

Converting Colors

HunterLab(88.2873, -49.7205,
-3.0162)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(88.2873, -49.7205,
-3.0162) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(88.2784,
-49.7733, -2.8941)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00FFF2
RGB	0, 255, 242
RGB Percent	0%, 100%, 95%
CMY	0.9997, 0.0000, 0.0510
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.05, 0.00
HSL	177°, 100%, 50%
HSV	177°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	51.7870, 77.9308, 96.3171
YIQ	177.2730, -147.8070, -58.1030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

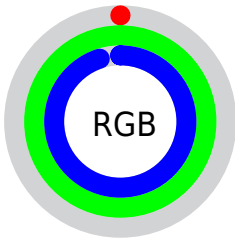
Format	Color
RYB	0, 131, 255
Decimal	65522
CIELab	90.75, -51.74, -7.94
CIELCh	91, 52.346, 188.726
Yxy	77.9313, 0.2291, 0.3448
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278255602 (0xFF00FFF2)
YUV	177.2730, 31.9104, -155.4684
Hunter-Lab	88.2784, -49.7733, -2.8941

Details

The HunterLab color **88.2784, -49.7733, -2.8941** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00FFFF**. The color can be described as light saturated cyan. A complement of this color would be **46.1418, 79.0746, 29.3246**, and the grayscale version is **66.3442, -3.5400, 3.6046**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.9577, -38.3760, -6.2933**, and **65.9376, -37.3472, -1.7944** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **88.2784, -49.7736, -2.8933**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **88.4439, -49.0251, -3.3632**.

Distribution



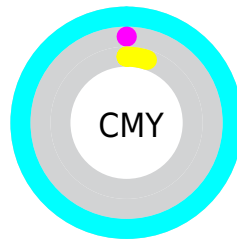
- Red (0%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 88.2784, -49.7733, -2.8941 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 88.2784, -49.7733, -2.8941 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 88.2784, -49.7733,
-2.8941


