

Converting Colors

HunterLab(88.2963, -4.3114,
3.6885)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(88.2963, -4.3114, 3.6885)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(88.1761, -4.1776,
3.4260)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E4E4E7
RGB	228, 228, 231
RGB Percent	89%, 89%, 91%
CMY	0.1059, 0.1059, 0.0941
CMYK	0.01, 0.01, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	240°, 6%, 90%
HSV	240°, 1%, 91%
XYZ	74.1621, 77.7502, 86.6997
YIQ	228.3420, -0.9630, 0.9330

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	228, 228, 231
Decimal	15000807
CIE Lab	90.67, 0.54, -1.47
CIE LCh	91, 1.563, 290.300
Yxy	77.7536, 0.3108, 0.3258
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293190887 (0xFFE4E4E7)
YUV	228.3420, 1.3104, -0.2999
Hunter-Lab	88.1761, -4.1776, 3.4260

Details

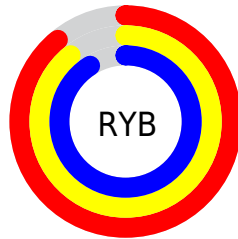
The HunterLab color $88.1761, -4.1776, 3.4260$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $89.2979, -5.2834, 6.1981$, and the grayscale version is $88.2266, -4.7075, 4.7935$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $64.7043, -3.1190, 2.6522$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $78.9721, 0.5565, -8.0882$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $97.6422, -8.6014, 14.1090$.

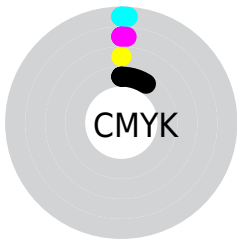
Distribution



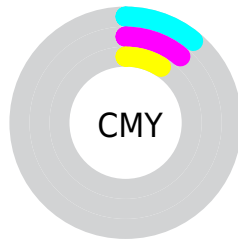
- Red (89%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 88.1761, -4.1776, 3.4260 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 88.1761, -4.1776, 3.4260 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 88.1761, -4.1776,
3.4260

■ 88.1761, -4.1776,
3.4260

220.7554,
-11.0715, 10.1597

■ 76.0734, -3.5585,
2.8334

114.1064, -5.5171,
4.7175

■ 64.5797, -2.9714,
2.2760

127.8822, -6.2305,
5.4103

■ 53.7315, -2.4203,
1.7577

142.1717, -6.9722,
6.1331

■ 43.5695, -1.9078,
1.2815

156.9570, -7.7411,
6.8847

■ 34.1438, -1.4369,
0.8513

172.2221, -8.5363,
7.6640

■ 25.5172, -1.0118,
0.4719

187.9522, -9.3569,

■ 17.7718, -0.6377,

8.4702

0.1505

204.1341,
-10.2022, 9.3023

■ 11.0226, -0.3228,
-0.1027

■ 2.7181, 0.7243,
-2.0880

■ 88.1761, -4.1776,
3.4260

■ 88.1761, -4.1776,
3.4260

■ 78.9721, 0.5565,
-8.0882

■ 97.6422, -8.6014,
14.1090

■ 70.0645, 5.7084,
-20.7029

■ 99.2722, -9.3379,
15.8543

■ 61.5099, 11.4116,
-34.7719

■ 53.3856, 17.8419,
-50.7556

■ 45.8033, 25.2064,
-69.1982

■ 38.9290, 33.6812,
-90.5670

■ 33.0064, 43.2016,
-114.7109

■ 28.3675, 52.9767,
-139.6067

■ 25.3627, 60.9810,
-160.0387

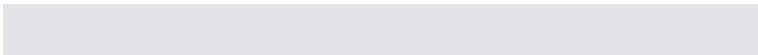
Harmonies

Analogous

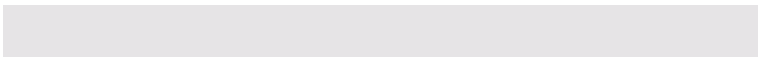
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.1780, -4.9666, 3.3569



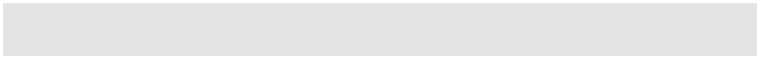
88.1761, -4.1776, 3.4260



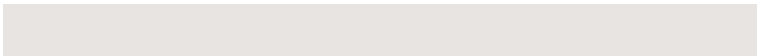
88.1780, -3.5325, 3.8675

Triad

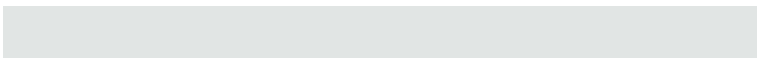
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.1780, -4.1796, 3.4274



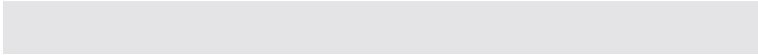
88.1780, -3.7328, 5.9093



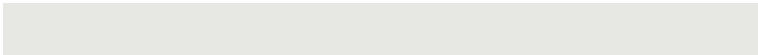
88.1780, -6.2088, 5.0440

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



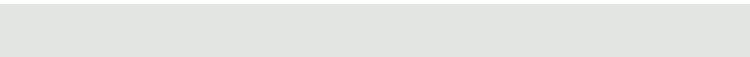
88.1761, -4.1776, 3.4260



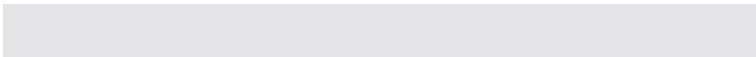
89.2979, -5.2834, 6.1981

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.1780, -5.8807, 5.7220



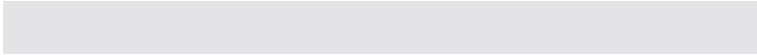
88.1761, -4.1776, 3.4260



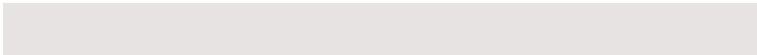
88.1780, -4.4524, 6.2187

Square

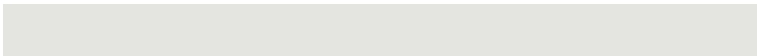
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



