

Converting Colors

HunterLab(88.0335, -2.7530,
5.5468)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(88.0335, -2.7530, 5.5468)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(88.1775, -2.8895,
5.9043)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E9E3E2
RGB	233, 227, 226
RGB Percent	91%, 89%, 89%
CMY	0.0863, 0.1098, 0.1137
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.03, 0.09
HSL	9°, 14%, 90%
HSV	9°, 3%, 91%
XYZ	74.8008, 77.7527, 83.0168
YIQ	228.6800, 3.8970, 0.9610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

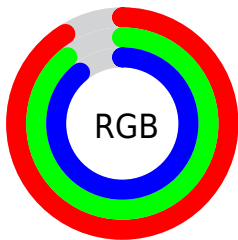
Format	Color
R_{YB}	233, 227, 226
Decimal	15328226
CIE _{Lab}	90.67, 1.85, 1.20
CIE _{LCh}	91, 2.209, 32.871
Yxy	77.7561, 0.3175, 0.3301
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293518306 (0xFFE9E3E2)
YUV	228.6800, -1.3212, 3.7886
Hunter-Lab	88.1775, -2.8895, 5.9043

Details

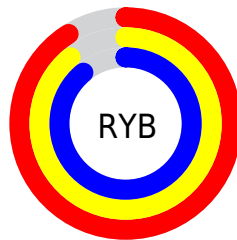
The HunterLab color $88.1775, -2.8895, 5.9043$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $89.3107, -6.5385, 3.7400$, and the grayscale version is $88.3838, -4.7159, 4.8021$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $64.6471, -2.0386, 4.4641$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $81.4064, 3.7327, 9.2133$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $95.2269, -9.1908, 2.5631$.

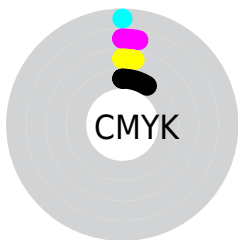
Distribution



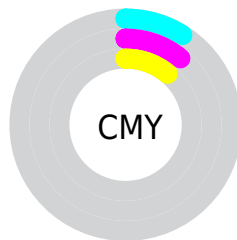
- Red (91%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (89%)



- Red (91%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (3%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (11%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 88.1775, -2.8895, 5.9043 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 88.1775, -2.8895, 5.9043 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 88.1775, -2.8895,
5.9043

■ 88.1775, -2.8895,
5.9043

220.7573, -9.3268,
13.5225

■ 76.0747, -2.3318,
5.1930

114.1079, -4.1147,
7.4175

■ 64.5810, -1.8090,
4.5106

127.8838, -4.7743,
8.2146

■ 53.7327, -1.3261,
3.8600

142.1734, -5.4641,
9.0379

■ 43.5706, -0.8864,
3.2425

156.9587, -6.1828,
9.8867

■ 34.1449, -0.4938,
2.6600

172.2238, -6.9294,
10.7602

■ 25.5181, -0.1542,
2.1144

187.9540, -7.7028,

■ 17.7727, 0.1249,

11.6577

1.6077

204.1360, -8.5022,
12.5787

■ 11.0233, 0.3313,
1.1422

■ 2.7204, 2.8260,
1.9043

■ 88.1775, -2.8895,
5.9043

■ 88.1775, -2.8895,
5.9043

■ 81.4064, 3.7327,
9.2133

■ 95.2269, -9.1908,
2.5631

■ 74.9488, 10.7161,
12.4646

■ 98.0122, -12.3214,
2.9484

■ 68.8571, 18.0774,
15.6248

■ 63.1925, 25.8043,
18.6384

■ 58.0284, 33.8259,
21.4216

■ 53.4489, 41.9768,
23.8565

■ 49.5443, 49.9586,
25.7933

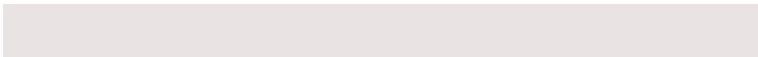
■ 46.3995, 57.3257,
27.0749

■ 44.0747, 63.5330,
27.5955

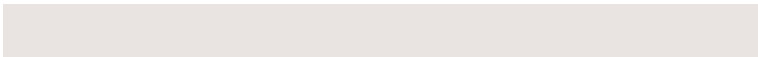
Harmonies

Analogous

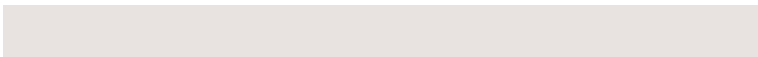
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.1794, -2.5462, 4.9025



