

Converting Colors

HunterLab(88.0935, -3.5645,
3.0686)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(88.0935, -3.5645, 3.0686)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(87.9900, -3.1578,
2.7212)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E5E3E8
RGB	229, 227, 232
RGB Percent	90%, 89%, 91%
CMY	0.1020, 0.1098, 0.0902
CMYK	0.01, 0.02, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	264°, 10%, 90%
HSV	264°, 2%, 91%
XYZ	74.3477, 77.4224, 87.3694
YIQ	228.1680, -0.4130, 1.9790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	229, 227, 232
Decimal	15066088
CIE Lab	90.52, 1.57, -2.20
CIE LCh	91, 2.705, 305.556
Yxy	77.4257, 0.3109, 0.3238
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293256168 (0xFFE5E3E8)
YUV	228.1680, 1.8892, 0.7297
Hunter-Lab	87.9900, -3.1578, 2.7212

Details

The HunterLab color $87.9900, -3.1578, 2.7212$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $89.4898, -6.2956, 6.8821$, and the grayscale version is $88.1480, -4.7034, 4.7892$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $64.5278, -2.1502, 1.9838$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $79.6099, 4.5358, -7.7238$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $96.6271, -10.6835, 12.5091$.

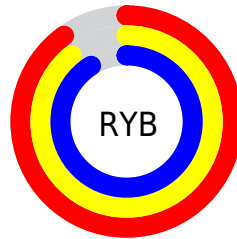
Distribution



Red (90%)

Green (89%)

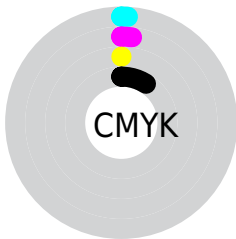
Blue (91%)



Red (90%)

Yellow (89%)

Blue (91%)

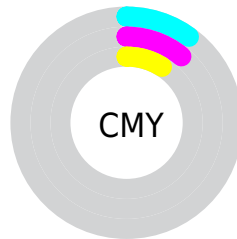


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (10%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 87.9900, -3.1578, 2.7212 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 87.9900, -3.1578, 2.7212 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 87.9900, -3.1578,
2.7212

■ 87.9900, -3.1578,
2.7212

220.5027, -9.6889,
9.2103

■ 75.8962, -2.5874,
2.1612

113.9036, -4.4064,
3.9516

■ 64.4120, -2.0514,
1.6381

127.6715, -5.0771,
4.6156

■ 53.5737, -1.5545,
1.1561

141.9534, -5.7775,
5.3106

■ 43.4224, -1.0999,
0.7184

156.7314, -6.5066,
6.0353

■ 34.0082, -0.6913,
0.3296

171.9894, -7.2632,
6.7886

■ 25.3941, -0.3342,
-0.0048

187.7127, -8.0463,

■ 17.6628, -0.0358,

7.5694

-0.2767

203.8879, -8.8552,
8.3770

■ 10.9296, 0.1925,
-0.4740

■ 2.3928, 2.7371,
-3.6827

■ 87.9900, -3.1578,
2.7212

■ 87.9900, -3.1578,
2.7212

■ 79.6099, 4.5358,
-7.7238

■ 96.6271, -10.6835,
12.5091

■ 71.5198, 12.4466,
-19.0021

■ 99.3007, -9.1804,
15.4442

■ 63.7722, 20.6149,
-31.3221

■ 56.4353, 29.0671,
-44.9228

■ 49.6014, 37.7782,
-60.0319

■ 43.3955, 46.5969,
-76.7521

■ 37.9818, 55.1091,
-94.8065

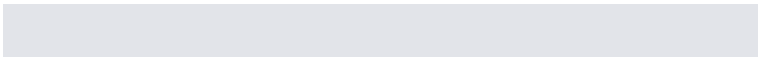
■ 33.5576, 62.4691,
-113.1160

■ 30.3092, 67.4031,
-129.4874

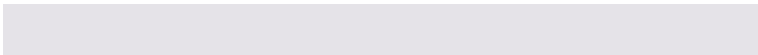
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.9919, -4.4441, 2.2541



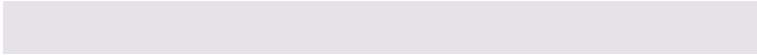
87.9900, -3.1578, 2.7212



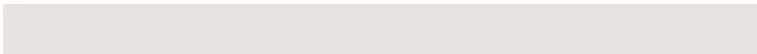
87.9919, -2.2843, 3.7444

Triad

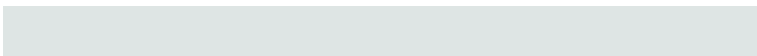
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.9919, -3.1598, 2.7226



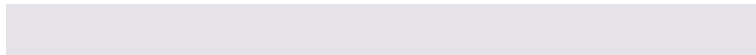
87.9919, -3.6050, 7.0446



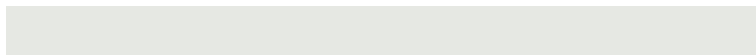
87.9919, -7.3111, 4.5462

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87.9900, -3.1578, 2.7212



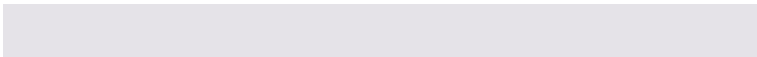
89.4898, -6.2956, 6.8821

Split Complementary

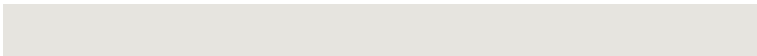
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.9919, -7.0894, 5.8222