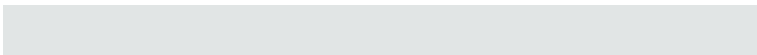
88.1780, -4.1796, 3.4274



88.1780, -3.2739, 5.3019



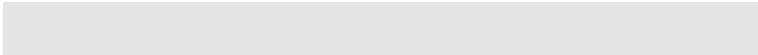
88.1780, -5.2385, 6.1504



88.1780, -6.1363, 4.2947

Rectangle

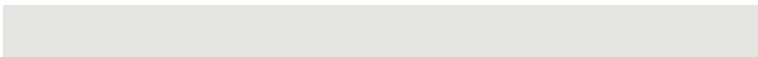
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.1761, -4.1776, 3.4260



88.1780, -3.2684, 4.3090



88.1780, -5.2385, 6.1504



88.1780, -6.1417, 5.2877

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.1780, -4.1796, 3.4274

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



89.1143, -5.7444, 4.5358

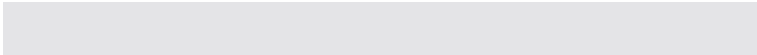


46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Same Dimension

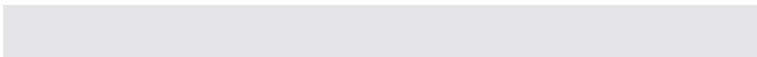
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.1780, -4.1796, 3.4274



97.8972, -4.3110, 2.9505



88.3118, -3.7095, 3.5951



40.4924, -1.8064, 1.2807



17.9981, 48.7237, -127.6765



4.9031, 13.1986, -34.6205

Inverse Universe

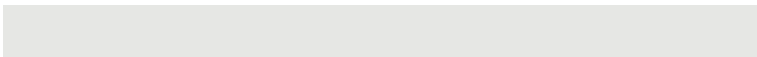
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88.3621, -3.7250, 5.1307



98.2168, -3.5234, 5.9085



89.1645, -5.7548, 6.0346



40.6165, -1.5005, 2.4289



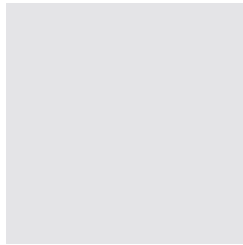
30.8622, 52.8540, 19.9301



8.3902, 14.3701, 5.4086

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.1761, -4.1776, 3.4260 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

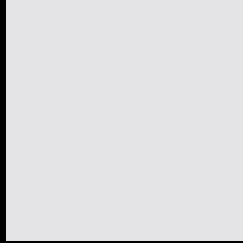
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.1761, -4.1776, 3.4260 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

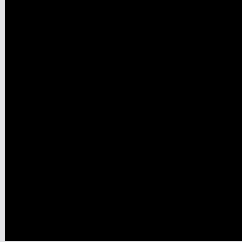
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

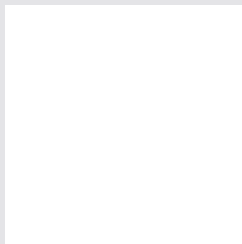
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 88.1761, -4.1776, 3.4260 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.1761, -4.1776, 3.4260.



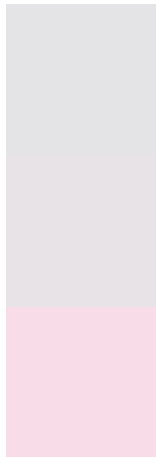
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.1761, -4.1776,

3.4260.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

88.1761, -4.1776, 3.4260

Protanopia

88.1137, -2.8582, 3.8714

Deuteranopia

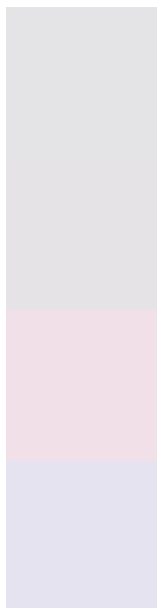
88.0316, 6.4020, 2.9384



Tritanopia

88.1745, -0.1301, -3.2204

Trichromacy



Original Color

88.1761, -4.1776, 3.4260

Protanomaly

88.0195, -3.1841, 3.7538

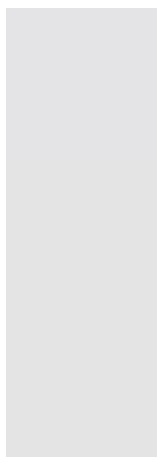
Deuteranomaly

88.2260, 2.3970, 3.1015

Tritanomaly

88.2203, -1.9019, -0.5543

Monochromacy



Original Color

88.1761, -4.1776, 3.4260

Achromatopsia

88.0808, -4.6998, 4.7856

Achromatomaly

88.1124, -4.5266, 4.3347

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 88.1761, -4.1776, 3.4260 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(228, 228, 231)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(228, 228, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(228, 228, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(228, 228, 231) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 88.1761, -4.1776, 3.4260 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(228, 228, 231) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(228, 228, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(228, 228, 231)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(228, 228, 231); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 228, 231);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(228, 228,  
231) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 88.1761, -4.1776, 3.4260 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(228, 228, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(228,  
228, 231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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