

Converting Colors

HunterLab(88.0401, -57.7126,
50.9520)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(88.0401, -57.7126,
50.9520) contains.

HunterLab(88.0499, -57.6750, 50.9782)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(88.0499,
-57.6750, 50.9782)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8EFF35
RGB	142, 255, 53
RGB Percent	56%, 100%, 21%
CMY	0.4431, 0.0000, 0.7921
CMYK	0.44, 0.00, 0.79, 0.00
HSL	94°, 100%, 60%
HSV	94°, 79%, 100%
XYZ	47.5580, 77.5278, 15.8260
YIQ	198.1850, -2.5060, -86.7780

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

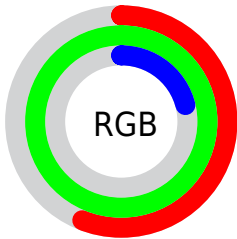
Format	Color
RYB	53, 255, 166
Decimal	9371445
CIELab	90.56, -62.38, 78.57
CIELCh	91, 100.325, 128.447
Yxy	77.5279, 0.3375, 0.5502
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287561525 (0xFF8EFF35)
YUV	198.1850, -71.5762, -49.2742
Hunter-Lab	88.0499, -57.6750, 50.9782

Details

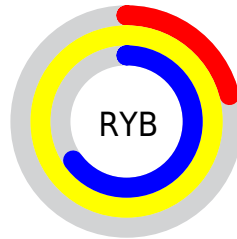
The HunterLab color **88.0499, -57.6750, 50.9782** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **99FF33**. The color can be described as middle washed chartreuse. A complement of this color would be **42.2791, 73.9975, -105.3255**, and the grayscale version is **75.5221, -4.0297, 4.1033**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.4540, -39.1166, 45.6889**, and **64.4610, -48.8176, 38.8659** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **87.2755, -61.0520, 51.9843**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88.9785, -53.5714, 49.0234**.

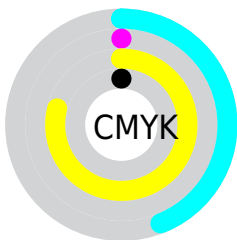
Distribution



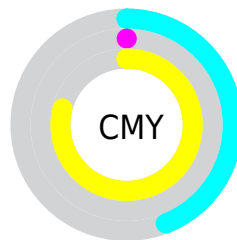
- Red (56%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (21%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (65%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 88.0499, -57.6750, 50.9782 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 88.0499, -57.6750, 50.9782 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 88.0499, -57.6750,
50.9782


