

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(88.0690, 1.8145,  
21.0191)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(88.0690, 1.8145,  
21.0191) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(88.2026, 1.5383,  
21.2439)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFDFBF
RGB	255, 223, 191
RGB Percent	100%, 87%, 75%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1255, 0.2510
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.25, 0.00
HSL	30°, 100%, 87%
HSV	30°, 25%, 100%
XYZ	77.0317, 77.7970, 60.2466
YIQ	228.9200, 29.3440, -3.1680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

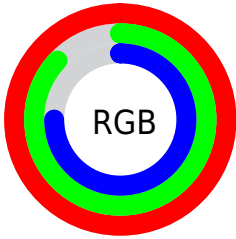
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 255, 191
Decimal	16768959
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	90.69, 6.31, 19.75
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	91, 20.736, 72.280
Yxy	77.8005, 0.3582, 0.3617
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294959039 (0xFFFFDFBF)
YUV	228.9200, -18.6946, 22.8722
Hunter-Lab	88.2026, 1.5383, 21.2439

# Details

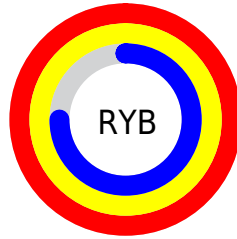
The HunterLab color **88.2026, 1.5383, 21.2439** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**, and the color name is **very pale orange**. A complement of this color would be **84.3028, -7.9470, -14.7296**, and the grayscale version is **88.5544, -4.7250, 4.8113**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **99.7474, -6.7215, 9.0414**, and **64.6662, 2.2344, 18.1868** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83.7949, 5.0032, 26.3645**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92.7865, -1.5021, 15.4179**.

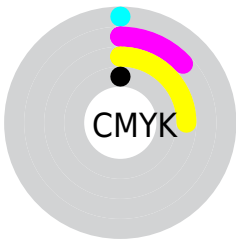
# Distribution



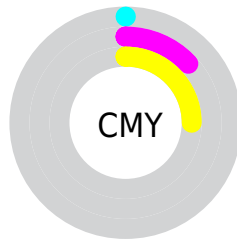
- Red (100%)
- Green (87%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (25%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 88.2026, 1.5383, 21.2439 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 88.2026, 1.5383, 21.2439 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 88.2026, 1.5383,  
21.2439

 88.2026, 1.5383,  
21.2439

220.7915, -3.3645,  
35.5017

 76.0987, 1.8903,  
19.6172


 114.1354, 0.6959,  
24.4482

 64.6037, 2.1977,  
17.9623


127.9123, 0.2171,  
26.0335

 53.7540, 2.4531,  
16.2702

142.2028, -0.2982,  
27.6129

 43.5905, 2.6508,  
14.5265

156.9892, -0.8481,  
29.1892

 34.1632, 2.7836,  
12.7104

172.2553, -1.4310,  
30.7646

 25.5348, 2.8412,  
10.7904

187.9864, -2.0456,

 17.7874, 2.8092,

32.3408

8.7157

204.1692, -2.6904,  
33.9194

■ 11.0358, 2.6644,  
7.7251

■ 2.7614, 9.8119,  
1.9329

■ 88.2026, 1.5383,  
21.2439

■ 88.2026, 1.5383,  
21.2439

■ 83.7949, 5.0032,  
26.3645

■ 92.7865, -1.5021,  
15.4179

■ 79.5728, 8.9266,  
30.7014

■ 97.5269, -4.1375,  
8.9530

■ 75.5547, 13.3234,  
34.1793

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 71.7580, 18.1993,  
36.7261

■ 68.2003, 23.5416,  
38.2844

■ 64.8986, 29.3105,  
38.8279

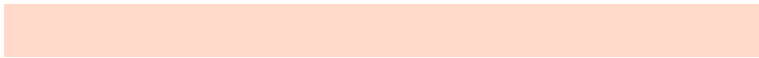
■ 61.8667, 35.4267,  
38.3932

■ 60.4763, 38.4891,  
37.9390

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.2046, 10.7713, 16.7985



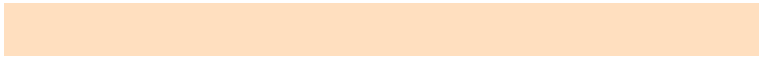
88.2026, 1.5383, 21.2439



88.2046, -8.9753, 21.6209

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.2046, 1.5352, 21.2451



88.2046, -23.6323, 0.6066



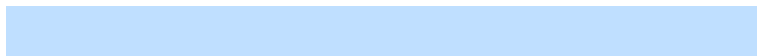
88.2046, 9.3247, -10.6675

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.2026, 1.5383, 21.2439



84.3028, -7.9470, -14.7296

# Split Complementary

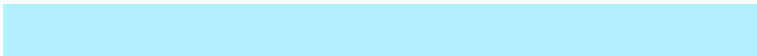
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.2046, -0.3643, -16.1635



