

Converting Colors

HunterLab(88.4323, 10.6737,
0.8861)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(88.4323, 10.6737,
0.8861) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(88.3388, 10.8109,
0.8489)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFDBED
RGB	255, 219, 237
RGB Percent	100%, 86%, 93%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1412, 0.0706
CMYK	0.00, 0.14, 0.07, 0.00
HSL	330°, 100%, 93%
HSV	330°, 14%, 100%
XYZ	81.8576, 78.0374, 90.8691
YIQ	231.8160, 15.6780, 13.2300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

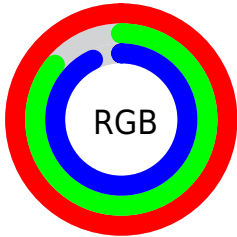
Format	Color
R_{YB}	255, 219, 237
Decimal	16767981
CIE _{Lab}	90.80, 15.38, -4.17
CIE _{LCh}	91, 15.931, 344.844
Yxy	78.0406, 0.3264, 0.3112
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294958061 (0xFFFFDBED)
YUV	231.8160, 2.5557, 20.3324
Hunter-Lab	88.3388, 10.8109, 0.8489

Details

The HunterLab color **88.3388, 10.8109, 0.8489** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **96.2786, -19.6824, 9.6400**, and the grayscale version is **89.7357, -4.7881, 4.8755**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**, and **64.7247, 10.5713, 0.0228** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **80.6346, 22.5044, -1.9039**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96.5157, -0.6782, 4.0264**.

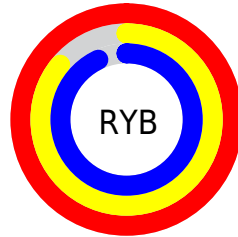
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (86%)

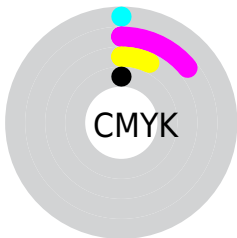
Blue (93%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (86%)

Blue (93%)

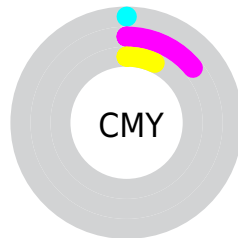


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (14%)

Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 88.3388, 10.8109, 0.8489 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 88.3388, 10.8109, 0.8489 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

88.3388, 10.8109,
0.8489

88.3388, 10.8109,
0.8489

220.9762, 8.9570,
6.7101

76.2282, 10.7606,
0.3721

114.2836, 10.7257,
1.9230

64.7263, 10.6469,
-0.0637

128.0663, 10.6051,
2.5131

53.8693, 10.4596,
-0.4539

142.3624, 10.4361,
3.1368

43.6981, 10.1897,
-0.7941

157.1541, 10.2217,
3.7924

34.2624, 9.8252,
-1.0791

172.4253, 9.9645,
4.4786

25.6248, 9.3505,
-1.3016

188.1615, 9.6667,

17.8672, 8.7440,

5.1944

-1.4516

204.3492, 9.3303,
5.9385

■ 11.1039, 7.9763,
-1.5142

■ 2.9731, 22.3778,
-5.6454

■ 88.3388, 10.8109,
0.8489

■ 88.3388, 10.8109,
0.8489

■ 80.6346, 22.5044,
-1.9039

■ 96.5157, -0.6782,
4.0264

■ 73.4818, 34.3178,
-4.1109

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 66.9841, 46.0455,
-5.6094

■ 61.2609, 57.3180,
-6.2061

■ 56.4408, 67.5537,
-5.7010

■ 52.6427, 75.9805,
-3.9450

■ 49.9419, 81.8057,
-0.9290

■ 48.3227, 84.5557,
3.1359

■ 47.7547, 85.0167,
5.7778

Harmonies

Analogous

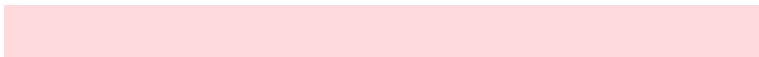
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.3406, 6.5243, -6.3436



88.3388, 10.8109, 0.8489



88.3406, 10.8314, 8.5172

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.3406, 10.8079, 0.8503



88.3406, -8.6694, 17.9535



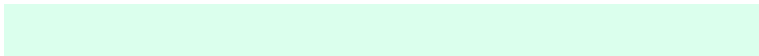
88.3406, -15.4827, -6.2792

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.3388, 10.8109, 0.8489



96.2786, -19.6824, 9.6400

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.3406, -19.2619, 0.9320



88.3388, 10.8109, 0.8489



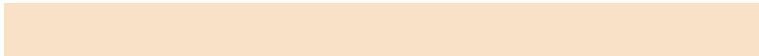
88.3406, -15.4255, 14.6732

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



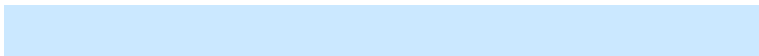
88.3406, 10.8079, 0.8503



88.3406, -0.6131, 17.9359



88.3406, -19.2413, 8.5918



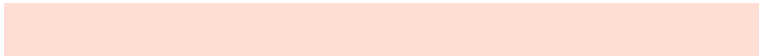
88.3406, -8.7500, -10.7049

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.3388, 10.8109, 0.8489



88.3406, 8.4184, 12.8545



88.3406, -19.2413, 8.5918



88.3406, -17.1297, -4.0733

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.3406, 10.8079, 0.8503



96.6125, -0.8092, 4.0651



87.1155, 8.0034, -10.5688



44.4059, 0.0214, 1.7643

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

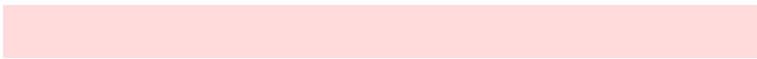
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.3406, 10.8079, 0.8503



86.0662, 14.1630, 0.0077



87.7730, 7.7883, 8.9488



42.5894, 2.5367, 1.0496



34.5634, 61.6139, 3.5516



10.8868, 19.5954, -0.3411

Inverse Universe

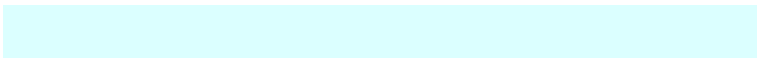
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88.3406, 10.8079, 0.8503



86.0662, 14.1630, 0.0077



96.8509, -16.4704, 1.4740



42.5894, 2.5367, 1.0496



34.5634, 61.6139, 3.5516



10.8868, 19.5954, -0.3411

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.3388, 10.8109, 0.8489 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

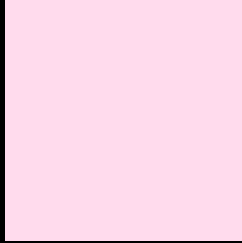
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.3388, 10.8109, 0.8489 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

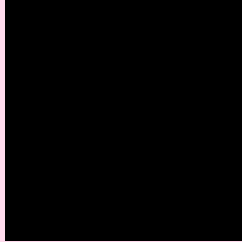
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 88.3388, 10.8109, 0.8489 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.3388, 10.8109, 0.8489.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.3388, 10.8109,

0.8489.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

88.3388, 10.8109, 0.8489

Protanopia

88.3216, -1.3505, -1.9922

Deuteranopia

88.3588, 6.2168, 1.3056



Tritanopia

88.3058, 10.6359, 1.3183

Trichromacy



Original Color

88.3388, 10.8109, 0.8489

Protanomaly

88.1928, 2.8115, -1.0280

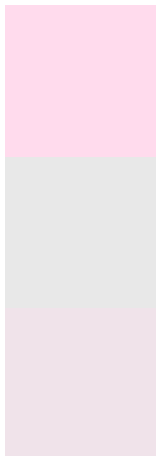
Deuteranomaly

88.3703, 7.7955, 1.3471

Tritanomaly

88.3058, 10.6359, 1.3183

Monochromacy



Original Color

88.3388, 10.8109, 0.8489

Achromatopsia

89.8305, -4.7931, 4.8807

Achromatomaly

89.1089, 0.8184, 3.1295

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 88.3388, 10.8109, 0.8489 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 219, 237)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 219, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 219, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 219, 237) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 88.3388, 10.8109, 0.8489 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 219, 237) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 219, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 219, 237)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 219, 237); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 219, 237); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 219, 237) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 88.3388, 10.8109, 0.8489 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 219, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
219, 237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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