

Converting Colors

HunterLab(87.8946, -8.2678,
17.1546)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(87.8946, -8.2678,
17.1546) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(87.9571, -8.3698,
17.2182)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E8E5C8
RGB	232, 229, 200
RGB Percent	91%, 90%, 78%
CMY	0.0902, 0.1019, 0.2157
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.14, 0.09
HSL	54°, 41%, 85%
HSV	54°, 14%, 91%
XYZ	71.7233, 77.3645, 65.7961
YIQ	226.5910, 11.0970, -8.3830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

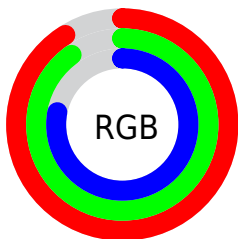
Format	Color
RYB	203, 232, 200
Decimal	15263176
CIELab	90.49, -3.80, 14.52
CIElCh	90, 15.005, 104.664
Yxy	77.3679, 0.3338, 0.3600
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293453256 (0xFFE8E5C8)
YUV	226.5910, -13.1094, 4.7437
Hunter-Lab	87.9571, -8.3698, 17.2182

Details

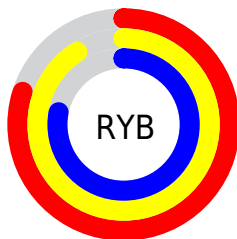
The HunterLab color $87.9571, -8.3698, 17.2182$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $FFFFCC$. A complement of this color would be $77.9847, 0.2677, -9.9845$, and the grayscale version is $87.5194, -4.6698, 4.7551$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $64.4806, -7.0132, 14.6049$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $86.7006, -10.4530, 24.8677$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $89.3004, -5.8586, 8.4782$.

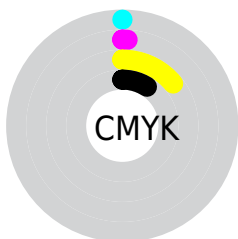
Distribution



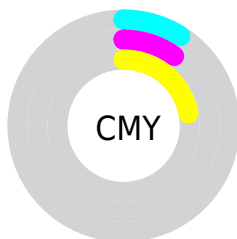
- Red (91%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (14%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 87.9571, -8.3698, 17.2182 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 87.9571, -8.3698, 17.2182 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

87.9571, -8.3698,
17.2182

87.9571, -8.3698,
17.2182

220.4581,
-16.7848, 29.5223

75.8649, -7.5464,
15.8638

113.8678,
-10.0914, 19.9215

64.3824, -6.7436,
14.4992

127.6343,
-10.9843, 21.2742

53.5459, -5.9638,
13.1190

141.9149,
-11.8989, 22.6309

43.3965, -5.2066,
11.7139

156.6916,
-12.8349, 23.9934

33.9843, -4.4716,
10.2700

171.9483,
-13.7918, 25.3628

25.3724, -3.7569,
8.7658

187.6704,

17.6436, -3.0591,

-14.7693, 26.7402

7.1653

203.8444,
-15.7671, 28.1265

■ 10.9132, -2.3699,
6.2828

■ 2.3307, -4.0787,
1.6315

■ 87.9571, -8.3698,
17.2182

■ 87.9571, -8.3698,
17.2182

■ 86.7006, -10.4530,
24.8677

■ 89.3004, -5.8586,
8.4782

■ 85.5243, -12.0994,
31.4142

■ 90.7248, -2.9177,
-1.3376

■ 84.4289, -13.3142,
36.8614

■ 91.7011, -2.4441,
-4.7064

■ 83.4123, -14.1052,
41.2246

■ 92.3826, -3.5906,
-3.8551

■ 82.4717, -14.4864,
44.5350

■ 93.0674, -4.7343,
-3.0065

■ 81.6031, -14.4787,
46.8426

■ 93.7554, -5.8751,
-2.1603

■ 80.8010, -14.1122,
48.2212

■ 94.4464, -7.0129,
-1.3166

■ 80.0581, -13.4294,
48.7779

■ 95.1406, -8.1478,
-0.4754

■ 79.6182, -12.8942,
48.8346

■ 95.8377, -9.2798,
0.3632

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.9590, -0.7937, 17.1835



87.9571, -8.3698, 17.2182



87.9590, -14.7509, 14.1253

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.9590, -8.3722, 17.2194



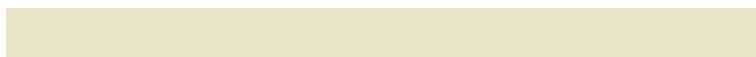
87.9590, -14.8669, -5.5714



87.9590, 9.8654, 1.0256

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87.9571, -8.3698, 17.2182



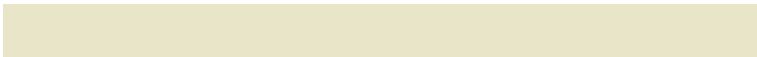
77.9847, 0.2677, -9.9845

Split Complementary

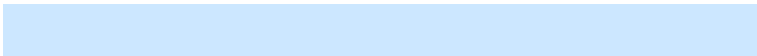
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.9590, 5.8278, -5.7007