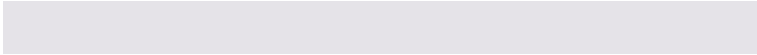
87.9900, -3.1578, 2.7212



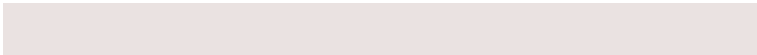
87.9919, -4.9551, 7.2519

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



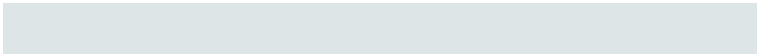
87.9919, -3.1598, 2.7226



87.9919, -2.5424, 6.2370



87.9919, -6.2291, 6.8077



87.9919, -6.8365, 3.3172

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87.9900, -3.1578, 2.7212



87.9919, -2.0531, 4.5949



87.9919, -6.2291, 6.8077



87.9919, -7.3155, 4.9839

Sweetspot

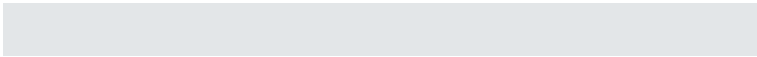
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.9919, -3.1598, 2.7226



99.0427, -4.4881, 4.3160



88.7692, -5.4048, 3.6128



45.8436, -2.0959, 2.0225

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.9919, -3.1598, 2.7226



97.1365, -2.7872, 2.0598



88.2191, -2.3745, 3.0089



39.8282, -0.8834, 0.4933



21.4156, 51.7778, -103.2368



6.2589, 14.5372, -25.5579

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88.2104, -2.5326, 3.9893



97.4785, -1.8087, 4.0469



89.2677, -7.0732, 6.6117



40.0059, -0.3764, 1.5281



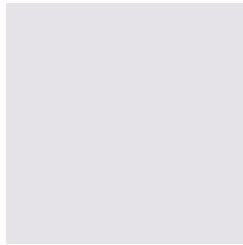
32.5415, 59.0019, -4.3481



8.9485, 16.4079, -2.6158

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.9900, -3.1578, 2.7212 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

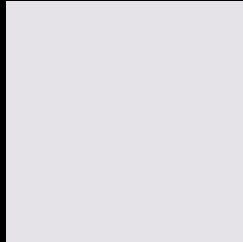
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 87.9900, -3.1578, 2.7212 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

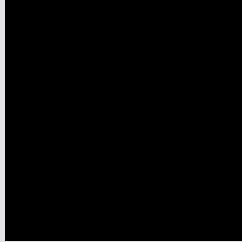
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

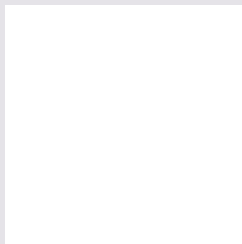
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 87.9900, -3.1578, 2.7212 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.9900, -3.1578, 2.7212.



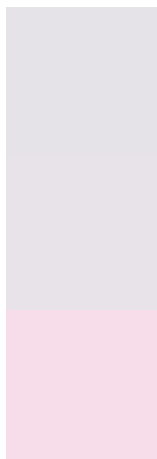
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 87.9900, -3.1578,

2.7212.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

87.9900, -3.1578, 2.7212

Protanopia

88.1778, -2.5084, 2.9579

Deuteranopia

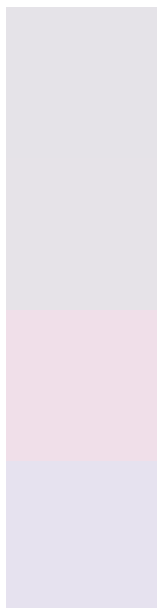
87.9604, 6.2280, 2.3465



Tritanopia

87.9263, 0.5346, -2.9887

Trichromacy



Original Color

87.9900, -3.1578, 2.7212

Protanomaly

88.0837, -2.8337, 2.8393

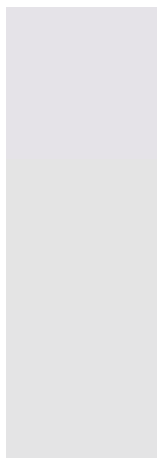
Deuteranomaly

87.8543, 2.7641, 2.1578

Tritanomaly

88.0044, -1.0540, -0.8072

Monochromacy



Original Color

87.9900, -3.1578, 2.7212

Achromatopsia

88.0808, -4.6998, 4.7856

Achromatomaly

88.1124, -4.5266, 4.3347

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 87.9900, -3.1578, 2.7212 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 227, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 227, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 227, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 227, 232) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 87.9900, -3.1578, 2.7212 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 227, 232) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 227, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(229, 227, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(229, 227, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 227, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 227,  
232) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 87.9900, -3.1578, 2.7212 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 227, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229,  
227, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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