

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(88.0793, -3.4880,  
32.4370)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(88.0793, -3.4880,  
32.4370) contains.

<b>HunterLab(88.0790, -3.4880, 32.4380)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**HunterLab(88.0790, -3.4880,  
32.4380)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE19E
RGB	255, 225, 158
RGB Percent	100%, 88%, 62%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1176, 0.3804
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.38, 0.00
HSL	41°, 100%, 81%
HSV	41°, 38%, 100%
XYZ	74.3368, 77.5791, 43.4041
YIQ	226.3320, 39.3870, -14.4770

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

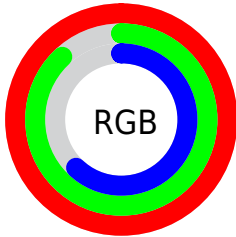
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	201, 255, 158
Decimal	16769438
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	90.59, 1.24, 36.58
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	91, 36.601, 88.058
Yxy	77.5827, 0.3806, 0.3972
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294959518 (0xFFFFE19E)
YUV	226.3320, -33.6877, 25.1418
Hunter-Lab	88.0790, -3.4880, 32.4380

# Details

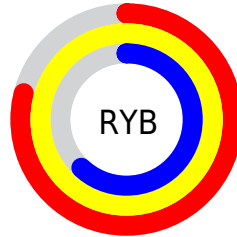
The HunterLab color **88.0790, -3.4880, 32.4380** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **71.0310, 1.6803, -35.1713**, and the grayscale version is **87.4846, -4.6680, 4.7532**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98.7847, -12.0352, 22.8772**, and **64.5448, -2.3266, 27.2060** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85.2221, -1.9280, 37.1668**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91.0584, -4.5923, 26.6805**.

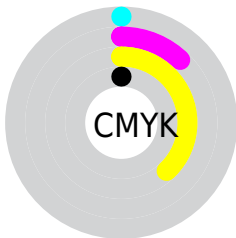
# Distribution



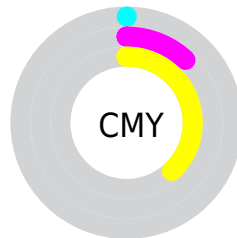
- Red (100%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (38%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (38%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 88.0790, -3.4880, 32.4380 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 88.0790, -3.4880, 32.4380 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 88.0790, -3.4880,  
32.4380

 88.0790, -3.4880,  
32.4380


220.6238,  
-10.1379, 53.3245

 75.9811, -2.9029,  
29.8786


 114.0007, -4.7672,  
37.3535

 64.4923, -2.3503,  
27.2281


 127.7725, -5.4517,  
39.7309

 53.6493, -1.8358,  
24.4658


142.0580, -6.1656,  
42.0668

 43.4929, -1.3624,  
21.5624

156.8395, -6.9076,  
44.3681

 34.0732, -0.9337,  
18.4788

172.1009, -7.6767,  
46.6402

 25.4531, -0.5545,  
15.1629

187.8274, -8.4720,

 17.7150, -0.2316,

48.8878

12.4005

204.0058, -9.2926,  
51.1148

■ 10.9741, 0.0248,  
7.6819

■ 2.5538, 1.9795,  
1.7877

■ 88.0790, -3.4880,  
32.4380

■ 88.0790, -3.4880,  
32.4380

■ 85.2221, -1.9280,  
37.1668

■ 91.0584, -4.5923,  
26.6805

■ 82.4855, 0.1038,  
40.8302

■ 94.1499, -5.2437,  
19.9350

■ 79.8743, 2.6030,  
43.4117

■ 97.3509, -5.4619,  
12.2523

■ 77.3899, 5.5574,  
44.9180

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 75.0320, 8.9392,  
45.3935

■ 72.7949, 12.6907,  
44.9611

■ 72.3666, 13.4484,  
44.8274

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.0810, 14.9980, 29.0266



88.0790, -3.4880, 32.4380



88.0810, -20.8819, 29.8151

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.0810, -3.4911, 32.4390



88.0810, -34.0577, -12.7297



88.0810, 27.6973, -15.1402

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.0790, -3.4880, 32.4380



71.0310, 1.6803, -35.1713

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.0810, 12.7319, -30.7647



88.0790, -3.4880, 32.4380



88.0810, -22.8143, -29.1825

# Square

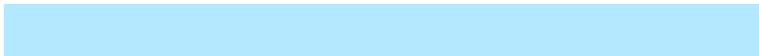
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.0810, -3.4911, 32.4390



