

Converting Colors

HunterLab(88.0828, -16.0700,
-9.1206)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(88.0828, -16.0700,
-9.1206) contains.

HunterLab(88.0828, -16.0700, -9.1206)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(88.0828,
-16.0700, -9.1206)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BAECFE
RGB	186, 236, 254
RGB Percent	73%, 93%, 100%
CMY	0.2706, 0.0745, 0.0039
CMYK	0.27, 0.07, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	196°, 97%, 86%
HSV	196°, 27%, 100%
XYZ	68.1346, 77.5858, 105.1505
YIQ	223.1020, -35.5780, -5.0020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

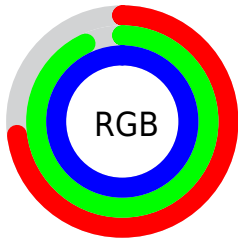
Format	Color
R_{YB}	186, 215, 254
Decimal	12250366
CIE _{Lab}	90.59, -11.96, -13.91
CIE _{LCh}	91, 18.343, 229.318
Yxy	77.5889, 0.2716, 0.3093
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290440446 (0xFFBAECFE)
YUV	223.1020, 15.2327, -32.5385
Hunter-Lab	88.0828, -16.0700, -9.1206

Details

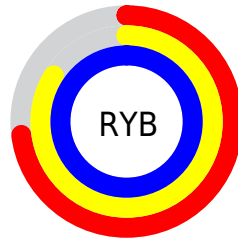
The HunterLab color $88.0828, -16.0700, -9.1206$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $CCFFFF$. A complement of this color would be $82.3422, 10.5289, 17.4727$, and the grayscale version is $85.8947, -4.5831, 4.6668$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $98.8912, -9.2146, 4.0531$, and $64.4197, -13.6493, -9.1608$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $84.1941, -18.8508, -14.4815$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $92.1968, -12.5794, -3.7090$.

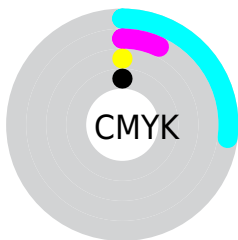
Distribution



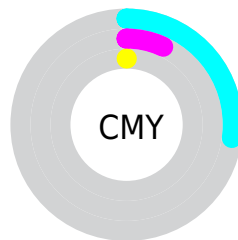
- Red (73%)
- Green (93%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (27%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 88.0828, -16.0700, -9.1206 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 88.0828, -16.0700, -9.1206 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

88.0828, -16.0700,
-9.1206

88.0828, -16.0700,
-9.1206

220.6286,
-27.4066, -6.2552

75.9844, -14.8492,
-9.2105

114.0046,
-18.5275, -8.7814

64.4955, -13.6275,
-9.2450

127.7765,
-19.7659, -8.5415

53.6523, -12.4020,
-9.2180

142.0621,
-21.0130, -8.2578

43.4957, -11.1663,
-9.1244

156.8438,
-22.2698, -7.9326

34.0757, -9.9115,
-8.9583

172.1053,
-23.5369, -7.5681

25.4554, -8.6233,
-8.7144

187.8320,

17.7171, -7.2772,

-24.8152, -7.1659

-8.3914

204.0105,
-26.1050, -6.7278

■ 10.9759, -5.8293,
-8.0062

■ 2.5600, -4.4800,
-22.4345

■ 88.0828, -16.0700,
-9.1206

■ 88.0828, -16.0700,
-9.1206

■ 84.1941, -18.8508,
-14.4815

■ 92.1968, -12.5794,
-3.7090

■ 80.5380, -20.8510,
-19.7669

■ 96.5176, -8.4439,
1.7253

■ 77.1274, -22.0102,
-24.9414

99.9679, -5.5115,
5.8908

■ 73.9704, -22.2802,
-29.9678

■ 71.0709, -21.6357,
-34.8095

■ 68.4250, -20.0874,
-39.4376

■ 66.0157, -17.7050,
-43.8456

■ 65.2696, -16.8288,
-45.2527

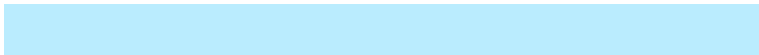
Harmonies

Analogous

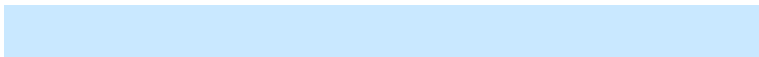
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.0846, -20.9673, -1.0259



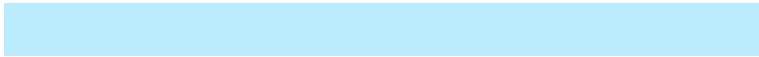
88.0828, -16.0700, -9.1206



88.0846, -7.9979, -13.6314

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.0846, -16.0711, -9.1191



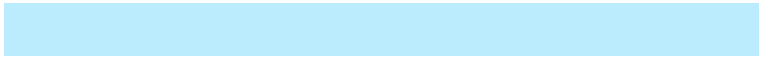
88.0846, 13.5829, 1.5799



88.0846, -10.5479, 19.3967

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.0828, -16.0700, -9.1206



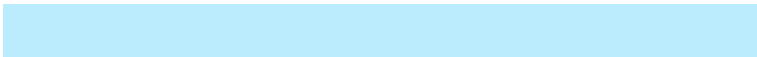
82.3422, 10.5289, 17.4727

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.0846, -1.3624, 19.9388



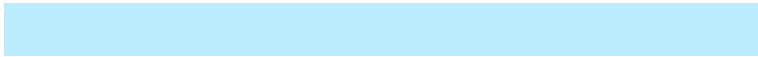
88.0828, -16.0700, -9.1206



88.0846, 12.8306, 10.2433

Square

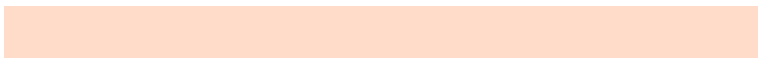
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.0846, -16.0711, -9.1191



