

Converting Colors

HunterLab(88.4480, -4.8364,
3.3205)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(88.4480, -4.8364, 3.3205)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(88.4283, -4.8428,
3.2168)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E3E5E8
RGB	227, 229, 232
RGB Percent	89%, 90%, 91%
CMY	0.1098, 0.1019, 0.0902
CMYK	0.02, 0.01, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	216°, 10%, 90%
HSV	216°, 2%, 91%
XYZ	74.2633, 78.1956, 87.5230
YIQ	228.7440, -2.1550, 0.5090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

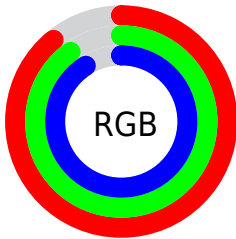
Format	Color
R _Y B	227, 228, 232
Decimal	14935528
CIE Lab	90.87, -0.12, -1.70
CIE LCh	91, 1.705, 265.811
Yxy	78.1990, 0.3095, 0.3258
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293125608 (0xFFE3E5E8)
YUV	228.7440, 1.6052, -1.5295
Hunter-Lab	88.4283, -4.8428, 3.2168

Details

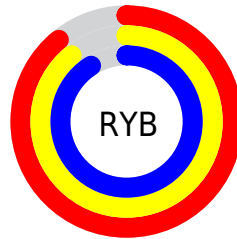
The HunterLab color $88.4283, -4.8428, 3.2168$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be $89.0475, -4.6085, 6.4017$, and the grayscale version is $88.4013, -4.7169, 4.8030$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $64.9441, -3.7505, 2.4543$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $82.0298, -4.8520, -4.7197$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $94.9913, -4.4702, 10.8033$.

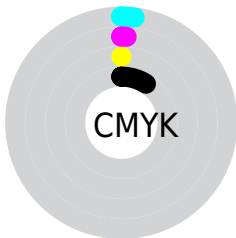
Distribution



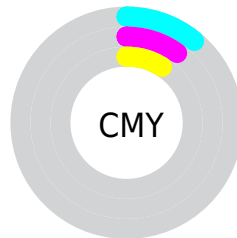
- Red (89%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (89%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (11%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 88.4283, -4.8428, 3.2168 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 88.4283, -4.8428, 3.2168 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 88.4283, -4.8428,
3.2168

■ 88.4283, -4.8428,
3.2168

221.0978,
-11.9742, 9.8789

■ 76.3135, -4.1918,
2.6337

114.3812, -6.2418,
4.4905

■ 64.8071, -3.5711,
2.0863

128.1676, -6.9833,
5.1748

■ 53.9453, -2.9844,
1.5786

142.4674, -7.7520,
5.8894

■ 43.7689, -2.4340,
1.1136

157.2626, -8.5470,
6.6331

■ 34.3277, -1.9222,
0.6954

172.5372, -9.3674,
7.4049

■ 25.6841, -1.4524,
0.3291

188.2767,

■ 17.9198, -1.0285,

-10.2126, 8.2036

0.0220

204.4676,
-11.0817, 9.0286

■ 11.1488, -0.6564,
-0.2152

■ 3.1046, -0.3406,
-2.1016

■ 88.4283, -4.8428,
3.2168

■ 88.4283, -4.8428,
3.2168

■ 82.0298, -4.8520,
-4.7197

■ 94.9913, -4.4702,
10.8033

■ 75.8081, -4.4269,
-13.0748

■ 99.3007, -9.1804,
15.4442

■ 69.7868, -3.4907,
-21.9205

■ 63.9924, -1.9483,
-31.3373

■ 58.4569, 0.3128,
-41.4067

■ 53.2194, 3.4196,
-52.2000

■ 48.3266, 7.5043,
-63.7546

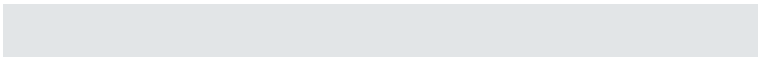
■ 43.8320, 12.6801,
-76.0381

■ 39.7919, 18.9929,
-88.9020

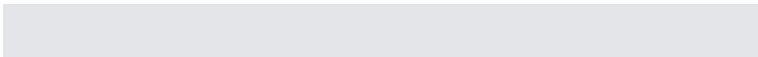
Harmonies

Analogous

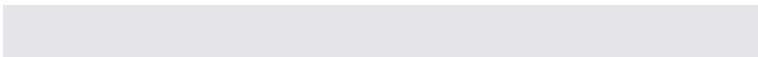
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.4302, -5.6574, 3.4925



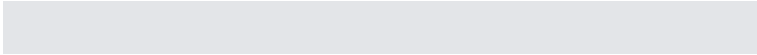
88.4283, -4.8428, 3.2168



88.4302, -3.9966, 3.3748

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.4302, -4.8448, 3.2182



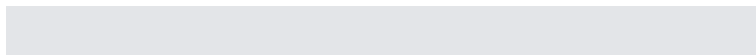
88.4302, -3.2183, 5.5008



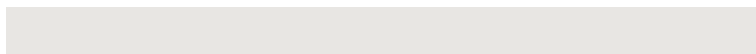
88.4302, -6.0971, 5.6994

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.4283, -4.8428, 3.2168



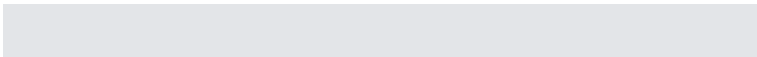
89.0475, -4.6085, 6.4017

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.4302, -5.4474, 6.2284



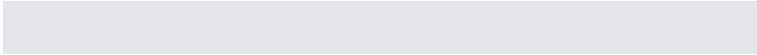
88.4283, -4.8428, 3.2168



88.4302, -3.7850, 6.1145

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



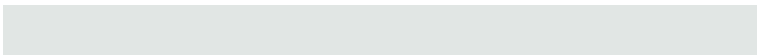
88.4302, -4.8448, 3.2182



88.4302, -3.0554, 4.6976



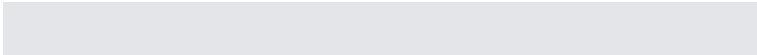
88.4302, -4.6014, 6.3796



88.4302, -6.3786, 4.9292

Rectangle

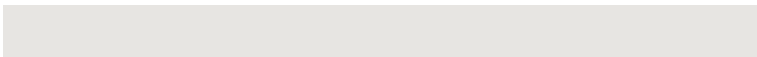
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



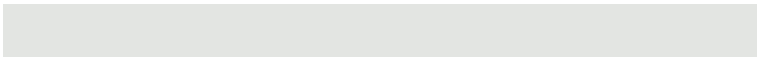
88.4283, -4.8428, 3.2168



88.4302, -3.5253, 3.7017



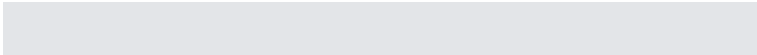
88.4302, -4.6014, 6.3796



88.4302, -5.9146, 5.9111

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.4302, -4.8448, 3.2182



99.2716, -5.3649, 4.5722



89.3050, -6.7608, 5.2491



45.9443, -2.4814, 2.1351

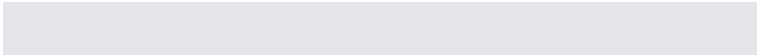
0.0000, NaN, NaN



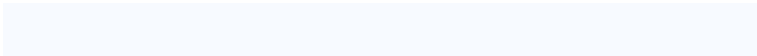
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

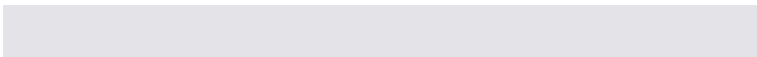
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.4302, -4.8448, 3.2182



