

Converting Colors

HunterLab(88.2369, -6.2716,
-1.2909)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(88.2369, -6.2716,
-1.2909) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(88.2864, -6.4258,
-1.0732)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | DBE6F0 |
| RGB | 219, 230, 240 |
| RGB Percent | 86%, 90%, 94% |
| CMY | 0.1412, 0.0980, 0.0588 |
| CMYK | 0.09, 0.04, 0.00, 0.06 |
| HSL | 209°, 41%, 90% |
| HSV | 209°, 9%, 94% |
| XYZ | 73.2383, 77.9449, 93.6227 |
| YIQ | 227.8510, -9.7660, 0.7780 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

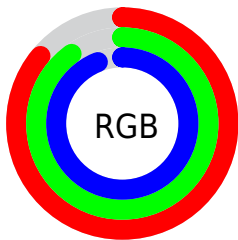
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| R _{YB} | 219, 226, 240 |
| Decimal | 14411504 |
| CIE Lab | 90.76, -1.76, -6.12 |
| CIE LCh | 91, 6.369, 253.960 |
| Yxy | 77.9482, 0.2992, 0.3184 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4292601584 (0xFFDBE6F0) |
| YUV | 227.8510, 5.9895, -7.7623 |
| Hunter-Lab | 88.2864, -6.4258, -1.0732 |

Details

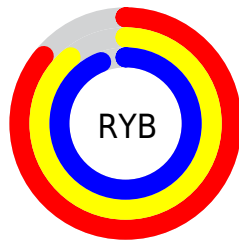
The HunterLab color $88.2864, -6.4258, -1.0732$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $89.2624, -2.7487, 10.4394$, and the grayscale version is $87.9951, -4.6952, 4.7809$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $64.8176, -5.2264, -1.6315$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $82.6668, -7.6468, -8.3217$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $94.0807, -4.7477, 5.9355$.

Distribution



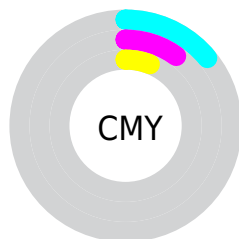
- Red (86%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (94%)



- Red (86%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (94%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (6%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (6%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 88.2864, -6.4258, -1.0732 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 88.2864, -6.4258, -1.0732 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 88.2864, -6.4258,
-1.0732

■ 88.2864, -6.4258,
-1.0732

220.9051,
-14.1271, 4.1647

■ 76.1783, -5.6980,
-1.4679

114.2266, -7.9676,
-0.1536

■ 64.6791, -4.9966,
-1.8180

128.0070, -8.7763,
0.3634

■ 53.8249, -4.3244,
-2.1182

142.3010, -9.6098,
0.9162

■ 43.6567, -3.6825,
-2.3636

157.0906,
-10.4675, 1.5032

■ 34.2242, -3.0720,
-2.5479

172.3599,
-11.3486, 2.1228

■ 25.5901, -2.4942,
-2.6632

188.0941,

■ 17.8365, -1.9499,

-12.2526, 2.7737

-2.6983

204.2799,
-13.1789, 3.4547

■ 11.0777, -1.4390,
-2.6382

■ 2.8935, -2.8048,
-8.6116

■ 88.2864, -6.4258,
-1.0732

■ 88.2864, -6.4258,
-1.0732

■ 82.6668, -7.6468,
-8.3217

■ 94.0807, -4.7477,
5.9355

■ 77.2338, -8.3365,
-15.8409

■ 98.8484, -6.7653,
11.3439

■ 72.0091, -8.4177,
-23.6535

■ 99.5346, -7.8914,
12.0879

■ 67.0154, -7.8016,
-31.7776

■ 62.2782, -6.3924,
-40.2200

■ 57.8246, -4.0943,
-48.9687

■ 53.6824, -0.8243,
-57.9861

■ 49.8759, 3.4642,
-67.2056

■ 46.4076, 8.7103,
-76.5751

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.2883, -9.1482, 0.5993



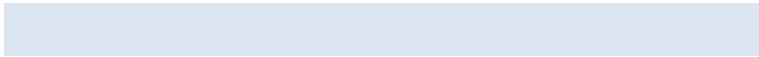
88.2864, -6.4258, -1.0732



88.2883, -3.2101, -1.1311

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.2883, -6.4276, -1.0717



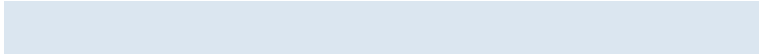
88.2883, 1.4019, 6.2212



88.2883, -8.9917, 8.9595

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



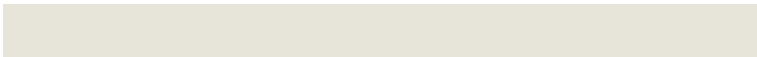
88.2864, -6.4258, -1.0732



89.2624, -2.7487, 10.4394

Split Complementary

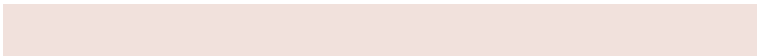
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.2883, -6.2110, 10.3570