 88.0499, -57.6750,
50.9782


220.5815,
-88.5064, 89.8625


 75.9515, -53.7446,
45.9460


 113.9668,
-65.1211, 60.4965


 64.4643, -49.6386,
40.7058


 127.7372,
-68.6790, 65.0234

 53.6229, -45.3167,
35.2401


 142.0215,
-72.1475, 69.4184

 43.4683, -40.7240,
29.6071

 156.8018,
-75.5388, 73.6959

 34.0505, -35.7835,
23.8354

 172.0620,
-78.8626, 77.8687

 25.4325, -30.3819,
17.8027

187.7874,

 17.6968, -24.5041,

-82.1274, 81.9478

12.3877

203.9646,
-85.3400, 85.9429

■ 10.9586, -19.1775,
7.6710

■ 2.4988, -4.3730,
1.7492

■ 88.0499, -57.6750,
50.9782

■ 88.0499, -57.6750,
50.9782

■ 87.2755, -61.0520,
51.9843

■ 88.9785, -53.5714,
49.0234

■ 86.6408, -63.7701,
52.2318

■ 90.0694, -48.7178,
46.0246

■ 86.5952, -63.9647,
52.2398

■ 91.3277, -43.1107,
41.9222

■ 92.7564, -36.7629,
36.6878

■ 94.3564, -29.6999,
30.3179

■ 96.1271, -21.9573,
22.8290

■ 98.0666, -13.5777,
14.2542

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.0499, -18.6253, 56.1064



88.0499, -57.6750, 50.9782



88.0499, -78.5009, 32.5965

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.0499, -57.6748, 50.9774



88.0499, -37.8535, -133.2395



88.0499, 114.5441, 17.4032

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.0499, -57.6750, 50.9782



42.2791, 73.9975, -105.3255

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.0499, 106.0838, -36.7342



88.0499, -57.6750, 50.9782



88.0499, 10.1423, -146.0153

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.0499, -57.6748, 50.9774



88.0499, -68.9981, -74.9875



88.0499, 64.8008, -103.7652



88.0499, 85.8197, 45.2577

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.0499, -57.6750, 50.9782



88.0499, -82.7421, 7.2790



88.0499, 64.8008, -103.7652



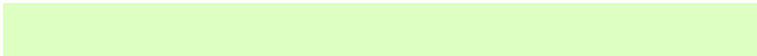
88.0499, 116.0640, 2.2319

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.0499, -57.6748, 50.9774



95.2581, -25.7469, 26.5527



69.3581, 20.6269, 40.2190



43.7832, -13.1711, 13.4905

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.0499, -57.6748, 50.9774



86.8931, -62.6942, 52.1915



85.2275, -69.2910, 48.0211



45.3428, -6.3991, 6.7177



62.6638, -45.9550, 37.8086



19.7148, -13.6714, 11.9089

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



42.2791, 73.9975, -105.3255



37.1791, 81.1434, -126.5418



55.1304, 94.4853, -57.1932



42.2835, 1.8862, -2.3066



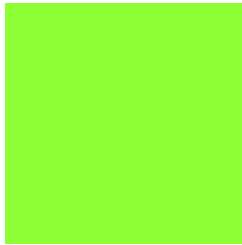
26.2639, 59.3415, -94.3748



8.5812, 18.9761, -27.6363

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.0499, -57.6750, 50.9782 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

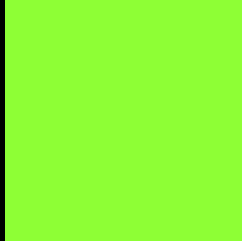
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.0499, -57.6750, 50.9782 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

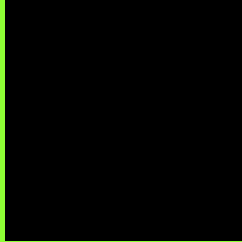
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

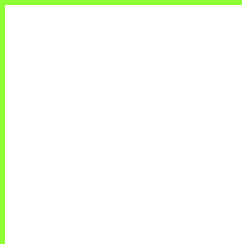
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 88.0499, -57.6750, 50.9782 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.0499, -57.6750, 50.9782.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.0499, -57.6750, 50.9782.

-57.6750, 50.9782.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

88.0499, -57.6750, 50.9782

Protanopia

87.4045, -11.6310, 51.9013

Deuteranopia

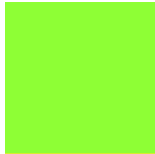
87.2170, 0.5276, 26.1810



Tritanopia

87.7602, -18.8540, -10.1688

Trichromacy



Original Color

88.0499, -57.6750, 50.9782



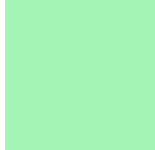
Protanomaly

86.6523, -30.9897, 50.8641



Deuteranomaly

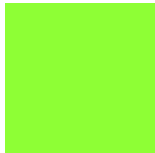
86.1468, -24.4301, 37.8771



Tritanomaly

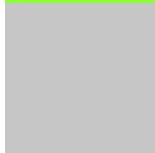
87.1615, -37.6359, 22.9453

Monochromacy



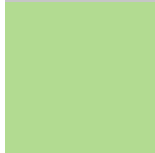
Original Color

88.0499, -57.6750, 50.9782



Achromatopsia

75.1473, -4.0097, 4.0829



Achromatomaly

78.8494, -27.5071, 27.9621

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 88.0499, -57.6750, 50.9782 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 255, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 255, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 255, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 255, 53) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 88.0499, -57.6750, 50.9782 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 255, 53) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 255, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(142, 255, 53)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 255, 53); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 255, 53);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 255,  
53) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 88.0499, -57.6750, 50.9782 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 255, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
255, 53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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