

Converting Colors

HunterLab(88.4968, -81.2635,
19.8578)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(88.4968, -81.2635,
19.8578) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(86.7904,
-58.7683, 18.3834)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00FFC0
RGB	0, 255, 192
RGB Percent	0%, 100%, 75%
CMY	0.9998, 0.0000, 0.2471
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.25, 0.00
HSL	165°, 100%, 50%
HSV	165°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	45.2744, 75.3257, 62.0222
YIQ	171.5730, -131.7570, -73.6530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

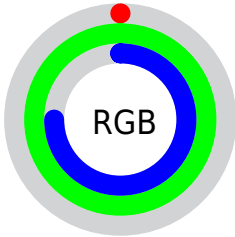
Format	Color
RYB	0, 145, 255
Decimal	65472
CIELab	89.55, -64.45, 16.18
CIELCh	90, 66.448, 165.904
Yxy	75.3261, 0.2479, 0.4125
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278255552 (0xFF00FFC0)
YUV	171.5730, 10.0705, -150.4695
Hunter-Lab	86.7904, -58.7683, 18.3834

Details

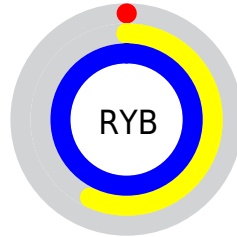
The HunterLab color **86.7904, -58.7683, 18.3834** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **00FFCC**. The color can be described as light saturated cyan. A complement of this color would be **46.4975, 80.3963, 24.0556**, and the grayscale version is **64.0563, -3.4179, 3.4803**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **90.5595, -40.4003, -3.0475**, and **64.6278, -45.2820, 16.9717** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **86.7902, -58.7695, 18.3862**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **87.0774, -57.2654, 16.1521**.

Distribution



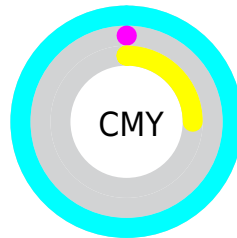
- Red (0%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 86.7904, -58.7683, 18.3834 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 86.7904, -58.7683, 18.3834 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 86.7904, -58.7683,
18.3834


 86.7904, -58.7683,
18.3834


218.8693,
-90.5210, 31.2997


 74.7530, -54.7012,
16.9402


 112.5939,
-66.4583, 21.2436


 63.3299, -50.4473,
15.4824


 126.3109,
-70.1275, 22.6697


 52.5565, -45.9629,
14.0014


 140.5437,
-73.7015, 24.0965

 42.4744, -41.1892,
12.4857

 155.2742,
-77.1930, 25.5260

 33.1350, -36.0433,
10.9186

 170.4862,
-80.6126, 26.9599

 24.6026, -30.4037,
9.2742

186.1649,

 16.9625, -24.5978,

-83.9690, 28.3995

7.5092

202.2967,
-87.2697, 29.8458

■ 10.3344, -18.0852,
7.1241

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 86.7904, -58.7683,
18.3834

■ 86.7904, -58.7683,
18.3834

■ 86.7902, -58.7695,
18.3862

■ 87.0774, -57.2654,
16.1521

■ 87.5291, -55.0869,
14.0168

■ 88.1913, -52.0628,
12.0420

■ 89.0884, -48.1196,
10.2719

■ 90.2378, -43.2244,
8.7426

■ 91.6507, -37.3773,
7.4826

■ 93.3334, -30.6061,
6.5124

■ 95.2881, -22.9605,
5.8449

■ 97.5132, -14.5066,
5.4855

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.7906, -46.2820, 37.5012



86.7904, -58.7683, 18.3834



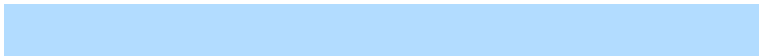
86.7906, -58.3787, -13.8333

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.7906, -58.7674, 18.3827



86.7906, 13.7616, -77.4588



86.7906, 44.9803, 38.2546

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86.7904, -58.7683, 18.3834



46.4975, 80.3963, 24.0556

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



86.7906, 66.5401, 19.9161



86.7904, -58.7683, 18.3834



86.7906, 46.7320, -49.7575

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



86.7906, -58.7674, 18.3827



86.7906, -19.7974, -78.3757



86.7906, 67.2260, -11.5931



86.7906, 11.6443, 45.6595

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86.7904, -58.7683, 18.3834



86.7906, -50.9585, -39.5261



86.7906, 67.2260, -11.5931



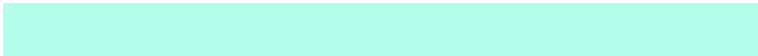
86.7906, 54.0535, 33.5601

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.7906, -58.7674, 18.3827



93.3306, -30.6172, 6.5137



85.2072, -69.7994, 51.2815



42.8355, -15.5363, 3.1860

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.7906, -58.7674, 18.3827



86.7902, -58.7695, 18.3862



66.7797, -18.6650, -43.1744



45.1666, -6.5148, 2.5335



62.7568, -42.3602, 13.0030



19.6266, -12.9484, 3.4204

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



46.4975, 80.3963, 24.0556



46.4962, 80.3982, 24.0602



49.9020, 66.7021, 31.9157



42.4979, 2.0449, 2.3542



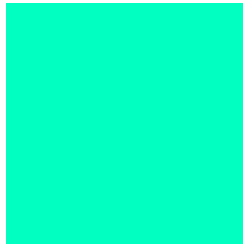
33.6394, 58.2248, 16.9600



10.5750, 18.4567, 4.1451

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.7904, -58.7683, 18.3834 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

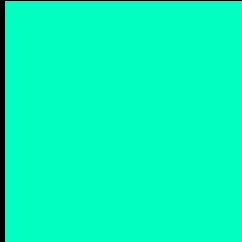
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 86.7904, -58.7683, 18.3834 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

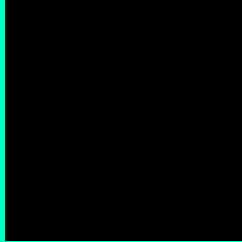
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 86.7904, -58.7683, 18.3834 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.7904, -58.7683, 18.3834.



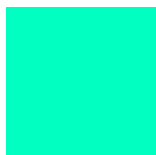
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 86.7904,

-58.7683, 18.3834.

Color Blindness Simulation

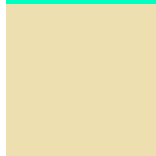
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

86.7904, -58.7683, 18.3834



Protanopia

85.9735, -6.8847, 24.5299



Deuteranopia

85.8490, 6.4365, 14.8493



Tritanopia

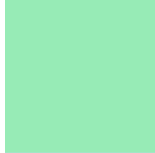
86.5208, -28.6029, -12.0187

Trichromacy



Original Color

86.7904, -58.7683, 18.3834



Protanomaly

83.2907, -36.6443, 19.1784



Deuteranomaly

82.6123, -29.6489, 12.0429



Tritanomaly

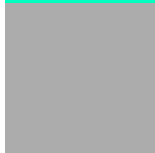
85.5320, -42.9375, -0.9682

Monochromacy



Original Color

86.7904, -58.7683, 18.3834



Achromatopsia

64.2295, -3.4271, 3.4897



Achromatomaly

69.8190, -31.2603, 6.2585

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 86.7904, -58.7683, 18.3834 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 255, 192)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 255, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 255, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 255, 192) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 86.7904, -58.7683, 18.3834 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 255, 192) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 255, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 255, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 255, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 255, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 255,  
192) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 86.7904, -58.7683, 18.3834 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 255, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 255,  
192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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