

Converting Colors

HunterLab(88.1366, -26.5844,
-9.7993)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(88.1366, -26.5844,
-9.7993) contains.

HunterLab(88.0321, -26.4368, -9.9365)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(88.0321,
-26.4368, -9.9365)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	99F2FF
RGB	153, 242, 255
RGB Percent	60%, 95%, 100%
CMY	0.4000, 0.0510, 0.0000
CMYK	0.40, 0.05, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	188°, 100%, 80%
HSV	188°, 40%, 100%
XYZ	62.9389, 77.4965, 106.2487
YIQ	216.8710, -57.2170, -14.8250

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

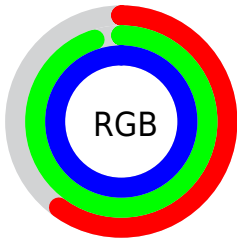
Format	Color
RYB	153, 201, 255
Decimal	10089215
CIELab	90.55, -23.46, -14.67
CIElCh	91, 27.664, 212.014
Yxy	77.4994, 0.2551, 0.3142
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288279295 (0xFF99F2FF)
YUV	216.8710, 18.7976, -56.0149
Hunter-Lab	88.0321, -26.4368, -9.9365

Details

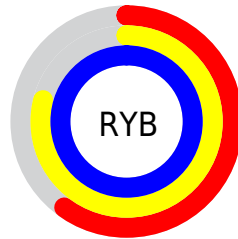
The HunterLab color **88.0321, -26.4368, -9.9365** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **71.2970, 27.0153, 19.3425**, and the grayscale version is **83.1838, -4.4385, 4.5195**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **96.2231, -18.7351, 0.6696**, and **64.5197, -23.0746, -9.7428** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85.6507, -29.6966, -13.2326**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90.6658, -22.3179, -6.3906**.

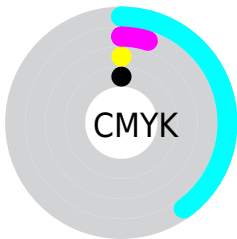
Distribution



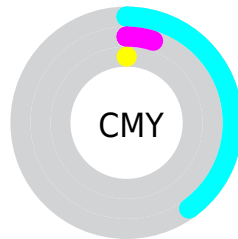
- Red (60%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (79%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (40%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 88.0321, -26.4368, -9.9365 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 88.0321, -26.4368, -9.9365 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

88.0321, -26.4368,
-9.9365

88.0321, -26.4368,
-9.9365

220.5596,
-42.0095, -7.2919

75.9361, -24.6355,
-9.9979

113.9492,
-29.9693, -9.6501

64.4497, -22.7981,
-10.0040

127.7189,
-31.7098, -9.4359

53.6092, -20.9144,
-9.9480

142.0026,
-33.4390, -9.1773

43.4555, -18.9685,
-9.8248

156.7822,
-35.1601, -8.8766

34.0387, -16.9372,
-9.6292

172.0418,
-36.8758, -8.5360

25.4218, -14.7847,
-9.3566

187.7666,

17.6873, -12.4516,

-38.5881, -8.1573

-9.0081

203.9433,
-40.2988, -7.7421

■ 10.9505, -10.4004,
-8.6074

■ 2.4698, -4.3221,
-24.6162

■ 88.0321, -26.4368,
-9.9365

■ 88.0321, -26.4368,
-9.9365

■ 85.6507, -29.6966,
-13.2326

■ 90.6658, -22.3179,
-6.3906

■ 83.5175, -32.0607,
-16.2612

■ 93.5426, -17.3863,
-2.6290

■ 81.6303, -33.5195,
-19.0024

■ 96.6571, -11.7034,
1.3218

■ 79.9792, -34.0926,
-21.4484

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 78.5459, -33.8400,
-23.6070

■ 77.2875, -32.9239,
-25.5291

■ 77.2873, -32.9238,
-25.5295

Harmonies

Analogous

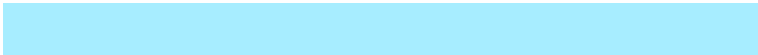
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.0338, -30.0837, 3.8847



88.0321, -26.4368, -9.9365



88.0338, -17.0122, -21.0288

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.0338, -26.4378, -9.9344



88.0338, 20.4217, -8.1271



88.0338, -5.6487, 26.7827

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.0321, -26.4368, -9.9365



71.2970, 27.0153, 19.3425

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.0338, 8.3242, 24.5828



88.0321, -26.4368, -9.9365



88.0338, 23.9271, 5.6896

Square

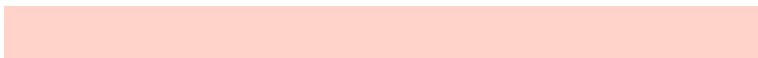
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



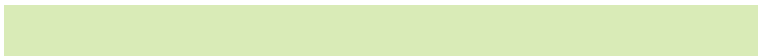
88.0338, -26.4378, -9.9344



88.0338, 10.0678, -19.8757



88.0338, 19.3715, 17.3451



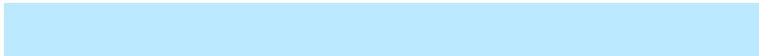
88.0338, -18.5579, 23.9002

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.0321, -26.4368, -9.9365



88.0338, -8.4202, -24.6136



88.0338, 19.3715, 17.3451



88.0338, -0.9210, 26.6142

Sweetspot

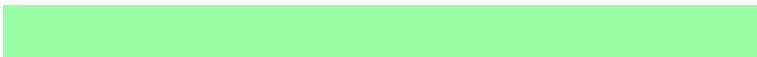
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.0338, -26.4378, -9.9344



96.0150, -12.8980, 0.5172



90.0032, -47.0767, 31.2158



44.2294, -6.3209, -0.0020

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.0338, -26.4378, -9.9344



86.1069, -29.1162, -12.5944



71.9285, -1.6448, -33.6910



44.7919, -5.2762, 0.7038



56.0060, -23.9773, -18.2424



17.7755, -7.8651, -5.2392

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71.0317, 48.2337, -25.5072



66.4693, 58.8042, -31.1333



85.2182, 0.6773, 31.5540



42.7296, 3.2876, -0.9429



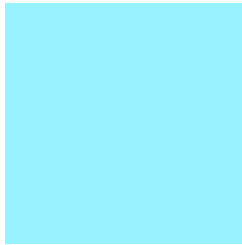
37.2753, 71.3080, -33.8426



11.6770, 22.4111, -11.1675

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.0321, -26.4368, -9.9365 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

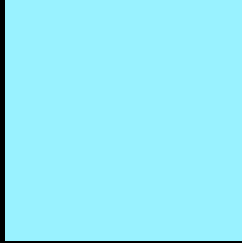
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.0321, -26.4368, -9.9365 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 88.0321, -26.4368, -9.9365 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.0321, -26.4368, -9.9365.



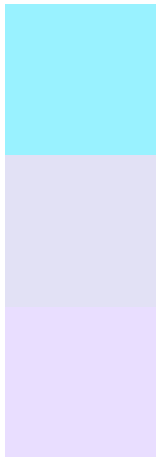
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.0321,

-26.4368, -9.9365.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

88.0321, -26.4368, -9.9365

Protanopia

87.5281, -0.6911, -4.5941

Deuteranopia

87.6277, 5.0823, -9.9280



Tritanopia

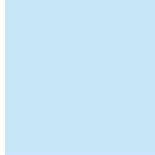
88.0335, -21.2606, -9.8440

Trichromacy



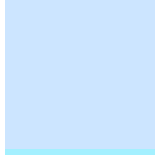
Original Color

88.0321, -26.4368, -9.9365



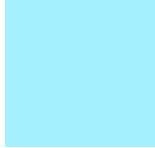
Protanomaly

87.2545, -11.0730, -7.3271



Deuteranomaly

87.2330, -7.4335, -10.6800



Tritanomaly

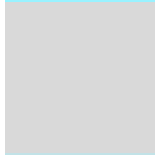
87.9958, -23.1137, -9.9270

Monochromacy



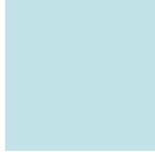
Original Color

88.0321, -26.4368, -9.9365



Achromatopsia

83.2990, -4.4446, 4.5258



Achromatomaly

84.6354, -13.4109, -1.0441

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 88.0321, -26.4368, -9.9365 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(153, 242, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(153, 242, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(153, 242, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(153, 242, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 88.0321, -26.4368, -9.9365 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(153, 242, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(153, 242, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(153, 242, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(153, 242, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 242, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(153, 242,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 88.0321, -26.4368, -9.9365 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(153, 242, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(153,  
242, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor