

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(88.0682, 0.2237,  
9.6045)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(88.0682, 0.2237, 9.6045)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(87.8923, 0.3914,  
9.4213)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2E0DA
RGB	242, 224, 218
RGB Percent	95%, 88%, 85%
CMY	0.0510, 0.1215, 0.1451
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.10, 0.05
HSL	15°, 48%, 90%
HSV	15°, 10%, 95%
XYZ	75.9286, 77.2506, 77.2387
YIQ	228.6980, 12.6540, 1.9500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

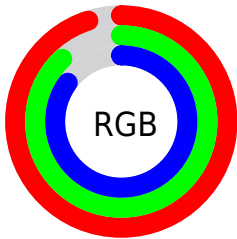
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	242, 226, 218
Decimal	15917274
CIE Lab	90.44, 5.16, 5.14
CIE LCh	90, 7.282, 44.934
Yxy	77.2540, 0.3295, 0.3353
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294107354 (0xFF2E0DA)
YUV	228.6980, -5.2741, 11.6659
Hunter-Lab	87.8923, 0.3914, 9.4213

# Details

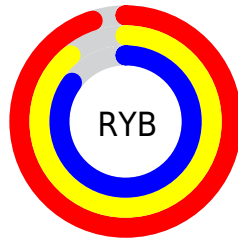
The HunterLab color  $87.8923, 0.3914, 9.4213$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $90.1697, -9.4542, 0.1599$ , and the grayscale version is  $88.4058, -4.7171, 4.8033$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $64.3890, 1.1146, 7.7893$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $81.7551, 6.2073, 13.5563$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $94.2841, -5.0718, 5.0830$ .

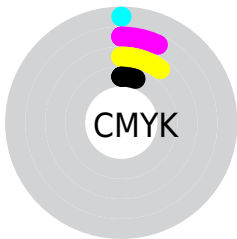
# Distribution



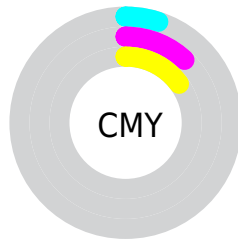
- Red (95%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (85%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (85%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (15%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 87.8923, 0.3914, 9.4213 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 87.8923, 0.3914, 9.4213 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



87.8923, 0.3914,  
9.4213

87.8923, 0.3914,  
9.4213

220.3700, -4.8996,  
18.3786

75.8033, 0.7957,  
8.5283

113.7972, -0.5473,  
11.2723

64.3240, 1.1573,  
7.6540

127.5610, -1.0718,  
12.2277

53.4909, 1.4699,  
6.7989

141.8389, -1.6313,  
13.2034

43.3453, 1.7283,  
5.9619

156.6131, -2.2240,  
14.1991

33.9371, 1.9259,  
5.1409

171.8673, -2.8484,  
15.2147

25.3296, 2.0537,  
4.3319

187.5869, -3.5032,

17.6056, 2.0984,

16.2500

3.5274

203.7586, -4.1873,  
17.3048

■ 10.8809, 2.0392,  
2.7198

■ 2.2030, 10.0793,  
1.5421

■ 87.8923, 0.3914,  
9.4213

■ 87.8923, 0.3914,  
9.4213

■ 81.7551, 6.2073,  
13.5563

■ 94.2841, -5.0718,  
5.0830

■ 75.9007, 12.4151,  
17.4339

■ 98.8016, -9.5301,  
3.9409

■ 70.3720, 19.0316,  
20.9896

■ 65.2169, 26.0515,  
24.1384

■ 60.4910, 33.4258,  
26.7745

■ 56.2560, 41.0374,  
28.7762

■ 52.5762, 48.6756,  
30.0222

■ 49.5116, 56.0199,  
30.4284

■ 47.0987, 62.6248,  
30.1111

# Harmonies

## Analogous

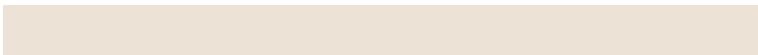
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.8942, 2.2722, 6.5073