88.0810, -37.6320, 5.9379



88.0810, -5.9113, -36.3672



88.0810, 33.9068, 3.6356

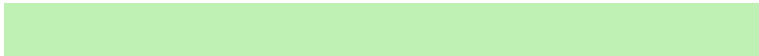


# Rectangle

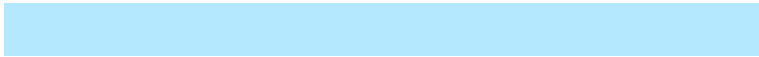
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.0790, -3.4880, 32.4380



88.0810, -29.7268, 24.6134



88.0810, -5.9113, -36.3672



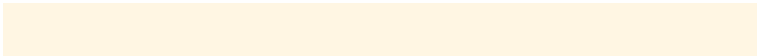
88.0810, 23.4661, -21.0698

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



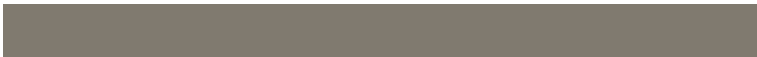
88.0810, -3.4911, 32.4390



96.3917, -5.4413, 14.6223



70.2684, 36.1066, 3.4440



44.3935, -2.5074, 7.2547

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.0810, -3.4911, 32.4390



85.7950, -2.2846, 36.2886



95.9326, -24.7410, 38.6873



44.8187, -2.5243, 6.2158



52.5754, 9.2195, 32.5581



16.9876, 1.7970, 10.4991



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.0310, 1.6803, -35.1713



65.4666, 4.3456, -45.2655



63.9372, 22.4885, -47.9398



42.7713, -1.9783, -1.7498



26.2959, 28.6692, -94.7561



9.2604, 6.2200, -25.0019



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.0790, -3.4880, 32.4380 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

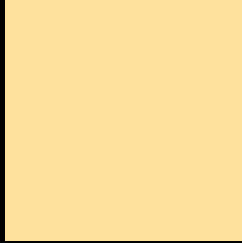
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.0790, -3.4880, 32.4380 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

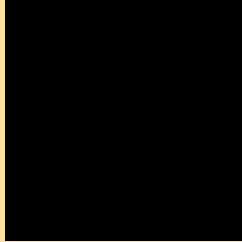
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 88.0790, -3.4880, 32.4380 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.0790, -3.4880, 32.4380.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.0790, -3.4880,

32.4380.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

88.0790, -3.4880, 32.4380

### Protanopia

88.0811, -8.2159, 32.0521

### Deuteranopia

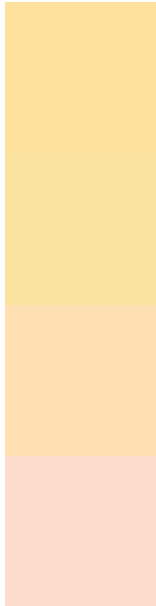
88.2026, 1.5383, 21.2439



## Tritanopia

88.1434, 9.7735, 3.6311

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

88.0790, -3.4880, 32.4380

## Protanomaly

88.0801, -6.6185, 32.0792

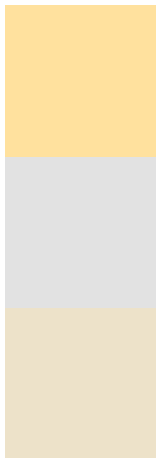
## Deuteranomaly

88.2190, -0.5415, 25.6880

## Tritanomaly

87.9389, 4.4236, 15.7491

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

88.0790, -3.4880, 32.4380

## Achromatopsia

87.2081, -4.6532, 4.7382

## Achromatomaly

87.5296, -4.9923, 16.4175

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 88.0790, -3.4880, 32.4380 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 225, 158)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 225, 158)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 225, 158) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 225, 158) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 88.0790, -3.4880, 32.4380 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 225, 158) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 225, 158) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 225, 158)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 225, 158); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 225, 158);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 225,  
158) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 88.0790, -3.4880, 32.4380 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 225, 158) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
225, 158) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor