

Converting Colors

HunterLab(88.0678, -7.9517,
2.7307)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(88.0678, -7.9517, 2.7307)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(88.0227, -7.8783,
2.6778)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	DBE6E8
RGB	219, 230, 232
RGB Percent	86%, 90%, 91%
CMY	0.1412, 0.0980, 0.0902
CMYK	0.06, 0.01, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	189°, 22%, 88%
HSV	189°, 6%, 91%
XYZ	72.0758, 77.4800, 87.5002
YIQ	226.9390, -7.1980, -1.7100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

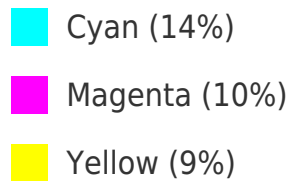
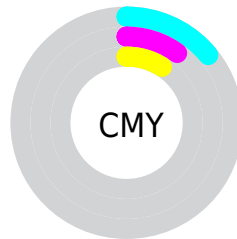
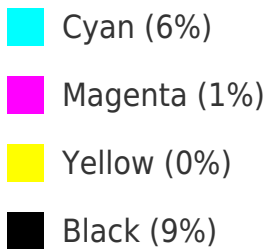
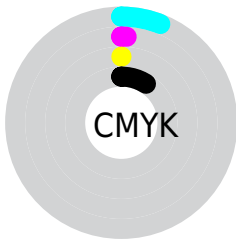
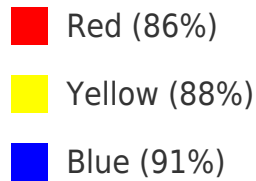
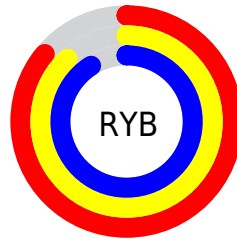
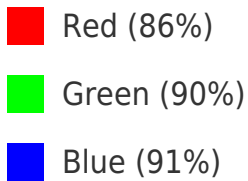
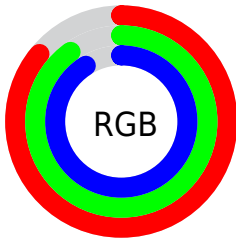
Format	Color
RYB	219, 225, 232
Decimal	14411496
CIELab	90.54, -3.28, -2.25
CIELCh	91, 3.978, 214.416
Yxy	77.4832, 0.3040, 0.3268
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292601576 (0xFFDBE6E8)
YUV	226.9390, 2.4951, -6.9625
Hunter-Lab	88.0227, -7.8783, 2.6778

Details

The HunterLab color **88.0227, -7.8783, 2.6778** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **86.0131, -1.2665, 6.7815**, and the grayscale version is **87.6110, -4.6747, 4.7601**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**, and **64.5655, -6.6168, 1.9509** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84.9525, -12.9394, -1.1619**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91.2903, -2.2527, 6.6296**.


Distribution




Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 88.0227, -7.8783, 2.6778 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 88.0227, -7.8783, 2.6778 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 88.0227, -7.8783,
2.6778