97.8201, -5.4109, 2.8386



87.8432, -3.6687, 2.5351



40.1815, -2.2406, 0.8986



27.9453, 17.3571, -72.3983



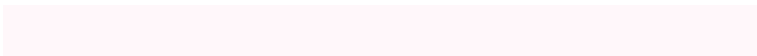
8.6888, 2.3699, -15.9762

Inverse Universe

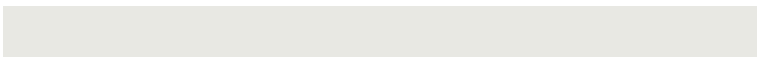
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88.1774, -2.7038, 4.4408



97.4290, -2.0781, 4.7522



89.6363, -5.7844, 7.0618



39.9802, -0.5159, 1.8938



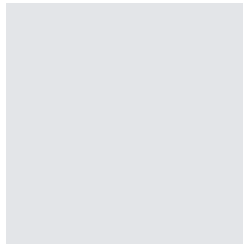
31.6008, 55.5787, 9.0907



8.6942, 15.4881, 0.9742

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.4283, -4.8428, 3.2168 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

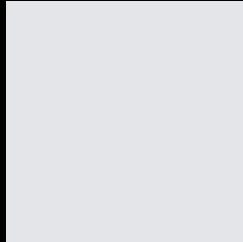
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.4283, -4.8428, 3.2168 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

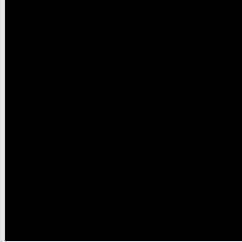
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

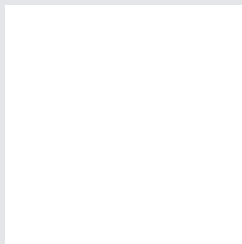
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 88.4283, -4.8428, 3.2168 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.4283, -4.8428, 3.2168.



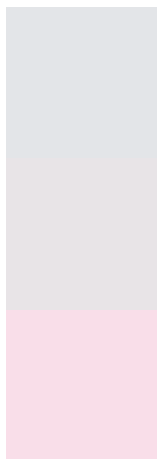
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.4283, -4.8428,

3.2168.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

88.4283, -4.8428, 3.2168

Protanopia

88.5506, -2.8800, 3.8944

Deuteranopia

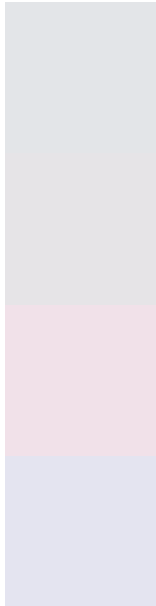
88.4678, 6.3866, 2.9600



Tritanopia

88.4244, -0.7914, -3.4505

Trichromacy



Original Color

88.4283, -4.8428, 3.2168

Protanomaly

88.3625, -3.5312, 3.6593

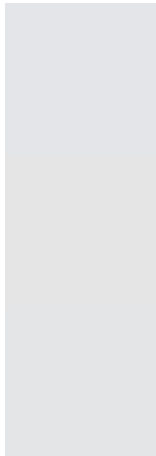
Deuteranomaly

88.5632, 2.0404, 2.9983

Tritanomaly

88.4715, -2.5640, -0.7758

Monochromacy



Original Color

88.4283, -4.8428, 3.2168

Achromatopsia

88.5177, -4.7231, 4.8093

Achromatomaly

88.4566, -4.8721, 4.2428

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 88.4283, -4.8428, 3.2168 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(227, 229, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(227, 229, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 229, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(227, 229, 232) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 88.4283, -4.8428, 3.2168 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(227, 229, 232) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(227, 229, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(227, 229, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(227, 229, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 229, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(227, 229,  
232) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 88.4283, -4.8428, 3.2168 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(227, 229, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(227,  
229, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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