

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(87.9164, -31.5883,  
-10.1819)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(87.9164, -31.5883,  
-10.1819) contains.

<b>HunterLab(88.0405, -31.6616, -10.0167)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(88.0405,  
-31.6616, -10.0167)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	85F5FF
RGB	133, 245, 255
RGB Percent	52%, 96%, 100%
CMY	0.4784, 0.0392, 0.0000
CMYK	0.48, 0.04, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	185°, 100%, 76%
HSV	185°, 48%, 100%
XYZ	60.3752, 77.5113, 106.3867
YIQ	212.6520, -69.9620, -20.6340

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

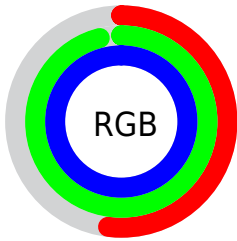
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	133, 191, 255
Decimal	8779263
CIELab	90.56, -29.49, -14.74
CIELCh	91, 32.964, 206.561
Yxy	77.5142, 0.2472, 0.3173
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286969343 (0xFF85F5FF)
YUV	212.6520, 20.8776, -69.8548
Hunter-Lab	88.0405, -31.6616, -10.0167

# Details

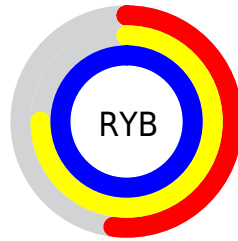
The HunterLab color **88.0405, -31.6616, -10.0167** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **65.2679, 37.0112, 20.7060**, and the grayscale version is **81.3574, -4.3410, 4.4203**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **94.9091, -23.5261, -1.0310**, and **64.3007, -27.2966, -10.1189** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86.2712, -34.6950, -12.4667**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90.0662, -27.7246, -7.2667**.

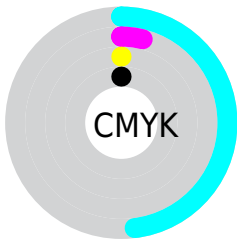
# Distribution



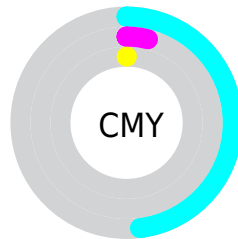
- Red (52%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 88.0405, -31.6616, -10.0167 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 88.0405, -31.6616, -10.0167 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



88.0405, -31.6616,  
-10.0167

88.0405, -31.6616,  
-10.0167

220.5709,  
-49.5077, -7.3934

75.9440, -29.5462,  
-10.0755

113.9583,  
-35.7735, -9.7354

64.4573, -27.3751,  
-10.0789

127.7284,  
-37.7840, -9.5237

53.6163, -25.1336,  
-10.0201

142.0124,  
-39.7722, -9.2675

43.4621, -22.8003,  
-9.8942

156.7924,  
-41.7424, -8.9692

34.0448, -20.3438,  
-9.6957

172.0522,  
-43.6983, -8.6309

25.4273, -17.7163,  
-9.4206

187.7773,

17.6922, -14.8386,

-45.6429, -8.2544

-9.0697

203.9543,  
-47.5786, -7.8414

■ 10.9547, -12.7975,  
-8.6676

■ 2.4849, -4.3486,  
-24.6019

■ 88.0405, -31.6616,  
-10.0167

■ 88.0405, -31.6616,  
-10.0167

■ 86.2712, -34.6950,  
-12.4667

■ 90.0662, -27.7246,  
-7.2667

■ 84.7474, -36.8158,  
-14.6120

■ 92.3447, -22.9110,  
-4.2417

■ 83.4588, -38.0479,  
-16.4495

■ 94.8756, -17.2690,  
-0.9631

■ 82.3863, -38.4513,  
-17.9923

■ 97.6536, -10.8578,  
2.5429

■ 81.4977, -38.1451, 100.0000, -5.3358,  
-19.2770 5.4332

■ 81.3178, -38.0329,  
-19.5381

# Harmonies

## Analogous

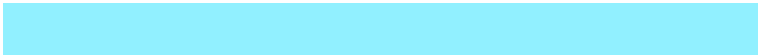
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.0421, -34.5610, 6.6081