88.0846, 9.2837, -7.0420



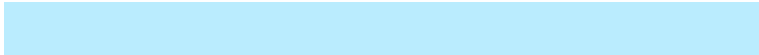
88.0846, 7.2690, 16.7539



88.0846, -17.8712, 15.1872

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.0828, -16.0700, -9.1206



88.0846, -1.7879, -13.7163



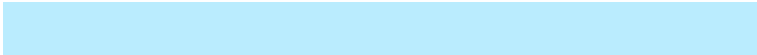
88.0846, 7.2690, 16.7539



88.0846, -7.5840, 19.9961

Sweetspot

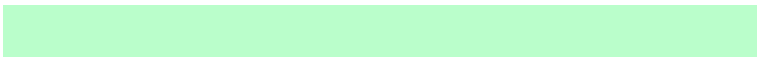
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.0846, -16.0711, -9.1191



96.4041, -9.0255, 1.0605



92.5398, -33.7255, 20.2317



44.2945, -4.4777, 0.1103

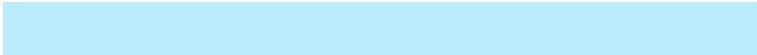
0.0000, NaN, NaN



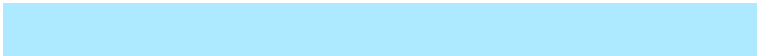
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.0846, -16.0711, -9.1191



86.4038, -17.6984, -11.9877



77.6586, 0.8520, -23.7207



44.2945, -4.4777, 0.1103



47.6592, -12.6084, -32.3520



15.4614, -4.7768, -9.0138

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



78.8966, 28.3894, -10.5258



75.6353, 35.2602, -13.4444



92.2963, -6.7573, 26.9113



42.6772, 3.0074, -0.1993



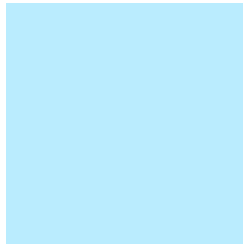
36.0846, 67.0948, -17.7593



11.3396, 21.2206, -6.6346

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.0828, -16.0700, -9.1206 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

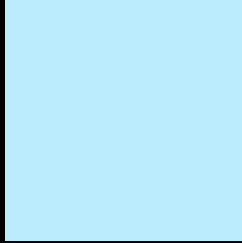
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.0828, -16.0700, -9.1206 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

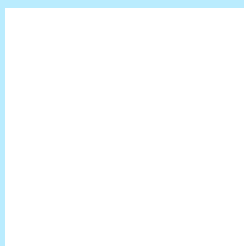
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 88.0828, -16.0700, -9.1206 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.0828, -16.0700, -9.1206.



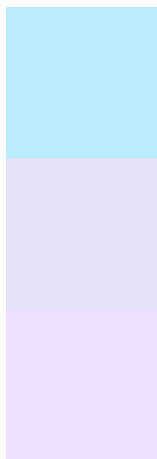
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.0828,

-16.0700, -9.1206.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

88.0828, -16.0700, -9.1206

Protanopia

87.9425, -0.6468, -5.6944

Deuteranopia

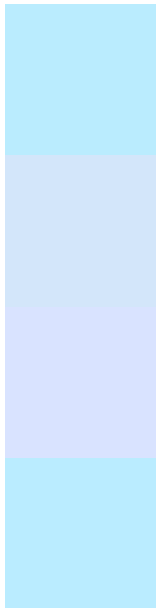
87.8207, 5.7313, -9.6571



Tritanopia

88.1192, -15.8656, -9.6348

Trichromacy



Original Color

88.0828, -16.0700, -9.1206

Protanomaly

87.9458, -6.9251, -6.9026

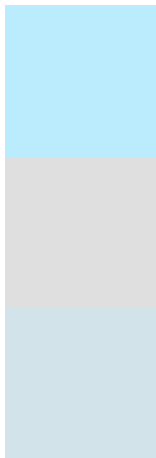
Deuteranomaly

87.6983, -2.5798, -9.9672

Tritanomaly

88.1192, -15.8656, -9.6348

Monochromacy



Original Color

88.0828, -16.0700, -9.1206

Achromatopsia

85.9017, -4.5835, 4.6672

Achromatomaly

86.6770, -9.2318, 0.0018

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 88.0828, -16.0700, -9.1206 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(186, 236, 254)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(186, 236, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(186, 236, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(186, 236, 254) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 88.0828, -16.0700, -9.1206 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(186, 236, 254) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(186, 236, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(186, 236, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(186, 236, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 236, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(186, 236,  
254) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 88.0828, -16.0700, -9.1206 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(186, 236, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(186,  
236, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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