88.1775, -2.8895, 5.9043



88.1794, -3.7245, 6.6056

Triad

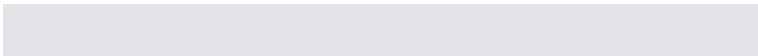
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.1794, -2.8917, 5.9057



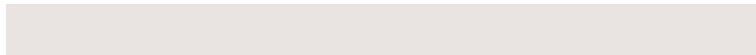
88.1794, -6.6203, 5.7299



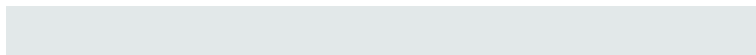
88.1794, -4.6018, 2.7269

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



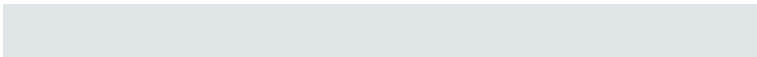
88.1775, -2.8895, 5.9043



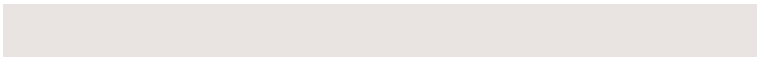
89.3107, -6.5385, 3.7400

Split Complementary

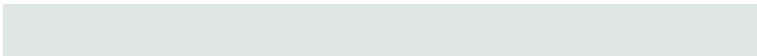
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.1794, -5.6907, 2.9550



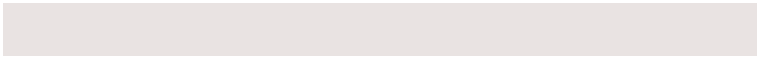
88.1775, -2.8895, 5.9043



88.1794, -6.8527, 4.6971

Square

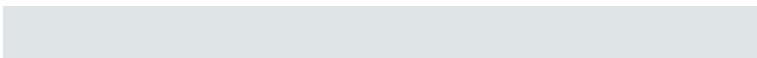
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



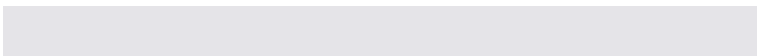
88.1794, -2.8917, 5.9057



88.1794, -5.8768, 6.5051



88.1794, -6.5132, 3.6795



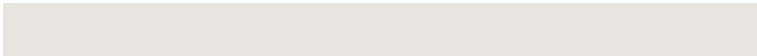
88.1794, -3.5366, 3.0599

Rectangle

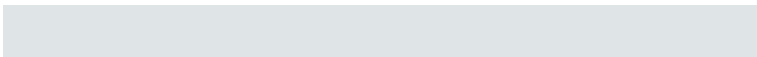
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



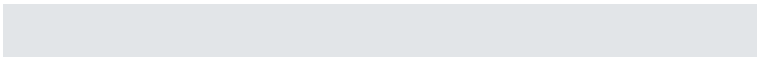
88.1775, -2.8895, 5.9043



88.1794, -4.4420, 6.8107



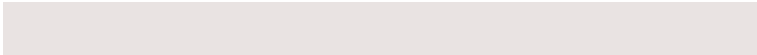
88.1794, -6.5132, 3.6795



88.1794, -4.9772, 2.7405

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.1794, -2.8917, 5.9057



99.2225, -4.6260, 5.8045



88.0610, -1.3181, 2.8045



45.9227, -2.1565, 2.6769

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.1794, -2.8917, 5.9057



96.9082, -2.4753, 6.9165



89.2473, -4.6776, 7.1114



40.7547, -0.8291, 3.0365



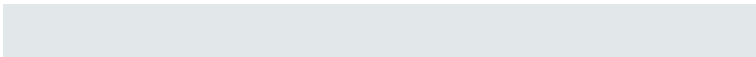
32.5072, 49.8399, 20.9033



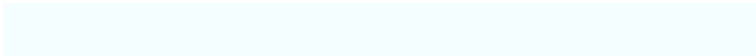
9.6882, 12.1683, 6.1828

Inverse Universe

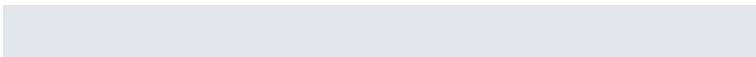
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89.3107, -6.5385, 3.7400