88.0405, -31.6616, -10.0167



88.0421, -21.7335, -24.7510

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.0421, -31.6625, -10.0146



88.0421, 23.7748, -13.7887



88.0421, -2.7646, 30.1885

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.0405, -31.6616, -10.0167



65.2679, 37.0112, 20.7060

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.0421, 13.7305, 26.6907



88.0405, -31.6616, -10.0167



88.0421, 29.7561, 2.9371

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.0421, -31.6625, -10.0146



88.0421, 10.1448, -27.2000



88.0421, 25.9511, 17.4043



88.0421, -18.6267, 28.0009

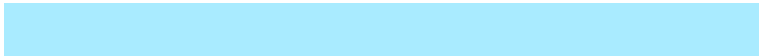


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.0405, -31.6616, -10.0167



88.0421, -12.0533, -30.4592



88.0421, 25.9511, 17.4043



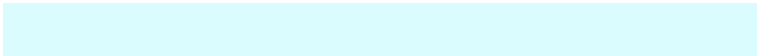
88.0421, 2.8979, 29.6581

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.0421, -31.6625, -10.0146



95.9137, -14.8939, 0.3582



88.5631, -53.7024, 36.7258



44.1022, -7.5142, -0.1795

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.0421, -31.6625, -10.0146



86.4105, -34.4752, -12.2722



68.7531, -2.8244, -39.2701



44.9574, -5.5401, 0.8999



58.8715, -27.6050, -13.9929



18.5655, -8.8566, -4.0865



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



66.8052, 59.7342, -34.4603



62.3001, 71.3930, -41.1263



80.7826, 5.8502, 33.5924



42.7471, 3.3814, -1.1917



37.7184, 72.8601, -39.7052

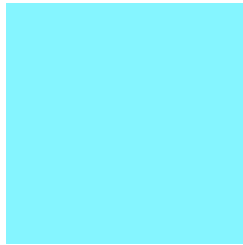


11.8004, 22.8429, -12.7959



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.0405, -31.6616, -10.0167 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

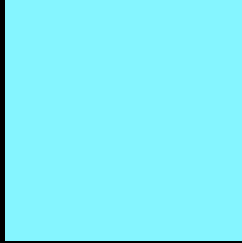
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.0405, -31.6616, -10.0167 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

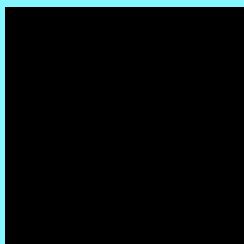
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 88.0405, -31.6616, -10.0167 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.0405, -31.6616, -10.0167.



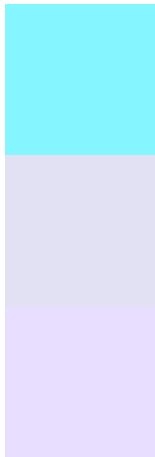
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.0405, -31.6616, -10.0167.

-31.6616, -10.0167.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

88.0405, -31.6616, -10.0167

### Protanopia

87.4587, -1.0685, -3.6106

### Deuteranopia

87.5319, 4.7595, -10.0628



## Tritanopia

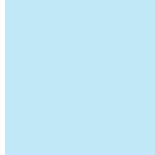
87.9958, -23.1137, -9.9270

# Trichromacy



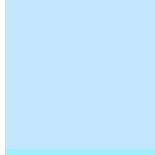
## Original Color

88.0405, -31.6616, -10.0167



## Protanomaly

86.9684, -13.8926, -6.6440



## Deuteranomaly

86.9192, -10.1783, -11.1536



## Tritanomaly

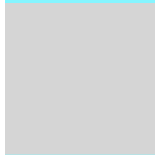
88.0321, -26.4368, -9.9365

# Monochromacy



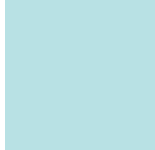
## Original Color

88.0405, -31.6616, -10.0167



## Achromatopsia

81.5713, -4.3524, 4.4319



## Achromatomaly

83.4519, -16.2148, -1.0088

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 88.0405, -31.6616, -10.0167 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 245, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 245, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 245, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 245, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 88.0405, -31.6616, -10.0167 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 245, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 245, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 245, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 245, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 245, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 245,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 88.0405, -31.6616, -10.0167 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 245, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133,  
245, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor