

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(88.5908, -4.7345,  
4.8153)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(88.5908, -4.7345, 4.8153)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(88.5177, -4.7231,  
4.8093)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	E5E5E5
RGB	229, 229, 229
RGB Percent	90%, 90%, 90%
CMY	0.1020, 0.1019, 0.1020
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	123°, 0%, 90%
HSV	123°, 0%, 90%
XYZ	74.4753, 78.3538, 85.3274
YIQ	229.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	229, 229, 229
Decimal	15066597
CIE Lab	90.94, 0.00, -0.01
CIE LCh	91, 0.009, 288.873
Yxy	78.3572, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293256677 (0xFFE5E5E5)
YUV	229.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	88.5177, -4.7231, 4.8093

# Details

The HunterLab color  $88.5177, -4.7231, 4.8093$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be  $88.5188, -4.7212, 4.8081$ , and the grayscale version is  $88.5194, -4.7232, 4.8094$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $65.0590, -3.4714, 3.5348$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $85.8511, -15.4714, 11.6709$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $91.4642, 6.7502, -2.4550$ .

# Distribution



Red (90%)

Green (90%)

Blue (90%)



Red (90%)

Yellow (90%)

Blue (90%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (10%)



Cyan (10%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (10%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 88.5177, -4.7231, 4.8093 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 88.5177, -4.7231, 4.8093 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 88.5177, -4.7231,  
4.8093

■ 88.5177, -4.7231,  
4.8093

221.2191,  
-11.8118, 12.0312

■ 76.3986, -4.0779,  
4.1513

114.4786, -6.1114,  
6.2231

■ 64.8877, -3.4632,  
3.5251

128.2688, -6.8479,  
6.9734

■ 54.0211, -2.8830,  
2.9340

142.5722, -7.6117,  
7.7516

■ 43.8397, -2.3393,  
2.3803

157.3709, -8.4020,  
8.5569

■ 34.3930, -1.8350,  
1.8665

172.6490, -9.2179,  
9.3882

■ 25.7433, -1.3732,  
1.3962

188.3917,

■ 17.9724, -0.9583,

-10.0587, 10.2448

0.9738

204.5859,  
-10.9235, 11.1261

■ 11.1937, -0.5965,  
0.6055

■ 3.2304, -0.1688,  
0.1653

■ 88.5177, -4.7231,  
4.8093

■ 88.5177, -4.7231,  
4.8093

■ 85.8511, -15.4714,  
11.6709

■ 91.4642, 6.7502,  
-2.4550

■ 83.4703, -25.3657,  
18.0476

■ 91.9357, 8.6331,  
-4.2118

■ 81.3862, -34.2872,  
23.8625

■ 79.6044, -42.1252,  
29.0417

■ 78.1261, -48.7895,  
33.5220

■ 76.9470, -54.2201,  
37.2569

■ 76.0566, -58.3979,  
40.2230

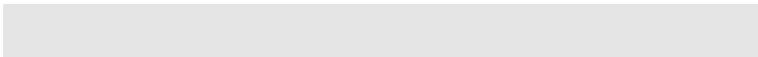
■ 75.4372, -61.3528,  
42.4248

■ 75.0621, -63.1728,  
43.8989

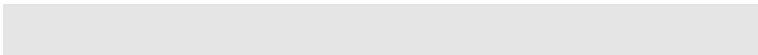
# Harmonies

## Analogous

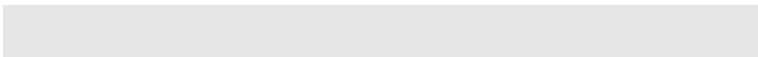
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.5196, -4.7296, 4.8104



88.5177, -4.7231, 4.8093



88.5196, -4.7215, 4.8130

# Triad

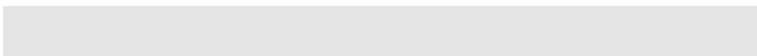
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.5196, -4.7252, 4.8107



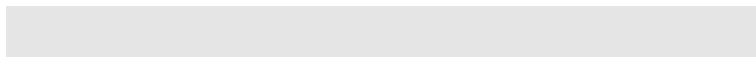
88.5196, -4.7223, 4.8244



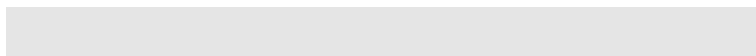
88.5196, -4.7363, 4.8199

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.5177, -4.7231, 4.8093



88.5188, -4.7212, 4.8081

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.5196, -4.7343, 4.8237



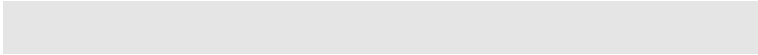
88.5177, -4.7231, 4.8093



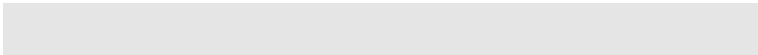
88.5196, -4.7263, 4.8263

# Square

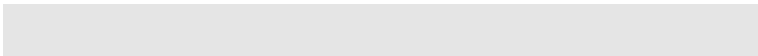
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



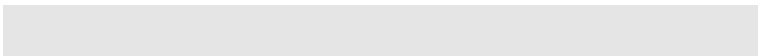
88.5196, -4.7252, 4.8107



88.5196, -4.7199, 4.8210



88.5196, -4.7307, 4.8260



88.5196, -4.7360, 4.8157



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.5177, -4.7231, 4.8093



88.5196, -4.7200, 4.8154



88.5196, -4.7307, 4.8260



88.5196, -4.7358, 4.8213

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.5196, -4.7252, 4.8107

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



88.5200, -4.7240, 4.8113



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

0.0000, NaN, NaN

# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.5196, -4.7252, 4.8107

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



88.5197, -4.7248, 4.8098



41.3092, -2.2042, 2.2444



56.6241, -48.4118, 33.7321

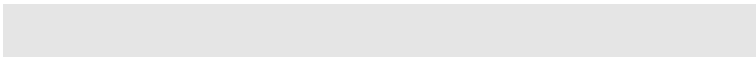


15.4083, -13.0621, 8.9384



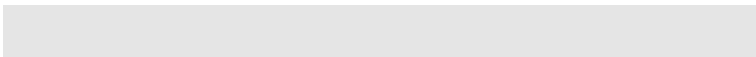
# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88.5188, -4.7212, 4.8081

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332



88.5188, -4.7215, 4.8090



41.3092, -2.2042, 2.2444



35.1514, 68.2542, -39.7372



9.5787, 18.6348, -11.1048



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.5177, -4.7231, 4.8093 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

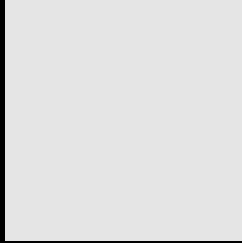
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 88.5177, -4.7231, 4.8093 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

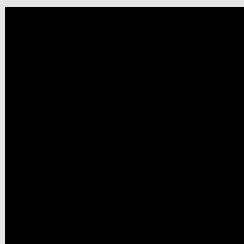
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

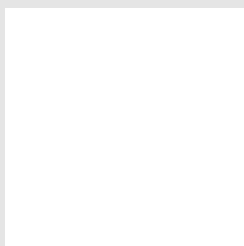
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## HunterLab 88.5177, -4.7231, 4.8093 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.5177, -4.7231, 4.8093.



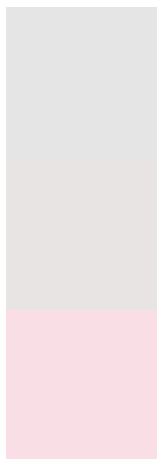
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 88.5177, -4.7231, 4.8093.

4.8093.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

88.5177, -4.7231, 4.8093

### Protanopia

88.5505, -3.0703, 5.3656

### Deuteranopia

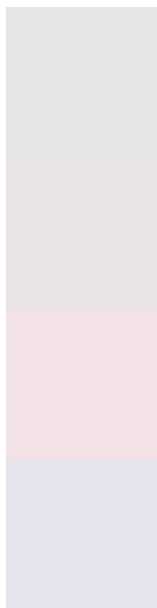
88.4758, 6.2214, 4.4597



## Tritanopia

88.5769, -0.3368, -2.7145

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

88.5177, -4.7231, 4.8093

## Protanomaly

88.4557, -3.3985, 5.2488

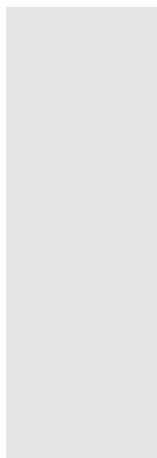
## Deuteranomaly

88.5668, 1.8608, 4.4910

## Tritanomaly

88.6238, -2.1053, -0.0593

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

88.5177, -4.7231, 4.8093

## Achromatopsia

88.5177, -4.7231, 4.8093

## Achromatomaly

88.5177, -4.7231, 4.8093

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 88.5177, -4.7231, 4.8093 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 229, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 229, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 229, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 229, 229) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 88.5177, -4.7231, 4.8093 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 229, 229) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 229, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(229, 229, 229)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 229, 229); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 229, 229); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 229, 229) }
```



# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 88.5177, -4.7231, 4.8093 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 229, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229,  
229, 229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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