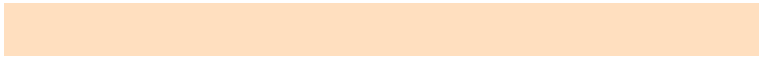
88.2026, 1.5383, 21.2439



88.2046, -19.1942, -9.1610

# Square

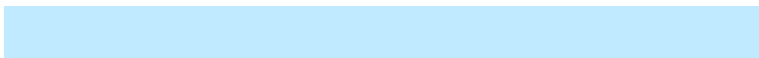
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.2046, 1.5352, 21.2451



88.2046, -23.1774, 10.4636



88.2046, -10.7883, -15.5820



88.2046, 15.4116, -1.2633



# Rectangle

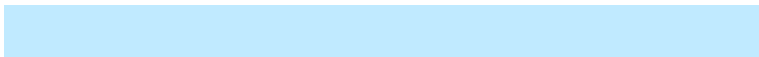
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.2026, 1.5383, 21.2439



88.2046, -15.2637, 19.5795



88.2046, -10.7883, -15.5820



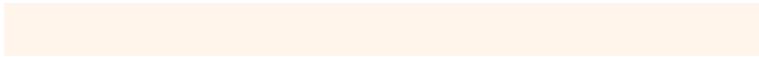
88.2046, 6.3622, -13.0803

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.2046, 1.5352, 21.2451



96.1353, -3.4122, 10.8914



79.9063, 23.6620, -2.1485



44.1452, -1.3989, 5.4946

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.2046, 1.5352, 21.2451



86.0202, 3.1800, 23.8480



98.2556, -14.9777, 30.5388



44.1452, -1.3989, 5.4946



44.0559, 27.0260, 27.6202

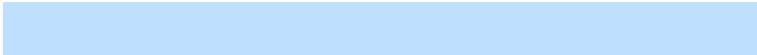


14.5197, 6.6944, 9.0642



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84.3028, -7.9470, -14.7296



81.3866, -8.0430, -18.9123



74.5380, 8.8555, -29.1692



43.4490, -3.1006, -0.9140



34.7378, 8.9834, -62.8118



11.8040, 0.9875, -16.8857



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.2026, 1.5383, 21.2439 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

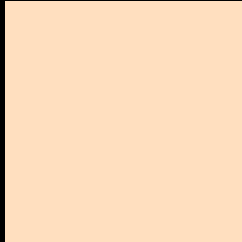
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.2026, 1.5383, 21.2439 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

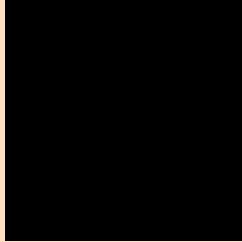
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 88.2026, 1.5383, 21.2439 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.2026, 1.5383, 21.2439.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.2026, 1.5383,

21.2439.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

88.2026, 1.5383, 21.2439

### Protanopia

88.3390, -5.7851, 20.4712

### Deuteranopia

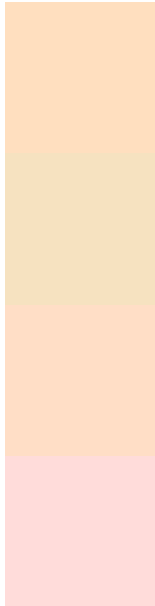
88.1855, 3.6029, 16.8346



## Tritanopia

88.2078, 10.1159, 2.7128

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

88.2026, 1.5383, 21.2439

## Protanomaly

88.1994, -3.1353, 20.7698

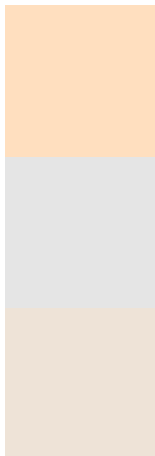
## Deuteranomaly

88.0794, 3.0312, 18.3638

## Tritanomaly

88.0388, 7.0953, 9.7034

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

88.2026, 1.5383, 21.2439

## Achromatopsia

88.5177, -4.7231, 4.8093

## Achromatomaly

88.3298, -3.0253, 11.2218

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 88.2026, 1.5383, 21.2439 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 223, 191)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 223, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 223, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 223, 191) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 88.2026, 1.5383, 21.2439 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 223, 191) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 223, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 223, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 223, 191); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 223, 191);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 223,  
191) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 88.2026, 1.5383, 21.2439 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 223, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
223, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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