 88.2784, -49.7733,
-2.8941


220.8922,
-76.2921, 1.7724


 76.1693, -46.4479,
-3.2165


 114.2162,
-56.1065, -2.1170


 64.6705, -42.9894,
-3.4893


 127.9962,
-59.1497, -1.6667

 53.8169, -39.3647,
-3.7086


 142.2898,
-62.1264, -1.1785

 43.6492, -35.5302,
-3.8692

 157.0791,
-65.0462, -0.6542

 34.2173, -31.4236,
-3.9645

172.3480,
-67.9167, -0.0956

 25.5838, -26.9518,
-3.9860

188.0818,

 17.8309, -21.9682,

-70.7443, 0.4959

-3.9229

204.2673,
-73.5346, 1.1190

■ 11.0730, -19.3777,
-3.7624

■ 2.8787, -5.0378,
-11.2783

■ 88.2784, -49.7733,
-2.8941

■ 88.2784, -49.7733,
-2.8941

■ 88.2784, -49.7736,
-2.8933

■ 88.4439, -49.0251,
-3.3632

■ 88.7659, -47.6575,
-3.6252

■ 89.2903, -45.4976,
-3.6186

■ 90.0425, -42.4630,
-3.3097

■ 91.0408, -38.5086,
-2.6771

■ 92.2976, -33.6206,
-1.7094

■ 93.8209, -27.8126,
-0.4046

■ 95.6141, -21.1206,
1.2313

■ 97.6771, -13.5986,
3.1853

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.2787, -47.4775, 20.6903



88.2784, -49.7733, -2.8941



88.2787, -41.1593, -31.3489

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.2787, -49.7720, -2.8946



88.2787, 29.5936, -42.1705



88.2787, 14.6079, 39.1695

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.2784, -49.7733, -2.8941



46.1418, 79.0746, 29.3246

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.2787, 38.8080, 30.1340



88.2784, -49.7733, -2.8941



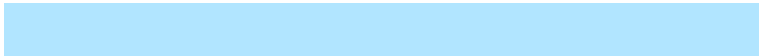
88.2787, 48.1470, -14.7211

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.2787, -49.7720, -2.8946



88.2787, 3.1744, -58.0362



88.2787, 51.7050, 11.8685



88.2787, -12.3369, 40.6232

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.2784, -49.7733, -2.8941



88.2787, -29.7153, -47.6769



88.2787, 51.7050, 11.8685



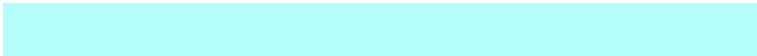
88.2787, 23.4196, 37.0816

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.2787, -49.7720, -2.8946



93.8166, -27.8289, -0.4084



84.6404, -72.2149, 50.8894



43.0917, -14.0585, -0.4622

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.2787, -49.7720, -2.8946



88.2784, -49.7736, -2.8933



52.2757, 4.4823, -75.0115



45.2377, -6.1190, 1.5196



63.8181, -35.9465, -2.1690



19.9254, -11.1456, -0.8448

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.1418, 79.0746, 29.3246



46.1401, 79.0793, 29.3264



57.0337, 46.8956, 35.9629



42.4289, 1.6736, 3.3394



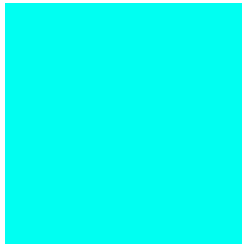
33.3619, 57.1974, 21.0612



10.4343, 17.9373, 6.2132

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.2784, -49.7733, -2.8941 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

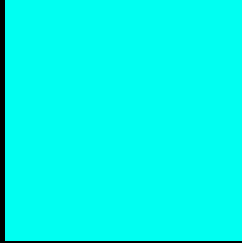
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.2784, -49.7733, -2.8941 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

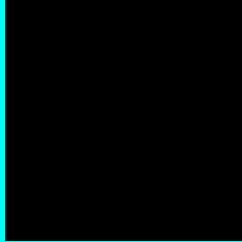
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 88.2784, -49.7733, -2.8941 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.2784, -49.7733, -2.8941.



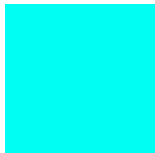
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.2784,

-49.7733, -2.8941.

Color Blindness Simulation

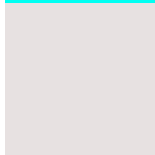
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



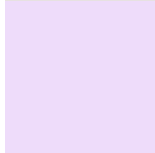
Original Color

88.2784, -49.7733, -2.8941



Protanopia

87.3359, -2.6757, 5.4102



Deuteranopia

87.3302, 6.8231, -7.4710



Tritanopia

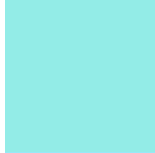
87.9771, -26.6420, -10.0139

Trichromacy



Original Color

88.2784, -49.7733, -2.8941



Protanomaly

84.8313, -29.6700, -1.0858



Deuteranomaly

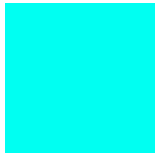
84.6006, -24.2202, -9.9629



Tritanomaly

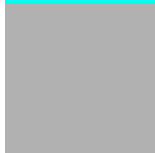
87.1579, -38.9729, -8.5003

Monochromacy



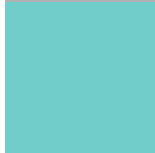
Original Color

88.2784, -49.7733, -2.8941



Achromatopsia

66.3066, -3.5380, 3.6026



Achromatomaly

71.6871, -27.8848, -2.0172

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 88.2784, -49.7733, -2.8941 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 255, 242)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 255, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 255, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 255, 242) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 88.2784, -49.7733, -2.8941 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 255, 242) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 255, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 255, 242)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 255, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 255, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 255,  
242) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 88.2784, -49.7733, -2.8941 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 255, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 255,  
242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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