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (8%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 87.9451, 10.8302, 1.9022 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 87.9451, 10.8302, 1.9022 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



87.9451, 10.8302,  
1.9022

87.9451, 10.8302,  
1.9022

220.4416, 8.9955,  
8.1118

75.8534, 10.7770,  
1.3793

113.8545, 10.7500,  
3.0629

64.3714, 10.6602,  
0.8952

127.6206, 10.6317,  
3.6939

53.5356, 10.4695,  
0.4543

141.9007, 10.4649,  
4.3572

43.3869, 10.1958,  
0.0604

156.6769, 10.2526,  
5.0511

33.9755, 9.8271,  
-0.2817

171.9331, 9.9974,  
5.7746

25.3644, 9.3476,  
-0.5655

187.6547, 9.7015,

17.6364, 8.7353,

6.5265

-0.7820

203.8283, 9.3670,  
7.3059

■ 10.9072, 7.9607,  
-0.9175

■ 2.3073, 28.9522,  
-5.3663

■ 87.9451, 10.8302,  
1.9022

■ 87.9451, 10.8302,  
1.9022

■ 80.2024, 22.2423,  
-0.0030

■ 96.1620, -0.3689,  
4.2541

■ 73.0137, 33.7888,  
-1.3465

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 66.4849, 45.2705,  
-1.9794

■ 60.7379, 56.3242,  
-1.7356

■ 55.9048, 66.3716,  
-0.4595

■ 52.1083, 74.6394,  
1.9344

■ 49.4259, 80.3326,  
5.3816

■ 47.8405, 82.9846,  
9.6103

■ 47.3196, 83.4271,  
12.0429

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.9469, 7.1141, -5.3617



87.9451, 10.8302, 1.9022



87.9469, 10.2713, 9.3451

# Triad

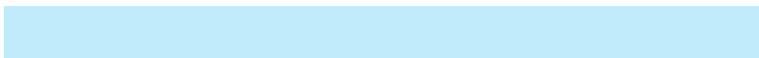
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.9469, 10.8271, 1.9036



87.9469, -9.5690, 17.4891



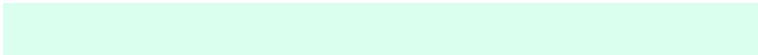
87.9469, -14.5612, -6.8839

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87.9451, 10.8302, 1.9022



96.2593, -19.6301, 8.6702

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.9469, -18.7273, -0.0285



87.9451, 10.8302, 1.9022



87.9469, -15.9166, 13.8544

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



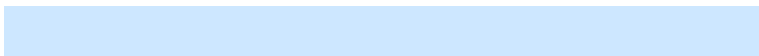
87.9469, 10.8271, 1.9036



87.9469, -1.6960, 17.9064



87.9469, -19.2145, 7.5763



87.9469, -7.6589, -10.7276



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87.9451, 10.8302, 1.9022



87.9469, 7.5592, 13.4265



87.9469, -19.2145, 7.5763



87.9469, -16.3174, -4.8285

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.9469, 10.8271, 1.9036



96.5901, -0.9306, 4.3834



87.0123, 9.1954, -10.6880



44.3936, -0.0452, 1.9394

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

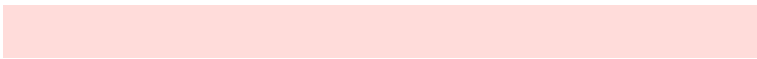
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.9469, 10.8271, 1.9036



85.9695, 13.6540, 1.3826



88.1799, 6.8435, 9.8546



42.5647, 2.4038, 1.4020



34.2471, 60.4589, 8.1009



10.7861, 19.2296, 1.0932



# Inverse Universe

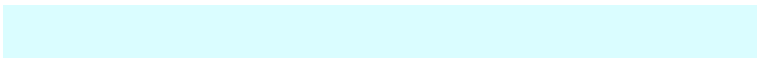
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.9469, 10.8271, 1.9036



85.9695, 13.6540, 1.3826



95.9598, -15.5022, 0.4040



42.5647, 2.4038, 1.4020



34.2471, 60.4589, 8.1009

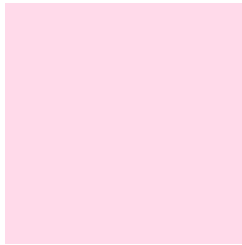


10.7861, 19.2296, 1.0932



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.9451, 10.8302, 1.9022 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

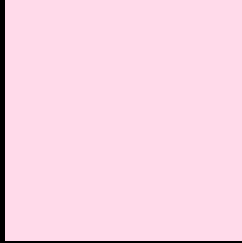
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.9451, 10.8302, 1.9022 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

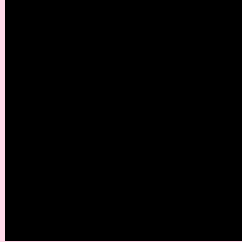
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 87.9451, 10.8302, 1.9022 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.9451, 10.8302, 1.9022.



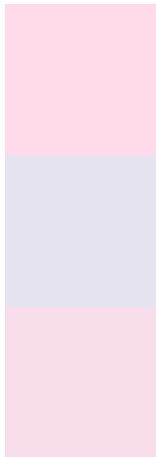
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.9451, 10.8302,

1.9022.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

87.9451, 10.8302, 1.9022

### Protanopia

88.2203, -1.9019, -0.5543

### Deuteranopia

87.9604, 6.2280, 2.3465



## Tritanopia

87.9778, 11.0039, 1.4359

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

87.9451, 10.8302, 1.9022

## Protanomaly

88.0925, 2.2702, 0.3972

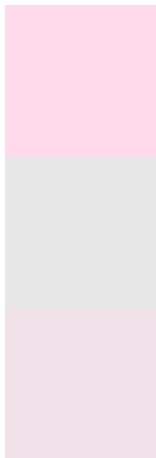
## Deuteranomaly

87.9736, 7.8106, 2.3902

## Tritanomaly

87.9778, 11.0039, 1.4359

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

87.9451, 10.8302, 1.9022

## Achromatopsia

89.3925, -4.7698, 4.8569

## Achromatomaly

88.7379, 0.9994, 3.6884

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 87.9451, 10.8302, 1.9022 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 218, 234)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 218, 234)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 218, 234) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 218, 234) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 87.9451, 10.8302, 1.9022 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 218, 234) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 218, 234) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 218, 234)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 218, 234); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 218, 234);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 218,  
234) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 87.9451, 10.8302, 1.9022 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 218, 234) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
218, 234) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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