87.8923, 0.3914, 9.4213



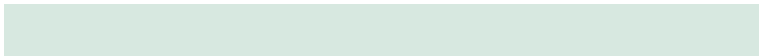
87.8942, -2.8412, 11.0602

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.8942, 0.3890, 9.4227



87.8942, -11.4467, 6.5221



87.8942, -2.8571, -1.9957

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



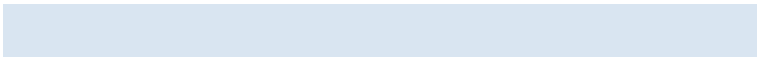
87.8923, 0.3914, 9.4213



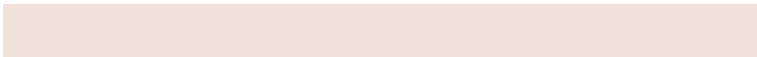
90.1697, -9.4542, 0.1599

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.8942, -6.5326, -1.9914



87.8923, 0.3914, 9.4213



87.8942, -11.4508, 3.0257

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



87.8942, 0.3890, 9.4227



87.8942, -9.6537, 9.4331



87.8942, -9.6650, -0.1215

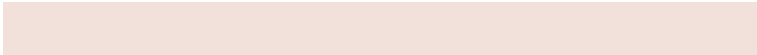


87.8942, 0.3771, -0.1331

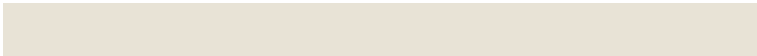


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87.8923, 0.3914, 9.4213



87.8942, -5.3044, 11.2515



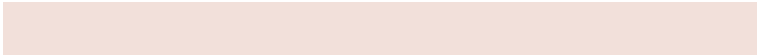
87.8942, -9.6650, -0.1215



87.8942, -4.0830, -2.2150

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.8942, 0.3890, 9.4227



97.9345, -3.6291, 6.8386



86.6472, 6.6448, -0.7943



45.0553, -1.4655, 3.3363

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

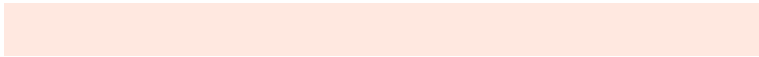


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.8942, 0.3890, 9.4227



91.8738, 1.6867, 10.9479



91.6140, -5.8767, 13.4218



40.4985, 0.0634, 4.2408



34.7704, 45.1411, 22.2156



10.7641, 10.9124, 6.8238

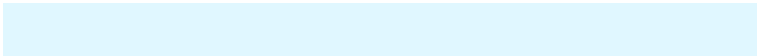


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90.1697, -9.4542, 0.1599



94.7965, -10.9606, -0.9507



86.3879, -3.2403, -4.4797



41.4971, -4.2562, 0.1757



46.3955, -13.2841, -29.3139

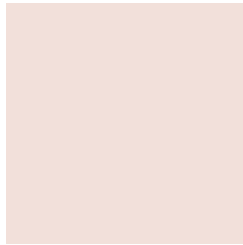


13.9536, -4.6351, -7.4349



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.8923, 0.3914, 9.4213 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

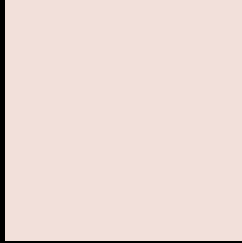
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.8923, 0.3914, 9.4213 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

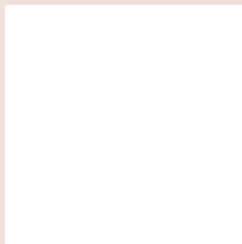
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 87.8923, 0.3914, 9.4213 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.8923, 0.3914, 9.4213.



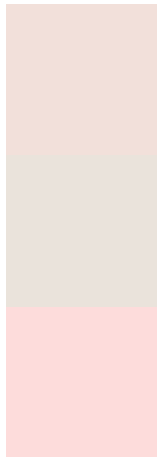
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.8923, 0.3914,

9.4213.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

87.8923, 0.3914, 9.4213

### Protanopia

88.0597, -3.7249, 9.0741

### Deuteranopia

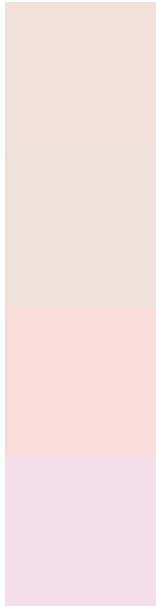
87.8542, 6.5368, 9.0215



## Tritanopia

87.9195, 6.4207, -0.2608

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

87.8923, 0.3914, 9.4213

## Protanomaly

88.0407, -2.1983, 9.0794

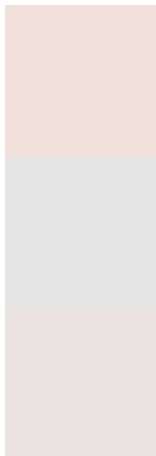
## Deuteranomaly

87.7309, 4.5812, 8.8478

## Tritanomaly

87.8892, 4.3112, 3.2318

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

87.8923, 0.3914, 9.4213

## Achromatopsia

88.5177, -4.7231, 4.8093

## Achromatomaly

88.2422, -2.7281, 6.4644

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 87.8923, 0.3914, 9.4213 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 224, 218)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 224, 218)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 224, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 224, 218) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 87.8923, 0.3914, 9.4213 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 224, 218) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 224, 218) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 224, 218) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 224, 218); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 224, 218);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 224,  
218) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 87.8923, 0.3914, 9.4213 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 224, 218) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
224, 218) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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