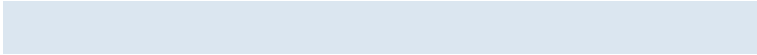
88.2864, -6.4258, -1.0732



88.2883, -0.1937, 8.8150

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



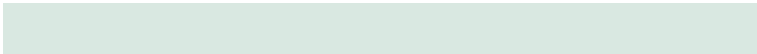
88.2883, -6.4276, -1.0717



88.2883, 1.3419, 3.1552



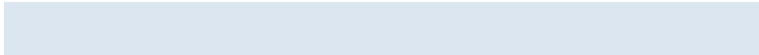
88.2883, -2.9904, 10.3051



88.2883, -10.6140, 6.4250

Rectangle

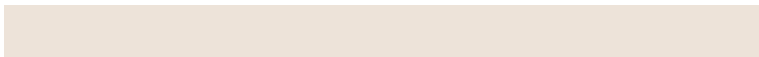
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.2864, -6.4258, -1.0732



88.2883, -1.2142, -0.2439



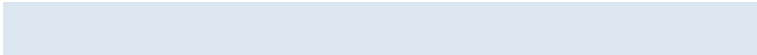
88.2883, -2.9904, 10.3051



88.2883, -8.1632, 9.5737

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.2883, -6.4276, -1.0717



98.1205, -5.9087, 3.1906



91.1194, -13.5360, 7.7703



45.1639, -2.8013, 1.1971

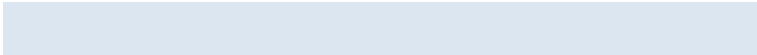
0.0000, NaN, NaN



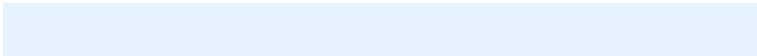
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.2883, -6.4276, -1.0717



93.7969, -7.0822, -2.1293



85.0775, -1.0598, -5.0455



40.7424, -3.0287, -0.7369



34.4187, 6.2075, -56.4205



10.8844, 0.0636, -13.7420

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86.5465, 4.3662, 2.1175



91.6725, 6.1607, 1.8257



92.4931, -8.0965, 13.8914



39.8713, 2.3874, 0.8730



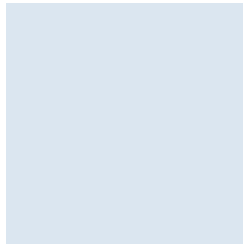
33.1500, 59.3292, 1.5861



9.6660, 17.4913, -1.0257

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.2864, -6.4258, -1.0732 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

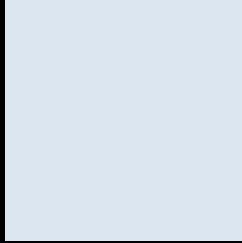
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.2864, -6.4258, -1.0732 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

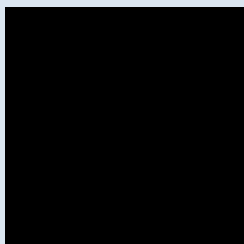
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

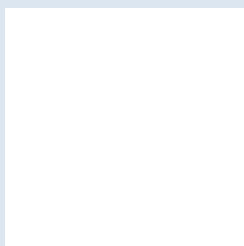
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 88.2864, -6.4258, -1.0732 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.2864, -6.4258, -1.0732.



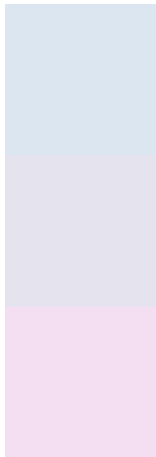
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.2864, -6.4258,

-1.0732.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

88.2864, -6.4258, -1.0732

Protanopia

88.1869, -2.0839, -0.0796

Deuteranopia

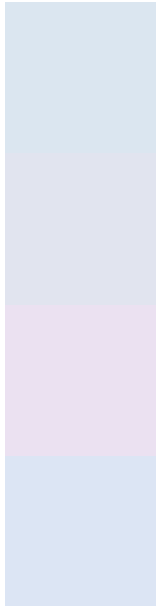
88.2533, 6.2645, -1.9446



Tritanopia

88.3004, -4.2812, -4.7500

Trichromacy



Original Color

88.2864, -6.4258, -1.0732

Protanomaly

88.1625, -3.7002, -0.6573

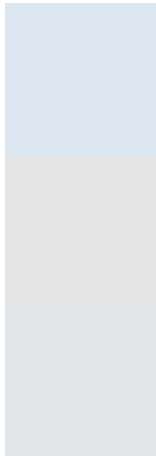
Deuteranomaly

88.2403, 1.4699, -1.5172

Tritanomaly

88.1963, -4.8514, -3.2753

Monochromacy



Original Color

88.2864, -6.4258, -1.0732

Achromatopsia

88.0808, -4.6998, 4.7856

Achromatomaly

88.2453, -5.4803, 2.9867

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 88.2864, -6.4258, -1.0732 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(219, 230, 240)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(219, 230, 240)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(219, 230, 240) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(219, 230, 240) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 88.2864, -6.4258, -1.0732 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(219, 230, 240) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(219, 230, 240) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(219, 230, 240)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(219, 230, 240); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 230, 240);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(219, 230,  
240) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 88.2864, -6.4258, -1.0732 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(219, 230, 240) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(219,  
230, 240) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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