98.5833, -7.8755, 3.7097



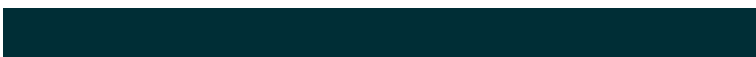
88.2339, -4.7603, 2.4830



41.5885, -3.5174, 1.4401



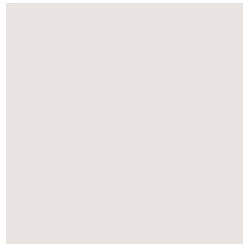
51.7768, -21.3814, -18.5601



14.8524, -6.4352, -4.6725

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.1775, -2.8895, 5.9043 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

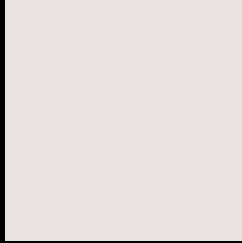
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.1775, -2.8895, 5.9043 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

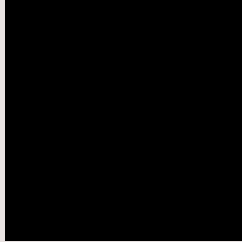
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

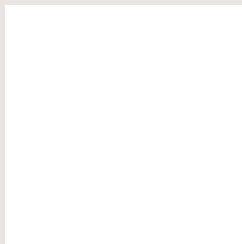
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 88.1775, -2.8895, 5.9043 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.1775, -2.8895, 5.9043.



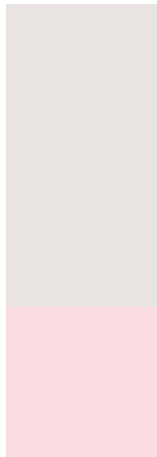
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.1775, -2.8895,

5.9043.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

88.1775, -2.8895, 5.9043

Protanopia

88.1775, -2.8895, 5.9043

Deuteranopia

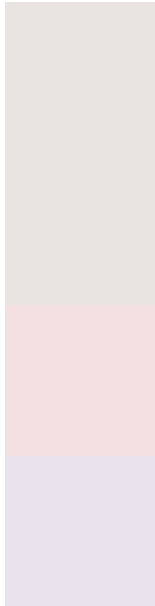
88.0812, 6.2503, 5.4663



Tritanopia

88.2742, 1.6534, -1.9990

Trichromacy



Original Color

88.1775, -2.8895, 5.9043

Protanomaly

88.1775, -2.8895, 5.9043

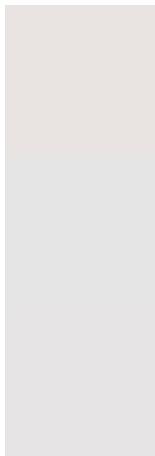
Deuteranomaly

88.0650, 3.0955, 5.3921

Tritanomaly

88.2844, -0.2925, 1.1008

Monochromacy



Original Color

88.1775, -2.8895, 5.9043

Achromatopsia

88.5177, -4.7231, 4.8093

Achromatomaly

88.2673, -4.0515, 5.0163

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 88.1775, -2.8895, 5.9043 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(233, 227, 226)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(233, 227, 226)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(233, 227, 226) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(233, 227, 226) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 88.1775, -2.8895, 5.9043 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(233, 227, 226) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(233, 227, 226) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(233, 227, 226)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(233, 227, 226); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 227, 226);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(233, 227,  
226) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 88.1775, -2.8895, 5.9043 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(233, 227, 226) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(233,  
227, 226) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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