87.9571, -8.3698, 17.2182



87.9590, -8.5353, -9.7242

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



87.9590, -8.3722, 17.2194



87.9590, -18.4132, 1.1902



87.9590, -0.9625, -9.7734



87.9590, 9.9127, 8.2397

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87.9571, -8.3698, 17.2182



87.9590, -17.5383, 10.5395



87.9590, -0.9625, -9.7734



87.9590, 8.9239, -1.3805

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.9590, -8.3722, 17.2194



99.3744, -6.5910, 9.6733



79.2380, 7.1672, 6.5811



45.9215, -3.1545, 4.8343

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.9590, -8.3722, 17.2194



97.4445, -10.1366, 22.1094



87.7355, -14.0576, 16.8883



40.7116, -3.3723, 6.2340



59.4071, -9.7384, 36.4359



16.3571, -2.9680, 10.0272

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



77.9847, 0.2677, -9.9845



83.7419, 1.7683, -15.3508



78.2637, 5.8210, -9.5085



37.5539, -0.6447, -2.3594



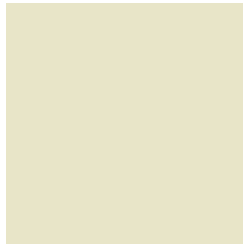
19.0430, 44.3076, -119.4495



5.8535, 9.5579, -27.9492

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.9571, -8.3698, 17.2182 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

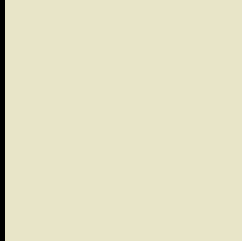
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.9571, -8.3698, 17.2182 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

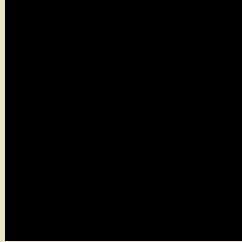
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

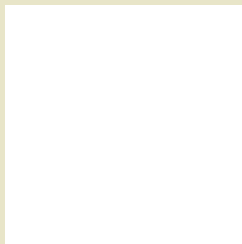
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 87.9571, -8.3698, 17.2182 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.9571, -8.3698, 17.2182.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.9571, -8.3698,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

87.9571, -8.3698, 17.2182

Protanopia

87.8856, -5.4565, 17.6072

Deuteranopia

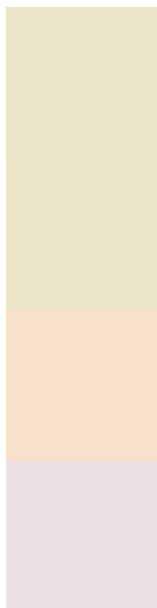
87.9938, 4.7186, 14.9593



Tritanopia

87.9223, 3.5267, -1.8793

Trichromacy



Original Color

87.9571, -8.3698, 17.2182

Protanomaly

88.0018, -6.6539, 17.7059

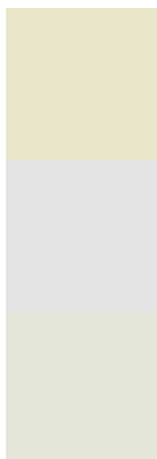
Deuteranomaly

88.0029, -0.0285, 15.7386

Tritanomaly

87.8489, -0.8459, 5.5566

Monochromacy



Original Color

87.9571, -8.3698, 17.2182

Achromatopsia

87.6442, -4.6765, 4.7619

Achromatomaly

87.8377, -6.2201, 9.7058

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 87.9571, -8.3698, 17.2182 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(232, 229, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(232, 229, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(232, 229, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(232, 229, 200) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 87.9571, -8.3698, 17.2182 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(232, 229, 200) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(232, 229, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(232, 229, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(232, 229, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 229, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(232, 229,  
200) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 87.9571, -8.3698, 17.2182 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(232, 229, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(232,  
229, 200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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