 88.0227, -7.8783,
2.6778


220.5471,
-16.1111, 9.1521

 75.9273, -7.0789,
2.1197


113.9392, -9.5537,
3.9045

 64.4414, -6.3020,
1.5987


127.7085,
-10.4252, 4.5668

 53.6014, -5.5496,
1.1188


141.9918,
-11.3191, 5.2601

 43.4482, -4.8219,
0.6835

156.7711,
-12.2351, 5.9831

 34.0320, -4.1187,
0.2971

172.0303,
-13.1728, 6.7348

 25.4157, -3.4391,
-0.0347


187.7547,


 17.6819, -2.7806,


-14.1316, 7.5142


-0.3037


203.9311,
-15.1112, 8.3202


 10.9459, -2.1372,
-0.4977


 2.4531, -4.2929,
-3.6657

 88.0227, -7.8783,
2.6778


 88.0227, -7.8783,
2.6778


 84.9525, -12.9394,
-1.1619


 91.2903, -2.2527,
6.6296


 82.0832, -17.3718,
-4.8701

 93.6644, 0.2242,
9.3927

 79.4245, -21.1206,
-8.4200

 94.7710, -1.6650,
10.6057

 76.9828, -24.1347,
-11.7850

 95.8862, -3.5472,
11.8155

■ 74.7617, -26.3738,
-14.9396

■ 97.0100, -5.4223,
13.0220

■ 72.7617, -27.8135,
-17.8615

■ 98.1422, -7.2902,
14.2252

■ 70.9783, -28.4521,
-20.5346

■ 99.2825, -9.1509,
15.4251

■ 69.4012, -28.3191,
-22.9534

■ 99.3007, -9.1804,
15.4441

■ 68.0101, -27.4865,
-25.1300

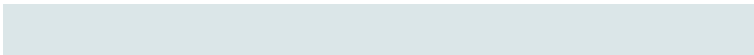
Harmonies

Analogous

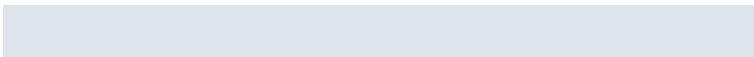
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.0246, -8.5375, 4.5067



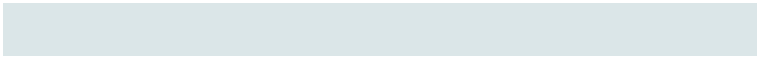
88.0227, -7.8783, 2.6778



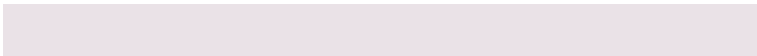
88.0246, -6.3711, 1.3962

Triad

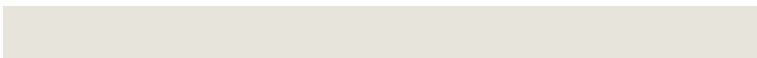
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.0246, -7.8802, 2.6792



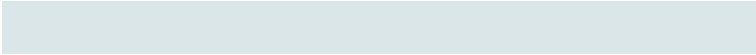
88.0246, -1.1737, 3.1823



88.0246, -5.0001, 8.3933

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



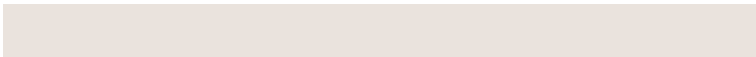
88.0227, -7.8783, 2.6778



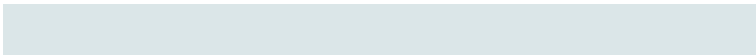
86.0131, -1.2665, 6.7815

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.0246, -3.0193, 8.0566



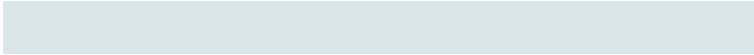
88.0227, -7.8783, 2.6778



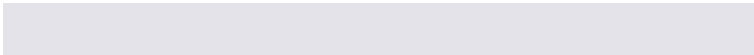
88.0246, -0.7987, 5.0752

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.0246, -7.8802, 2.6792



88.0246, -2.4973, 1.6912



88.0246, -1.4770, 6.8525



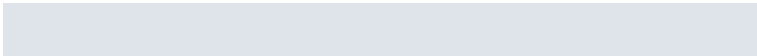
88.0246, -6.8842, 7.7828

Rectangle

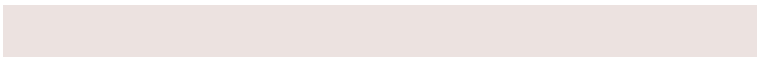
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



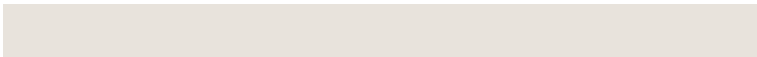
88.0227, -7.8783, 2.6778



88.0246, -5.0788, 1.0374



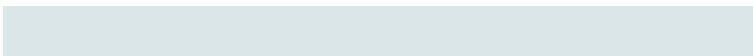
88.0246, -1.4770, 6.8525



88.0246, -4.3236, 8.3870

Sweetspot

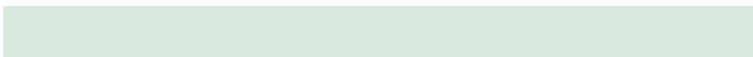
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.0246, -7.8802, 2.6792



99.2708, -6.5908, 4.5498



88.3133, -10.8081, 8.3262



45.9438, -3.0207, 2.1252

0.0000, NaN, NaN



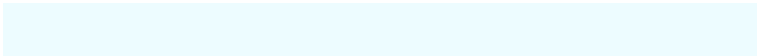
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

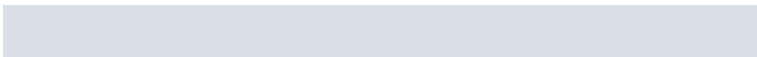
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.0246, -7.8802, 2.6792



97.4854, -9.6195, 2.3618



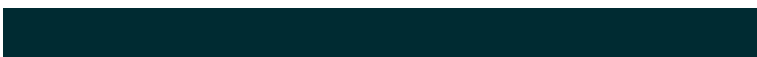
85.9984, -4.5501, 0.2775



40.1949, -4.1003, 0.8822



50.3950, -20.3006, -19.1662



14.0679, -5.9977, -4.6363

Inverse Universe

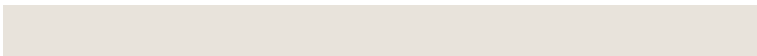
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



85.7517, 1.6720, 1.1050



94.3186, 3.7164, 0.1559



88.0092, -4.6223, 9.0006



38.7911, 1.8158, -0.0977



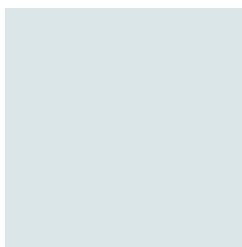
34.2951, 65.2548, -28.4079



9.3780, 17.9331, -8.4596

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.0227, -7.8783, 2.6778 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

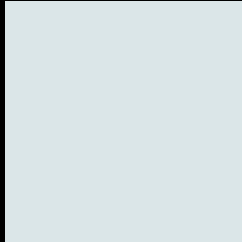
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.0227, -7.8783, 2.6778 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

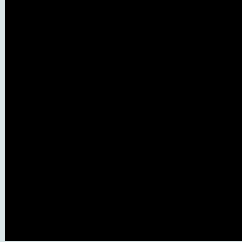
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

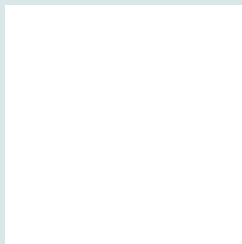
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 88.0227, -7.8783, 2.6778 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.0227, -7.8783, 2.6778.

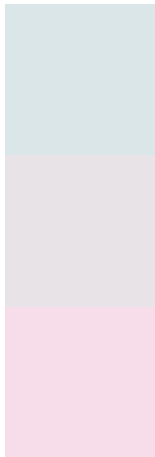


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.0227, -7.8783,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

88.0227, -7.8783, 2.6778

Protanopia

88.1137, -2.8582, 3.8714

Deuteranopia

87.9929, 6.4024, 1.8827



Tritanopia

88.0413, -3.6417, -4.5289

Trichromacy

	Original Color 88.0227, -7.8783, 2.6778
	Protanomaly 88.0836, -4.4991, 3.3099
	Deuteranomaly 87.8630, 1.2258, 2.1413
	Tritanomaly 88.0938, -5.4137, -1.8210

Monochromacy

	Original Color 88.0227, -7.8783, 2.6778
	Achromatopsia 87.6442, -4.6765, 4.7619
	Achromatomaly 87.7447, -5.8077, 3.8766

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 88.0227, -7.8783, 2.6778 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(219, 230, 232) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 230, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 230, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 230, 232) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 88.0227, -7.8783, 2.6778 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 230, 232) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 230, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 230, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 230, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 230, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 230,  
232) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 88.0227, -7.8783, 2.6778 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 230, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219,  
230, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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double the colors in the color bucket, and more
awesome pro features!

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